



The University of New South Wales

Law

1983 Faculty Handbook

How to use this Handbook

The information in this book has been divided into seven parts.

General Information (the India coloured pages) lists what you need to know about the University as a whole, introduces some of the services available and notes the most important rules and procedures. You should read this part in its entirety.

For further information about the University and its activities, see the University Calendar.

Faculty Information.

Undergraduate Study outlines the courses available in each school in the faculty.

Graduate Study is about higher degrees.

Subject Descriptions lists each subject offered by the schools in the faculty. The schools are listed numerically.

Information includes:

- · Subject number, title and description
- · Prerequisite, co-requisite and excluded subjects, where applicable
- Additional information about the subject such as unit values, credit hours, teaching hours per week, sessions when taught

Financial Assistance to Students is a list of scholarships and prizes, available at undergraduate and graduate level in the faculty.

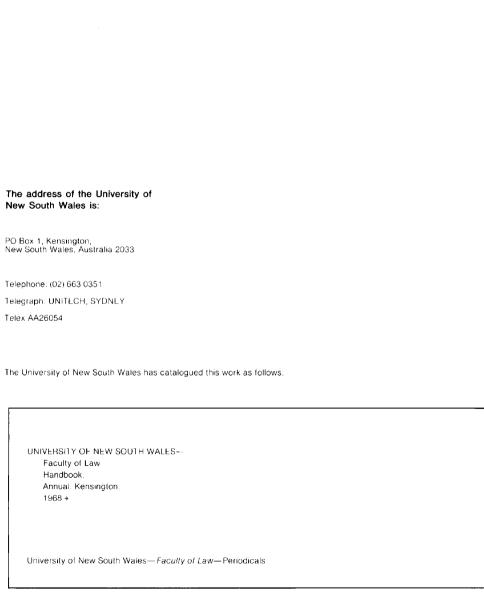
Staff list.



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Subjects, courses, and any arrangements for courses including staff allocated, as stated in the Calendar or any Handbook or any other publication, announcement or advice of the University, are an expression of intent only and are not to be taken as a firm offer or undertaking. The University reserves the right to discontinue or vary such subjects, courses, arrangements or staff allocations at any time without notice.

Information in this Handbook has been brought up to date as at 13 September 1982, but may be amended without notice by the University Council.

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General Information

To obtain the maximum benefit from your studies you should make an effort to learn what facilities the University offers, to investigate the best methods of study and to discover as much as possible about the course for which you are enrolled.

This Handbook has been specially designed as a detailed source of reference for you in all matters related to your faculty. This General Information Section is intended to help you put the Faculty into perspective with the University as a whole, to introduce you to some of the services available to students and to note some of the most important rules and procedures.

For fuller details about some aspects of the University and its activities you might need to consult the University Calendar.

Some people who can help you

If you are experiencing difficulties in adjusting to the requirements of the University you will probably need advice. The best people to talk to on matters relating to progress in studies are your tutors and lecturers. If your problem lies outside this area there are many other people with specialized knowledge and skills who may be able to help you.

The Deputy Registrar (Student Services), Mr Peter O'Brien, and his Administrative Assistant, Mrs Anne Beaumont, are located on the first floor of the Chancellery. They will help those students who need advice and who have problems but who do not seem to be provided for by the other organizations and services mentioned. As well as dealing with general enquiries they are especially concerned with the problems of physically handicapped and disabled students. Enquire at room 1485, phone 2482.

Note: All phone numbers below are University extension numbers. If you are outside the University, dial 883 0351 and ask for the extension. Alternatively you may dial 882 and then the extension number. This prefix should only be used when you are certain of the extension that you require as callers using 682 cannot be transferred to any other number.

The Assistant Registrar (Admissions and Examinations), Mr Jack Hill, is located on the ground floor of the Chancellery. General enquiries should be directed to 3715. For information regarding examinations, including examination timetables and clash of examinations, contact the Senior Administrative Officer, Mr John Grigg, phone 2143.

The Assistant Registrar (Student Records and Scholarships - Undergraduate and Postgraduate), Mr Graham Mayne is located on the ground floor of the Chancellery. For particular enquiries regarding illness and other matters affecting performance in examinations and assessment, academic statements, graduation ceremonies, prizes, release of examination results and variations to enrolment programs, chops 3711.

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The Advisor for Prospective Students, Mrs Fay Lindsay, is located in the Chancellery and is available for personal interview. For an appointment phone 3453.

The Assistant Registrar (Careers and Employment), Mr Jack Foley, is located in the Chancellery. Enquiries should be directed to 3259.

The Off-campus Housing Officer, Mrs Judy Hay, is located in Room 148E in the Chancellery. For assistance in obtaining suitable lodgings phone 3260.

Student Loans enquiries should be directed to Mrs Judy Hay, Room 148E in the Chancellery, phone 3164.

The Student Health Unit is located in Hut E15b at the foot of Basser Steps. The Director is Dr Geoffrey Hansen. For medical aid phone 2679, 2678 or 2677.

The Student Counselling and Research Unit is located at the foot of Basser Steps. For assistance with educational or vocational problems ring 3681 or 3685 for an appointment.

The University Librarian is Mr Allan Horton. Library enquiries should be directed to 2048.

The Chaptaincy Centre is located in Hut E15a at the foot of Basser Steps. For spiritual counselling phone Anglican – 2884; Catholic – 2379; Greek Orthodox – 2683; Lutheran – 2683; Uniting Church – 2685.

The Students' Union is located on the second floor of Stage III of the University Union, where the SU President, Secretary-Treasurer, Education Vice-President, Welfare-Research Officer, Director of Overseas Students and a full-time solicitor employed by the Students' Union are available to discuss any problems you might have.

Cashler's Hours The University Cashler's office is open from 9.30 am to 1.00 pm and from 2.00 pm to 4.30 pm, Monday to Friday, it is open for additional periods at the beginning of Session 1. Consult noticeboards for details.

Calendar of Dates

The Academic Year

The academic year is divided into two sessions, each containing 14 weeks for teaching. There is a recess of five weeks between the two sessions and there are short recesses of one week within each of the sessions.

Session 1 commences on the first Monday of March.

1983

Faculties other than Medicine

Session 1 (14 weeks)

7 March to 15 May May Recess: 16 May to 22 May 23 May to 19 June

Midyear Recess: 20 June to 24 July
Examinations 21 June to 6 July

Session 2 (14 weeks)

25 July to 28 August August Recess: 29 August to 4 September

September to 6 November Study Recess: 7 November to 13 November

Examinations

14 November to 2 December

Faculty of Medicine

First and Second Years

Fourth Years

Third and

As for other faculties

Term 1 (10 weeks) 24 January to

3 April

Term 2 (9 weeks) 11 April to 15 May May Recess: 16 May to 22 May

23 May to 19 June

Term 3 (9 weeks) 27 June to 28 August

Term 4 (10 weeks) 5 September to

13 November

Fifth Year Term 1 (8 weeks) 24 January to

Z0 March Term 2 (8 weeks) 28 March to

Term 3 (8 weeks) 30 May to 24 July
Term 4 (8 weeks) 1 August to

25 September

Term 5 (8 weeks) 4 October to 27 November

January Monday 3

Friday 14

Public Holiday

Tuesday 4 Last day for applications for review of

results of annual examinations

Last day for acceptance of

applications by Admissions Office for transfer to another undergraduate

course within the University

Monday 31 Australia Day - Public Holiday

5 -b		June	•••
February Thursday 3	Enrolment period begins for new undergraduate students and	Tuesday 7	Publication of timetable for June/July examinations
	undergraduate students repeating first	Monday 13	Queen's Birthday Holiday
	year	Sunday 19	Session 1 ends
Monday 21	Enrolment period begins for second	Monday 20	Midyear Recess begins
	and later year undergraduate students and graduate students enrolled in formal courses	Tuesday 21	Examinations begin
Monday 28	Last day for undergraduate students	July	Examinations end
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	who have completed requirements for	Wednesday 6 Monday 18	Examination results mailed to students
	pass degrees to advise the Registrar they are proceeding to an honours degree or do not wish to take out the	Tuesday 19	Examination results displayed on University noticeboards
ē .	degree for which they have applied for any other reason	Tuesday 13 to Friday 22	Students to amend enrolment programs following receipt of June examination results
March	· ·	Sunday 24	Midyear Recess ends
Monday 7	Session 1 begins – all courses except Medicine III, IV and V	Monday 25	Session 2 begins Last day for applications for review of
Wednesday 9	List of graduands for April/May ceremonies and 1982 prize-winners published in <i>The Sydney Morning</i>	August	June assessment results
	Herald	Thursday 4	Foundation Day - no classes held
Monday 14	Last day for notification of correction of details published in <i>The Sydney</i> <i>Morning Herald</i> on 9 March concerning	Friday 5	Last day for students to discontinue without failure subjects which extend over the whole academic year
	April/May graduation ceremonies	Monday 29	August Recess begins
Friday 18	Last day for acceptance of enrolment by new undergraduate students (late fee payable thereafter)	September Sunday 4	August Recess ends
Thursday 31	Last day for acceptance of enrolment	Tuesday 6	Last day for undergraduate students
April	by undergraduate students re-enrolling in second and later years (late fee payable thereafter)	, addady o	who have completed requirements for pass degrees to advise the Registrar they are proceeding to an honours degree or do not wish to take out the degree for which they have applied for
Friday 1	Good Friday - Public Holiday		any other reason
Saturday 2	Easter Saturday - Public Holiday	Wednesday 7	List of graduands for October graduation ceremonies published in
Monday 4	Easter Monday - Public Holiday		The Sydney Morning Herald
Friday 22	Last day for undergraduate students to discontinue without failure subjects which extend over Session 1 only	Friday 9	Last day for undergraduate students to discontinue without failure subjects which extend over Session 2 only
Monday 25	Anzac Day - Public Hollday	Monday 12	Last day for notification of correction of
May		•	details published in The Sydney
Monday 2	Confirmation of Enrolment forms despatched to all students	*	Morning Herald on 7 September concerning October graduation ceremonies
Wednesday 11	Last day for acceptance of corrected Confirmation of Enrolment forms	Monday 19	Confirmation of Enrolment forms despatched to all students
Friday 13	Last day for undergraduate students completing requirements for degrees	Wednesday 28	Last day for acceptance of corrected Confirmation of Enrolment forms
	at the end of Session 1 to submit Application for Admission to Degree forms	Friday 30	Last day for applications from undergraduate students completing requirements for degrees at the end of
Monday 16	May Recess begins		Session 2 to submit applications for
Thursday 19	Publication of provisional timetable for June/July examinations	2	Application for Admission to Degree forms
Sunday 22	May Recess ends		Last day to apply to UCAC for transfer
Friday 27	Last day for students to advise of examination clashes		to another tertlary institution in New South Wales

October		Consider of Modic	ata a	
Monday 3	Eight Hour Day - Public Holiday	Faculty of Medic		
Thursday 6	Publication of provisional examination timetable	First and Second Years	As for other faculti	es
Friday 14	Last day for students to advise of examination timetable clashes	Third and Fourth Years	Term 1 (10 weeks)	1 April
Thursday 27	Publication of examination timetables		Term 2 (9 weeks) May Recess: 14 M	9 April to 13 May ay to 20 May 21 May to 17 June
November			Term 3 (9 weeks)	25 June to 26 August
Sunday 6	Session 2 ends		August Recess:	
Monday 7	Study Recess begins		Term 4 (10 weeks)	September 3 September to
Sunday 13	Study Recess ends	*	,	11 November
Monday 14	Examinations begin	Fifth Year	Term 1 (8 weeks)	23 January to 18 March
December			Term 2 (8 weeks)	26 March to 20 May
Friday 2	Examinations end		Term 3 (8 weeks) Term 4 (8 weeks)	28 May to 22 July 30 July to
Monday 19	Examination results mailed to students List of graduands in Medicine for February graduation ceremony		Term 5 (8 weeks)	23 September 2 October to
	published in The Sydney Morning Herald			25 November
Tuesday 20	Examination results displayed on University noticeboards			
Sunday 25	Christmas Day	January	*	
Monday 26	Boxing Day - Public Holiday	Monday 2	Public Holiday	
Tuesday 27	Public Holiday	Monday 16	Last day for applications of annual ex	
		Friday 13	Last day for accept applications by off Admissions Section another undergrad	ce of the n for transfer to
	*		the University	
	A CARLON CONTRACTOR OF THE SECOND CONTRACTOR O	Monday 30	Australia Day – Pul	olic Holiday
		February		
		Monday 20	Enrolment period b	egins for second
1984			and later year unde and students enrol	rgraduate students
Foodba atha	r than Medicine		courses	
Session 1 (14 weeks)	5 March to 13 May May Recess: 14 May to 20 May	March		
Examinations	21 May to 17 June Midyear Recess: 18 June to 22 July 19 June to 5 July	Monday 5	Session 1 begins – Medicine III, IV and	
Session 2	23 July to 26 August			
(14 weeks)	August Recess: 27 August to 2			
***	September: 3 September to 4 November	April		
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	Study Recess: 5 November to	Friday 20 to Monday 23	Easter-Public Hol	iday
Examinations	11 November 12 November to 30 November	Wednesday 25	Anzac Day - Public	Holiday
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Wednesday 25

Anzac Day - Public Holiday

12 November to 30 November

Organization of the University

Rapid development has been characteristic of the University of New South Wales since it was first incorporated by an Act of Parliament in 1949, under the name of the New South Wales University of Technology.

in 1982 the University had 19,016 students and over 3,600 staff who worked in more than eighty buildings. These figures include staff and students at Broken Hill (W.S. and L.B. Robinson University College), Duntroon (the Faculty of Military Studies) and Jervis Bay.

Arms of the University of New South Wales

The arms of the University are reproduced on the front cover of this handbook. The arms were granted by the College of Heralds in London, on 3 March 1952, and the heraldic description is as follows:

'Argent on a Cross Gules a Lion passant guardant between four Mullets of eight points Or a Chief Sable charged with an open Book proper thereon the word SCIENTIA in letters also Sable.

The iion and the four stars of the Southern Cross on the Cross of St George have reference to the State of New South Wales which brought the University into being; the open book with SCIENTIA across its page reminds us of its original purpose. Beneath the shield is the motto 'Manu et Mente', which is the motto of the Sydney Technical College, from which the University has developed. The motto is not an integral part of the Grant of Arms and could be changed at will; but it was the opinion of the University Council that the relationship with the parent institution should in some way be recorded.'

The Council

The chief governing body of the University is the Council which has the responsibility of making all major decisions regarding its policy, conduct and welfare.

The Council consists of 44 members from the State Parliament, industry and commerce, agriculture, the trade unions, professional bodies, the staff, the students and the graduates of the University.

The Council meets six times per year and its members also serve on special committees dealing with, for example, academic-matters, finance, buildings and equipment, personnel matters, student affairs and public relations.

The Chairman of the Council is the Chancellor, the Hon. Mr. Justice Samuels.

The Professorial Board

The Professorial Board is one of the two chief academic bodies within the University and includes all the professors from the various faculties. It deliberates on all questions such as matriculation requirements, the content of courses, the arrangement of syllabuses, the appointment of examiners and the conditions for graduate degrees. Its recommendations on these and similar matters are presented to Council for its consideration and adoption.

The Faculties/Boards of Studies

The dean, who is also a professor, is the executive head of the faculty or board of studies. Members of each faculty or Board meet regularly to consider matters pertaining to their own areas of study and research, the result of their deliberations being then submitted to the Professorial Roard.

The term 'faculty' is used in two distinct senses in the University. Sometimes it is used to refer to the group of schools comprising the faculty, and at others to the deliberative body of academic members of the Schools within the faculty.

The eleven faculties are Applied Science, Architecture, Arts, Biological Sciences, Commerce, Engineering, Law, Medicine, Military Studies, Professional Studies and Science. In addition, the Board of Studies of the Australian Graduate School of Management (AGSM) and the Board of Studies in General Education fulfil a function similar to that of the faculties. The Board of Studies in Science and Mathematics, which was established to facilitate the joint academic administration of the Science and Mathematics degree course by the faculties of Biological Sciences and Science, considers and reports to the Professorial Board on all matters relating to studies, lectures and examinations in the science and mathematics degree course.

The Schools

Once courses of study have been approved they come under the control of the individual schools (eg the School of Chemistry, the School of Mathematics). The head of the school in which you are studying is the person in this academic structure with whom you will be most directly concerned.

Executive Officers

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As chief executive officer of the University, the Vice-Chancellor and Principal, Professor Michael Birt, is charged with managing and supervising the administrative, financial and other activities of the University.

He is assisted in this task by two Pro-Vice-Chancellors, Professor Ray Golding and Professor Athol Carrington, together with the Deans and the three heads of the administrative divisions.

General Administration

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The administration of general matters within the University comes mainly within the province of the Registrar, Mr lan Way, the Bursar, Mr Tom Daly, and the Property Manager Mr Peter Koller.

The Registrar's Division is concerned chiefly with academic matters such as the admission of students, and the administration of examinations as well as the various student services (health, employment, amenities, and counselling).

The Bursar's Division is concerned with the financial details of the day-to-day administration and matters to do with staff appointments, promotions, etc.

The Property Division is responsible for the building program and the 'household' services of the University, including electricity, telephones, cleaning, traffic and parking control and maintenance of buildings and grounds.

Student Representation on Council and Faculties/Boards

Three members of the University Council may be students elected by students. All students who are not full-time members of staff are eligible to stand for a two-year term of office. The students who are elected to the Council are eligible for election to the committees of Council.

Students proceeding to a degree or a graduate diploma may elect members for appointment by the Council to their faculty or board of studies. Elections are for a one-year term of office.

Open Faculty/Board Meetings

If you wish you may attend a faculty or board meeting. You should seek advice at the office of the faculty whose meeting you wish to attend, as the faculties have their own rules for the conduct of open meetings.

Award of the University Medal

The University may award a bronze medal to undergraduate students who have achieved highly distinguished merit throughout their degree course.

Identification of Subjects by Numbers

For information concerning the identifying number of each subject taught in each faculty as well as the full list of identifying numbers and subjects taught in the University, turn to the first page of the section Subject Descriptions. This list is also published in the Calendar.

Textbook Lists

Textbook lists are not published in the faculty handbooks. Separate lists are issued early in the year and are available at key points on the campus.

Students should allow quite a substantial sum for textbooks. This can vary from \$250 to \$600 per year depending on the course taken. These figures are based on the cost of new books. The Students' Union operates a secondhand bookshop. Information about special equipment costs, accommodation charges and cost of subsistence on excursions, field work, etc, and for hospital residence (medical students) are available from individual schools.

Co-operative Bookshop

Membership is open to all students, on initial payment of a fee of \$10, refundable when membership is terminated.

General Studies Program

Almost all undergraduates in faculties other than Arts and Law are required to complete a General Studies program. The Department of General Studies within the Board of Studies in General Education publishes its own Handbook which is available free of charge. All enquiries about General Studies should be made to the General Studies Offlice, Room G56, Morven Brown Building, phone 3476.

Student Services and Activities

Accommodation

Residential Colleges

There are seven residential colleges on campus. Each college offers accommodation in a distinctive environment which varies from college to college, as do facilities and fees. A brief description of each college is given below, and further information may be obtained directly from the individual colleges. In addition to basic residence fees, most colleges make minor additional charges for such items as registration fees, caution money or power charges, intending students should lodge applications before the end of October in the year prior to the one in which they seek admission. Most colleges require a personal interview as part of the application procedure.

The Kensington Colleges

The Kensington Colleges comprise Basser College, Goldstein College and Philip Baxter College. They house 450 men and women students, as well as tutorial and administrative staff members. Fees are payable on a session basis. Apply in writing to the Master, PO Box 24, Kensington, NSW 2033.

International House

International House accommodates 154 male and female students from Australia and up to thirty other countries. Preference is given to more senior undergraduates and graduate students. Eight residents are available to help students. Apply in writing to the Warden, International House, PO Box 1, Kensington, NSW 2033.

New College

New College is an Angilcan college and it provides accommodation (with all meals) for 220 graduates and under graduates, without regard to race, religion, or sex. The College has its own resident tutors, and sponsors a wide range of sporting and social activities. Apply to the Master, New College, Anzac Parade, Kensington 2033 (telephone 882 6066).

Shalom College

Shalom College is a Jewish residential college. It provides accommodation for 86 men and women students. Non-resident membership is available to students who wish to avail themselves of the Kosher dining room and tutorial facilities. Fees are payable on a session basis. Conferences are catered for, particularly with Kosher requirements. Rates are available on application. Apply in writing

to the Master, Shalom College, the University of New South Wales, PO Box 1, Kensington, NSW 2033.

Warrane College

Warrane College provides accommodation for 200 men and is open to students of all ages, backgrounds and beliefs. The College offers a comprehensive tutorial program along with a wide range of activities, professional orientation and opportunities to meet members of the University staff informally. Non-resident membership is available to male students who wish to participate in College activities and to make use of its facilities. The general spiritual care of the College has been entrusted to the Catholic association Opus Dei. Enquiries: The Master, Warrane College, PO Box 123, Kensington 2033. Telephone (02) 662 6199.

Creston Residence

Creston Residence offers accommodation to 25 undergraduate and graduate women students. Activities and tutorials are open to non-resident students. The spiritual activities offered at Creston are entrusted to the Women's Section of Opus Del. Enquiries: 36 High Street, Randwick 2031, Telephone (02) 398 5693.

Other Accommodation

Off-campus Accommodation

Students requiring other than College accommodation may contact the Housing Officer in the Chancellery, Room 148E for assistance in obtaining suitable accommodation in the way of rooms with cooking facilities, flats, houses, share flats etc. Extensive listings of all varieties of housing are kept up-to-date throughout the year and during vacations. Accommodation in the immediate vicinity of the University is not usually easy to find at short notice, and is expensive.

No appointment is necessary but there may be some delay in February and March. The Housing staff are always happy to discuss any aspect of accommodation.

Special pamphlets on accommodation, lists of estate agents and hints on house-hunting are available on request.

Associations, Clubs and Societies

The Sports Association

The Sports Association is a student organization within the University which caters for a variety of sports for both men and women. In December 1952 the University Council approved the establishment of the Sports Association, which then consisted of five clubs. As the University has grown the Association has expanded, and it now includes thirty-eight clubs.

The Association office is situated on the 3rd floor, Squarehouse, E4, lower campus, and can be contacted on extension 2673. The control of the Association is vested in the General Committee which includes delegates from all the clubs.

Membership is compulsory for all registered students, and the annual fee is as set out later, in Rules and Procedures, Enrolment Procedures and Fees Schedules, section 15.

Fees. Membership is also open to all members of staff and graduates of the University on payment of an annual fee as prescribed in the By-laws of the Association. All members are invited to take part in any of the activities arranged by the Association, and to make use of the University's sporting and recreational facilities.

The Association is affiliated with the Australian Universities Sports Association (AUSA) which is the controlling body for sport in all Australian universities.

School and Faculty Associations

Many schools and faculties have special clubs with interests in particular subject fields. Enquire at the relevant Faculty or School Office for information.

Australian Armed Services

The University maintains links with the Royal Australian Navy, the Australian Army Reserve and the Royal Australian Air Force, and opportunities exist for student participation in their activities. See the General Information section of the Faculty Handbooks for details.

Chaplaincy Centre

The University Chapel

The University provides a small chapel for the use of all faiths. In its temporary housing it is located in Hut £15a near the Chemistry Building. The chapel is available for services of worship by arrangement with the full-time chaplains. At other times it is available for private meditation to all members of the University.

Chaplaincy Service

A Chaptaincy Service is available within the University of New South Wales for the benefit of students and staff.

The service offers fellowship, personal counselling and guidance, together with leadership in biblical and doctrinal

studies and in worship. The chaplains maintain close liaison with student religious societies.

The chaplains are located in Hut E15a at the foot of Basser steps, which also contains the temporary chapel.

Deputy Registrar (Student Services)

The Deputy Registrar (Student Services), Mr Peter O'Brien, and his Administrative Assistant, Mrs Anne Beaumont, are located on the first floor of the Chancellery.

They will help those students who have problems and need advice but who do not seem to be provided for by the other organizations and services mentioned. As well as dealing with those enquiries, they are especially concerned with the problems of physically handicapped and disabled students.

All enquiries should be made either at room 148E or by telephoning extension 2482 (general enquiries).

Sport and Recreation Section

The Sport and Recreation Section seeks ways to encourage students and staff to include exercise as an essential part of their daily lives. It does this through Sports Clubs on a competitive basis and by offering physical recreation on a more casual basis to the University community.

The Section serves the Sports Association and its 38 constituent clubs and is responsible for the continuing management of the Physical Education and Recreation Centre at which recreational programs are available for both students and staff.

It makes bookings for use of sporting facilities including tennis courts and playing fields. The section is located on the 3rd Floor, Squarehouse, E4, lower campus. The various services may be contacted by phone on the following extensions: Recreation Program 3271; Grounds Bookings 2235; Sports Association 2673.

Physical Education and Recreation Centre

The Sport and Recreation Section provides a recreational program for students and staff at the Physical Education and Recreation Centre. The Centre consists of eight squash courts, a main building, and a 50-metre indoor heated swimming pool. The main building has a large gymnasium and practice rooms for fencing, table tennis, judo, weight-lifting, karate and jazz bellet, also a physical fitness testing room. The recreational program includes

Intramurals, teaching/coaching, camping. The Centre is located on the lower campus adjacent to High Street. The Supervisor at PERC may be contacted on extension 3271.

Student Counselling and Research Unit

The Student Counselling and Research Unit provides counselling services to students, prospective students, parents and other concerned persons.

The unit is located in the huts near the foot of Basser Steps (access from College Road or Engineering Road).

Appointments are offered throughout the academic year and during recesses between 8 am to 5 pm on week days (up to 7 pm on some evenings). A walk-in' service for short interviews is available between 9 am and 5 pm. Appointments may be made by phoning extension 3685 or 3681 between 8.30 am and 5.30 pm.

Counsellors offer assistance in planning, decision-making, problem solving, social and emotional development, and dealing with grievances. Group programs on such topics as study, tutorial and examination skills, stress management, communicating, and self-confidence are offered each session. Brochures are available from the receptionist.

not intended to replace private or community health services. Thus, where chronic or continuing conditions are revealed or suspected the student may be referred to a private practitioner or to an appropriate hospital. The health service is not responsible for fees incurred in these instances. The service is confidential and students are encouraged to attend for advice on matters pertaining to health.

The service is available to all enrolled students by appointment, free of charge, between 9 am and 5 pm Mondays to Fridays. For staff members, immunizations are available, and first aid service in the case of injury or illness on the campus.

The centre is located in Hut E15b on the northern side of the campus in College Road at the foot of the Basser Steps.

Appointments may be made by calling at the centre or by telephoning extension 2679, 2678 or 2677 during the above hours.

The Family Planning Association of NSW conducts clinics at the Student Health Unit and at the adjacent Prince of Wales Hospital which are available for both staff and students. Appointments may be made for the Student Health Unit clinic by telephoning 588 2833 or for the Prince of Wales Hospital clinics by telephoning 399 0111.

Careers and Employment Section

The Careers and Employment Section provides careers advice and assistance in finding employment.

Assistance with careers and permanent employment opportunities includes: the regular mailing of a Job Vacancy Bulletin to registered students and graduates, a Library, and a Campus Interview Program in which final year students have the opportunity to speak to employers regarding employment prospects.

Assistance is also provided in obtaining course-related employment during long vacations as required by undergraduates in Engineering and Applied Science.

The Section is located in Undercroft Room LG05 in the Chancellery.

For further information, telephone as follows: careers and employment assistance 3259 or 3630; long vacation industrial training 2086.

Student Health Unit

A student health clinic and first aid centre is situated within the University. The medical service although therapeutic is

The Students' Union

The Students' Union was formed in 1952 as an organization, duly recognized by the University Council, to represent the student body and to provide a central organization for the administration of student activities. In the words of its constitution 'The Students' Union is formed for the purpose of advancing the interests of University men and women, facilitating their general scientific and technical education, and fostering a University spirit among them'.

The Students' Union affords a recognized means of communication between the student body and the University administration, and represents its members in all matters affecting their interests. It aims to promote the cultural, educational and recreational litle of the University and to encourage a permanent interest among graduates in the life and progress of student activities within the University. The Students' Union also makes representations to government and other bodies outside the University on behalf of its members.

Membership of the Students' Union is compulsory for all registered students of the University; the annual subscription for full-time and part-time students is set out later, in Rules and Procedures, Enrolment Procedures and Fees Schedules, section 15. Fees. All Alumni of the University are eligible for Life Membership.

The Students' Union is governed by a Council consisting in the main of elected student representatives from the

various faculties of the University There are also representatives of the University Council, Life Members, the Staff Association and the Sports Association. The Council is elected annually.

A full-time President, elected each year by popular ballot, directs the entire administration of the Students' Union and its activities, assisted by a Secretary-Treasurer.

Other officers are the Education Vice-President who works towards the implementation of Students' Union education policy; the Welfare-Research Officer concerned with helping students with problems they may encounter in the University; the Electronic Media Officer; and the Director of Overseas Students who deals with specific problems these students may encounter while in Australia.

The activities in which the Students' Union is involved include:

- 1. A noticeboard for casual job vacancies.
- 2. Organization of orientation for new students.
- 3. Organization of Foundation Day.
- 4. The University's two child care centres.
- 5. Publication of the student paper Tharunka.
- A free legal service run by a qualified lawyer employed by the Students' Union Council.
- A video service with access for students to equipment and advice.
- 8. The Nuthouse which deals in bulk and health foods.
- 9. Secondhand Bookshop for cheap texts.
- CASOC (Clubs and Societies on Campus) which provides money from the SU for affiliated clubs and societies on campus.
- 11. Provision of a bail fund.

The SU office is located on the Second Floor, Stage III, the Union.

The University Library

The University libraries are mostly situated on the upper campus. The library buildings house the Undergraduate Library on Level 3, the Social Sciences and Humanities Library on Level 4, the Physical Sciences Library on Level 7 and the Law Library on Level 8. The Biomedical Library is in the western end of the Mathews Building and is closely associated with libraries in the teaching hospitals of the University.

For details consult Faculty Information in the relevant Faculty Handbook.

There are also library services at other centres:

The Water Reference Library situated at Manly Vale (telephone 948 0261) which is closely associated with the Physical Sciences Library. The library at the Broken Hill Division in the W.S. and L.B. Robinson University College building (telephone 6022/3/4).

The library at the Royal Military College, Duntroon, ACT, serving the Faculty of Military Studies.

Each library provides reference and lending services to staff and students and each of the libraries on the Kensington campus is open throughout the year during day and evening periods. The exact hours of opening vary during the course of the academic year.

Staff and students normally use a machine-readable identification card to borrow from the University libraries.

The University Union

The University Union provides the facilities students, staff and graduates require in their daily University life and thus an opportunity for them to know and understand one another through associations outside the lecture room, the library and other places of work.

The Union is housed in three buildings near the entrance to the Kensington Campus from Anzac Parade. These are the Roundhouse, the Blockhouse and the Squarehouse. Membership of the Union is compulsory for all registered students and is open to all members of staff and graduates of the University.

The control of the Union is vested in the Board of Management-whose Chief Executive Officer Is the Warden.

The full range of facilities provided by the Union includes a cafeteria service and other dinling facilities, a large shopping centre, (including clothing shop and delicatessen); travel service; banking, pharmaceutical, optometrical and hairdressing facilities; showers; common, games, reading, meeting, music, practice, craft and dark rooms. The Union also has shops on Campus which cater for student needs, including art materials and calculators. Photocopying, sign printing, and stencil cutting services are also available. The Union also sponsors special concerts (including lunchtime concerts) and conducts courses in many facets of the arts including weaving, photography, creative dance and yogs. Full information concerning courses is contained in a booklet obtainable from the Union's program department.

The University Union should not be confused with the Students' Union or Students' Representative Council as it is known in some other universities. This latter body has a representative function and is the instrument whereby student attitudes and opinions are crystallized and presented to the University and the community.

Financial Assistance to Students

Tertiary Education Assistance Scheme

Under this scheme, which is financed by the Commonwealth Government, assistance is available for full-time study in approved courses, to students who are not bonded and who are permanent residents of Australia, subject to a means test on a non-competitive basis. The allowances paid are unlikely to be sufficient, even at the maximum rate, for all the living expenses of a student. Family help and/or incomes from vacation or spare-time work would also be needed.

Students in the following types of university courses are eligible for assistance:

- ◆Lindergraduate and graduate bachelor degree courses.
- Graduate diplomas
- Approved combined bachelor degree courses
- ◆Master's qualifying courses (one year)

The rates of allowance and conditions for eligibility are set out in a booklet obtainable from the Commonwealth Department of Education.

Tertiary students receiving an allowance, and prospective tertiary students, will be sent application forms in January 1983. Forms are also available from the Admissions Section or the Careers and Employment Section, or from the Director, Department of Education, 59 Goulburn Street, Sydney, NSW 2000 (telephone 218 8800). Continuing students should submit applications as soon as examination results are available. New students should do so as soon as they are enrolled. All students should apply by 31 March 1983, otherwise benefits will not be paid for the earlier months of the year.

It is most important that students advise the TEAS office if at any time they change or discontinue their study programs, as their eligibility for benefits might be affected.

Other Financial Assistance

In addition to the Tertiary Education Assistance Scheme financed by the Australian Government the following forms of assistance are available:

- Determent of Payment of Fees Determents may be granted for a short period, usually one month, without the imposition of a late fee penalty, provided the deferment is requested prior to the due date for fee payments.
- Short Term Cash Loans Donations from various sources have made funds available for urgent cash loans not exceeding £100. These loans are normally repayable within one month.
- 3. Early in 1973 the Commonwealth Government made funds available to the University to provide loans to

students in financial difficulty. The loans are to provide for living allowances and other approved expenses associated with attendance at university. Repayment usually commences after graduation or upon withdrawal from the course. Students are required to enter into a formal agreement with the University is repay the loan. The University is unable to provide from the fund amounts large enough for all or even a major part of the living expenses of a student.

From the same source students who are in extremely difficult financial circumstances may apply for assistance by way of a non-repayable grant. In order to qualify for a grant a student must generally show that the financial difficulty has arisen from exceptional misfortune. Grants are rarely made.

The University has also been the recipient of generous donations from the Arthur T. George Foundation, started by Sir Arthur George and his family, for the endowment of a student loan fund.

In all cases assistance is limited to students with reasonable academic records and whose financial circumstances warrant assistance.

Enquiries about all forms of financial assistance should be made at the office of the Deputy Registrar (Student Services), Room 148E, in the Chancellery.

Financial Assistance to Aboriginal Students

Financial assistance is available to help Aboriginal students from the Commonwealth Government's Aboriginal Study Grant Scheme. Furthermore, the University may assist Aboriginal students with loans to meet some essential living expenses.

The University has also received a generous bequest from the estate of the late Alice Brooks Gange for the education of Australian aborigines within the University. The University is engaged in consultations with groups and individuals for advice on the most effective ways of using the funds and has established a committee to advise the Vice-Chancellor in the matter.

All enquiries relating to these matters should be made at the office of the Deputy Registrar (Student Services), Room 148E, in the Chancellery.

Fund for Physically Handicapped and Disabled Students

The University has a small fund (started by a generous gift from a member of staff who wishes to remain anonymous) available for projects of benefit to handicapped and disabled students. Enquiries should be made at the office of the Deputy Registrar (Student Services); Room 148E, in the Chancellery.

Rules and Procedures

The University, in common with other large organizations, has established rules and procedures which are designed for the benefit of all members of the University. In some cases there are penalties (eg fines or exclusion from examinations) for non-compliance. Any student who, after carefully reading the rules set out in the following pages, requires further information on their application should seek further advice, in the first instance, at the Enquiry Counter in the North Wing of the Chancellery Building.

General Conduct

The University has not considered it necessary to formulate a detailed code of rules relating to the general conduct of students. Enrolment as a student of the University, however, involves an undertaking to observe the regulations, by-laws and rules of the University, and to pay due regard to any instructions given by any officer of the University.

Appeals

Section 5(c) of Chapter III of the By-laws provides that 'Any person affected by a decision of any member of the Professorial Board (other than the Vice-Chancellor) in respect of breach of discipline or misconduct may appeal to the Vice-Chancellor, and in the case of disciplinary action by the Vice-Chancellor, whether on appeal or otherwise, to the Council'.

Admission and Enrolment

The Student Enquiry Counter, located near the Cashier in the Chancellery on the upper campus, provides information for students on admission requirements, undergraduate and graduate courses and enrolment procedures. Faculty handbooks and the Calendar may be purchased from the Cashier. The Enquiry Counter is open from 9 am to 5 pm, Monday to Friday. Buring enrolment it is also open for some part of the evening.

Information may be obtained here about special admission, admission with advanced standing and admission on overseas qualifications. Applications are also received from students who wish to transfer from one course to another, resume their studies after an absence of twelve months or more, or seek any concession in relation to a course in which they are enrolled. It is essential that the closing dates for lodgement of applications are adhered to. For further details see the section on Enrolment Procedures and Fees.

Applications for admission to undergraduate courses from students who do not satisfy the requirements for admission (see section on Admission Requirements) are referred by the Admissions Section to the Admissions Committee of the Professorial Board.

Students wishing to enrol as higher degree candidates should first consult the Head of the School in which they wish to study. An application is then lodged on a standard form and the Postgraduate Section, after obtaining a recommendation from the Head of School, refers the application to the appropriate Faculty or Board of Studies Higher Degree Committee.

Details of the procedure to be followed by students seeking entry to first year undergraduate degree courses at the University may be obtained from the Student Enquiry Counter or the Universities and Colleges Admissions Centre.

An Adviser for Prospective Students, Mrs Fay Lindsay, is located in the Chancellery, and is available for personal interview with those who require additional information about the University.

First Year Entry

Those seeking entry to first year courses in one or more of eighteen institutions in the state including the three universities in the Sydney Metropolitan area (Macquarie University, the University of New South Wales and the University of Sydney) are required to lodge a single application form with the Universities and Colleges Admissions Centre, Challis House, 10 Martin Place, Sydney 2000 (GPO Box 7049, Sydney 2001). On the application form provision is made for applicants to indicate preferences for courses available in any one of the three universities and fifteen other tertiary institutions. Students are notified individually of the result of their applications and provided with information regarding the procedures to be followed in order to accept the offer of a place at this university. Enrolment is completed at the Enrolment Bureau. Unisearch House, 221 Anzac Parade, Kensington,

Deferment of First Year Enrolment

Students proceeding directly from school to University who have received an offer of a place may request deferment of enrolment for one year and will usually receive permission providing they do not enrol at another tertiary institution in that year.

Enrolment Procedures and Fees Schedules 1983

1. Introduction

All students, except those enrolling in graduate research degree courses (see sections 5. and 6. below), must lodge an authorized enrolment form with the Cashier either on the day the enrolling officer signs the form or on the day any required General Studies electives are approved.

All students, except those enrolling in graduate research degree courses and those exempted as set out in section 17. below, should on that day also either pay the required fees or lodge an enrolment voucher or other appropriate authority.

Such vouchers and authorities are generally Issued by the NSW Department of Education and the NSW Public Service. They are not always issued in time and students who expect to receive an enrolment voucher or other appropriate authority but have not done so should pay the student activities fees and arrange a refund later. Such vouchers and authorities are not the responsibility of the University and their late receipt is not to be assumed as automatically exempting a student from the requirements of enrolling and paying fees.

If a student is unable to pay the fees the enrolment form must still be lodged with the Cashier and the student will be issued with a 'nil' receipt. The student is then indebted to the University and must pay the fees by the end of the second week of the session for which enrolment is being effected.

Penalties apply if fees are paid after the time allowed (see section 16, below) unless the student has obtained an extension of time in which to pay fees from the office of the Deputy Registrar (Student Services) (Room 148E, the Chancellery), Such an application must be made before the fee is due. Payment may be made through the mail, in which case it is important that the student registration number be given accurately. Cash should not be sent through the mail.

2. New Undergraduate Enrolments

Persons who are applying for entry in 1983 must lodge an application for selection with the Universities and Colleges Admissions Centre, GPO Box 7049, Sydney 2001, by 1 October 1982.

Those who are selected will be required to complete enrolment at a specified time before the start of Session 1. Compulsory student activities fees should be paid on the day.

In special circumstances, however, and provided class places are still available, students may be allowed to complete enrolment after the prescribed time.

Application forms and details of the application procedures may be obtained from the Student Enquiries Counter, Ground Floor, North Wing of the Chancellery Building.

3. Re-enrolment

See also sections 4., 6. and 7. below.

Students who are continuing courses (or returning after approved leave of absence) should enrol through the

appropriate school in accordance with the procedures set out in the current Enrolment Procedures booklet, available from the Student Enquiries Counter in the Chancellery and from School offices. Those who have completed part of a course and have been absent without leave need to apply for entry through the Universities and Colleges Admissions Centre. GPO Box 7049, Sydney 2001, by 1 October 1982.

4. Restrictions Upon Re-enrolling

Students who in 1982 have infringed the rules governing re-enrolment should not attempt to re-enrol in 1983 but should follow the written instructions they will receive from the Registrar.

5. New Research Students

Students enrolling for the first time in graduate research degree courses will receive an enrolment form by post. They have two weeks from the date of offer of registration in which to lodge the enrolment form with the Cashier. Completion of enrolment after this time will incur a penalty (see section 16, below).

6. Re-enrolling Research Students

Students undertaking purely research degree programs (course codes 0-2999) will be re-enrolled automatically each year and sent an account for any fees due.

7. Submission of Project Report

Students registered for formal masters degree programs (course codes 8000-9999) who at the commencement of Session 1 have completed all the work for a degree or diploma except for the submission of the relevant thesis or project report are required to re-enrol by the end of the second week of Session 1. Completion of enrolment after then will incur a penalty (see section 16. below).

Information about possible student activities fees exemption is set out in section 17. (10) below.

8. Enrolments by Miscellaneous Students

Enrolments by miscellaneous students are governed by the following rules:

- (1) Enrolment in a particular subject or subjects as a miscellaneous student - le as a student not proceeding to a degree or diploma - may be permitted provided that in every case the Head of School offering the subject considers that the student will benefit from the enrolment and provided also that accommodation is available and that the enrolment does not prevent a place in that subject being available to a student proceeding to a degree or diploma.
- (2) A student who is under exclusion from any subject in the University may not be permitted to be enrolled as a miscellaneous student in that subject.
- (3) A student who is under exclusion from any course in the University may not be permitted to enrol in any subject which forms a compulsory component of the course from which the student is excluded.
- (4) A student who is subsequently admitted to a course of the University for which any subjects completed as a miscellaneous student form a part may receive standing for those subjects.

9. Final Dates for Completion of Enrolment

No enrolments for courses extending over the whole year or for Session 1 only will be accepted from new students after the end of the second week of Session 1 (18 March 1983) except with the express approval of the Deputy Registrar (Student Services) and the Heads of the Schools concerned; no later year enrolments for courses extending over the whole year or for Session 1 only will be accepted after the end of the fourth week of Session 1 (1 April 1983) except with the express approval of the Deputy Registrar (Student Services) and the Heads of the Schools concerned. No enrolments for courses in Session 2 only will be accepted after the end of the second week of Session 2 (5 August 1983) except with the express approval of the Deputy Registrar (Student Services) and the Heads of the Schools concerned.

10. University of New South Wales and University Union Membership Card

All students enrolled in degree or diploma courses or as miscellaneous students, except those exempt from University Union fees under provisions of section 17. below, are issued with a University of New South Wales and University Union Membership Card. This card must be carried during attendance at the University and shown on official request.

The number appearing on the front of the card above the student's name is the student registration number used in the University's records. This number should be quoted in all correspondence.

The card must be presented when borrowing from the University libraries, when applying for travel concessions, and when notifying a change of address. It must also be presented when paying tess on re-enrolment each year when it will be made valid for the year and returned. Failure to present the card could result in inconvenience in completing re-enrolment.

Life members of the University Union and those exempt from payment of University Union fees, if enrolled in degree or diploma courses or miscellaneous students use the University's fees receipt in place of the card when applying for travel concessions and when notifying a change of address. The University Library issues a library borrowing card on production of the fees receipt.

A student who loses a card must notify the University Union as seen as possible.

New students are issued with cards on enrolment if eligible.

New graduate students should complete an application for a card when they enrol unless they already possess one from previous study at the University. The card can be collected from the second floor of the University Union Blockhouse approximately three weeks after enrolment. The fees receipt may be used as necessary until the card is available.

11. Payment of Fees

The fees and charges which are payable include those charges raised to finance the expenses incurred in operating activities such as the University Union, the Students' Union, the Sports Association, and the Physical Education and Recreation Centre. Penalty payments are also incurred if a student fails to complete procedures as required. Charges may also be payable, sometimes in the form of a deposit, for the hiring of kits of equipment in certain subjects. Accommodation charges, costs of subsistence on excursions, field work, etc, and for hospital residence (medical students) are payable in appropriate circumstances.

12. Assisted Students

Scholarship holders and sponsored students who have not received an enrolment voucher or appropriate letter of authority from their sponsor at the time when they are enrolling should complete their enrolment by paying their own fees.

A refund of fees will be made when the enrolment voucher or letter of authority is subsequently lodged with the Cashier.

Those unable to pay their own fees in these circumstances can apply to the office of the Deputy Registrar (Student Services) (Room 148E, the Chancellery) for an extension of time in which to pay. Such an application must be made before the fees are due.

13. Extension of Time

Students who are unable to pay fees by the due date may apply to the office of the Deputy Registrar (Student Services) (Room 148E, the Chancellery) for an extension of time, which may be granted in extension of such applications must be made before the due date.

14. Failure to Pay Fees and Other Debts

Students who fail to pay prescribed fees or charges or are otherwise indebted to the University and who fail either to make a satisfactory settlement of indebtedness upon receipt of due notice or to receive a special exemption ceases to be entitled to the use of University facilities. Such students are not permitted to register for a further session, to attend classes or examinations, or to be granted any official credentials. In the case of students enrolled for Session 1 only or for both Sessions 1 and 2 this disbarment applies if any portion of fees is outstanding after the end of the eighth week of Session 1 (29 April 1983). In the case of students enrolled for Session 2 only this disbarment applies if any portion of fees is outstanding after the end of the sixth week of Session 2 (2 September 1983).

In special cases the Registrar may grant exemption from the disqualification referred to in the preceding paragraph upon receipt of a written statement setting out all relevant circumstances.

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15. Fees

Fees and penalties quoted are current at the time of publication but may be amended by the University without notice.

University Union Entrance Fee

Payable on first enrolment

\$28

\$28

\$20

Students enrolling for only one session must pay the full University Union entrance fee.

Student Activities Fees

All students (with the exceptions set out in section 17. below) are required to pay the following fees if enrolling for a program involving two sessions: Those enrolling for only one session will pay the full University Union Entrance Fee, if applicable, and one half of any other fees due.

Students who consider themselves eligible for life membership of the University Union, the Sports Association, or the Students' Union, should make enquiries about the matter at the offices of those bodies.

Students often seek exemption from some or all of the student activities fees for reasons other than those set out in section 17. below, it is stressed that the fees charged are a contribution by students towards services and amenities for the University community (both now and in the future) and exemption from them cannot be claimed because a student is unable or unwilling to make use of some of those services or amenities.

Student Activities Fees are adjusted annually by a system of indexation and those set out below are current in 1982 and are therefore subject to an increase in 1983.

University Union annual subscription	200
Sports Association annual subscription	\$17
Students' Union Annual Subscription	
Students enrolling in full-time courses	\$22
Students enrolling in part-time courses or as miscellaneous students	\$17

This fee is used to finance expenses generally of a capital nature relating to student activities and amenities. Funds are allocated for projects recommended by the Student Affairs Committee and approved by the University Council.

Special Examination Face

Miscellaneous Fund annual fee

ébétes miniments and	
Examinations conducted in special circumstances	
for each subject	\$11
Review of examination results for each subject	\$11

Other Charges

in addition to the fees outlined above and depending on the subject being taken, students may be required to make a payment for equipment; money so paid is, in general, refunded if the equipment is returned in satisfactory condition.

16. Penalties

(1) Failure to lodge enrolment form according to enrolment procedure

- (2) Payment of fees after end of second week of session
- (3) Payment of fees after end of fourth week of session \$40

Penalties (1) and (2) or (1) and (3) may accumulate.

17. Exemptions - Fees

Students often seek exemption from the fees for reasons other than those set out below. It is stressed that the fees charged are a contribution by students towards services and amenities for the University community (both now and in the future) and exemption from them cannot be claimed because a student is unable or unwilling to make use of some of those services or amenities.

- (1) Life members of the University Union, the Sports Association, and Students' Union are exempt from the relevant fee or fees*.
- (2) Students enrolled in courses classified as External are exempt from all Student Activities Fees and the University Union Entrance Fee.
- (3) Students enrolled in courses at the W. S. and L. B. Robinson University College and in the Faculty of Military Studies are exempt from the student activities fees and the University Union Entrance Fee in section 15. above but shall pay such other fees and charges as the Council may from time to time determine.
- (4) University Union fees and subscriptions may be waived by the Deputy Registrar (Student Services) for students enrolled in graduate courses in which the formal academic requirements are undertaken at a part of the University away from the Kensington campus.
- (5) Students who while enrolled at and attending another university (or other tertiary institution as approved by the Vice-Chancellor) in a degree or diploma course are given approval to enrol at the University of New South Wales but only as miscellaneous students for subjects to be diedited towards the degrees or diplomas for which thay are enrolled elsewhere are exempt from all Student Activities Fees and the University Union Entrance Feet.
- (6) Undergraduate students of a recognized university outside Australia who attend the University of New South Wales with the permission of the dean of the appropriate school or department to take part as miscellaneous students in an academic program relevant to their regular studies and approved by the authorities of their own institution are exempt from all Student Activities Fees and the University Union Entrance Fee.

*Students who consider themselves eligible for life membership of the University Union, the Sports Association, or the Students' Union, should make enquiries about the matter at the offices of those bodies, not at the office of the Deputy Registrar (Student Services) or at the Ceshier's office.

†Institutions approved are: Australian Film and Television School, New South Wales Institute of Technology, Sydney College of Advanced Education and Sydney College of Chiropractic.

- (7) Graduate students not in attendance at the University and who are enrolling in a project only other than for the first time, are exempt from all Student Activities Fees.
- (8) Graduate students resubmitting a thesis or project only are exempt from all Student Activities Fees.
- (9) All Student Activities Fees, for one or more sessions, may be waived by the Deputy Registrar (Student Services) for students who are given formal permission to pursue their studies at another institution for one or more sessions.
- (10) Graduate students who have completed all the work for a qualification at the commencement of Session 1, except for the submission of the relevant thesis or project report, may be exempted from the payment of Student Activities Fees by the Deputy Registrar (Student Services) on production of an appropriate statement signed by the relevant Supervisor or Head of School.
- (11) Students enrolled in a session or sessions devoted entirely to training or experience away from the campus and its associated laboratories, hospitals, centres, institutes, and field stations are exempt from all Student Activities Fees for that session or sessions.
- (12) Students whose registration is cancelled or suspended by the University shall receive refunds of fees paid in accordance with the provisions of section 18. (5) below except that a refund of one half of the fees shall be made if such cancellation or suspension takes place between the end of the fourth week of Session 1 and the end of the fourth week of Session 2.

18. Variations in Enrolment (including Withdrawai)

- (1) Students wishing to vary an enrolment program must make application on the form available from the appropriate Course Authority.
- (2) Students withdrawing from courses (and see also information about withdrawal from subjects below) are required to notify the Registrar in writing. In some cases such students will be entitled to fee refunds (see below).
- (3) Enrolment in additional subjects

Applications for enrolment in additional subjects must be submitted by:

- 31 March 1983 for Session 1 only and whole year subjects;
- 19 August 1983 for Session 2 only subjects.
- (4) Withdrawal from subjects

Applications to withdraw from subjects may be submitted throughout the year but applications lodged after the following dates will result in students being regarded as having failed the subjects concerned, except in special circumstances:

- (a) for one session subjects, the end of the seventh week of that session (22 April or 9 September)
- (b) for whole year subjects, the end of the second week of Session 2 (5 August).
- (5) Withdrawal from Course Refunds Student Activities Fees

Whether or not a student's withdrawal entails academic penalties (covered in item (4) above) there are rules governing possible student activities fee refunds in the case of complete withdrawal from a course.

Details of the refunds which may be available may be obtained from the Student Enquiry Counter, the Chancellery.

(6) Acknowledgements

The Student Records and Scholarships Office will acknowledge each application for a variation in enrolment (including withdrawals from subjects) as follows:

- (a) variations lodged before the Friday of the seventh week of each session (22 April, or 9 September) will be incorporated in the *Confirmation of Enrolment Program* notice forwarded to students on 2 May or 20 September as appropriate
- (b) variations lodged after those dates will be acknowledged by letter
- (c) withdrawals from a course are acknowledged individually whenever they are lodged.
- (7) It is emphasized that failure to attend for any assessment procedure, or to lodge any material stipulated as part of an assessment procedure, in any subject in which a student is enrolled will be regarded as failure in that assessment procedure unless written approval to withdraw from the subject without failure has been obtained from the Student Records and Scholarships Office.

19. Exemption - Membership

The Registrar is empowered to grant exemption from membership of any or all of the University Union, the Students' Union and the Sports Association to students who have a genuine conscientlous objection to such membership, subject to payment of the prescribed fees to the Miscellaneous Fund.

Private Overseas Students

Private overseas students should visit the Commonwealth Department of Education immediately on first arrival in Australia. The address is Sydney Plaza Building, 59 Goulburn Street, Sydney.

Private overseas students continuing their studies should confirm their enrolment with the Commonwealth Department of Education as early as possible each year in order to ensure that arrangements for the extension of their temporary entry permits can be made.

All private overseas students must advise the Department if they change their term residential address during the year. Telephone enquiries should be directed to (02) 218 8979, and country students may reverse the charge for the call.

Students whose applications to transfer are successful, and who are transferring from one school to another are required to comply with the enrolment procedure laid down for new students with advanced standing. Students transferring from one course to another within the same school are required to attend the appropriate enrolment session for the course to which they have approval to transfer.

Students must present the approval to transfer to the enrolling officer, and those who have not received advice regarding their application to transfer before the date on which they are required to enrol should check with the office of the Admissions Section.

Students should also advise the enrolling officer in the school in which they were enrolled in 1982 of their intention to transfer.

Leave of Absence

Leave of absence from an undergraduate course of study may be granted to students other than those in the first year of a course. Leave of absence has generally been restricted to one year but in special circumstances two years have been granted.

To apply for such leave of absence, a letter should be submitted to the Registrar immediately following the release of annual examination results and must include the student's full name, registration number, the course and stage in which enrolled in the previous year and, most important, the reason why leave is being sought. The letter advising the result of the application will provide details about how to re-enrol.

Students who withdraw from the first year of their course are not granted leave of absence and must again apply for a place through the Universities and Colleges Admissions Centre.

Admission with Advanced Standing

Any person who makes application to register as a candidate for any degree or other award granted by the University may be admitted to the course of study leading to such degree or award with such standing on the basis of previous attainments as may be determined by the Professorial Board provided that:

- the Board shalf not grant such standing under these rules as is inconsistent with the rules governing progression to such degree or award as are operative at the time the application is determined;
- where a student transfers from another university such student shall not in general be granted standing in this University which is superior to what he has in the University from which he transfers;
- 3. the standing granted by the Board in the case of any application based on any degree/s or other awards already held by the applicant, shall not be such as will permit the applicant to qualify for the degree or award for which he seeks to register without completing the courses of instruction and passing the examinations in at least those subjects comprising the latter half of the course, save that where such a program of studies would involve the applicant repeating courses of instruction in which the Board deems the applicant to have already qualified, the Board may prescribe an alternative program of studies in lieu thereof:
- 4. the standing granted by the Board in the case of any application based on partial completion of the requirements for any degree or other award of another institution shall not be such as will permit the applicant to qualify for

Course Transfers

Students wishing to transfer from one course to another must complete and submit an application form, obtainable from the office of the Admissions Section, the Chancellery, by Friday 14 January 1983. the degree or award for which he seeks to register by satisfactory completion of a program of study deemed by the Board to be less than that required of a student in full-time attendance in the final year of the course in which the applicant seeks to register:

5. the standing granted by the Board in the case of any application based on the partial completion of the requirements for any degree or other award of the University may be such as to give full credit in the course to which the applicant seeks to transfer for work done in the course from which the student transfers.

Where the identity between the requirements for any award of the University already held and that of any other award of the University is such that the requirements outstanding for the second award are less than half the requirements of that award, then a student who merely completes such outstanding requirements shall not thereby be entitled to receive the second award but shall be entitled to receive a statement over the hand of the Registrar in appropriate terms.

Resumption of Courses

Students who have had a leave of absence for twelve months and wish to resume their course should follow the instructions about re-enrolling given in the letter granting leave of absence. If these instructions are not fully understood or have been lost, students should contact the office of the Admissions Section before November in the year preceding the one in which they wish to resume their course.

If students have not obtained leave of absence from their course and have not been enrolled in the course over the past twelve months or more, they should apply for admission to the course through the Universities and Colleges Admissions Centre before 1 October in the year preceding that in which they wish to resume studies.

Examinations

Examinations are held in June/July and in November/ December.

Provisional timetables indicating the dates and times of examinations are posted on the University noticeboards.

Students must advise the Examinations Section (the Chancellery) of any clash in examinations. Final timetables indicating the dates, times, locations, and authorized aids are available for students two weeks before the end of each session.

Misreading of the timetable is not an acceptable excuse for fallure to attend an examination.

Assessment of Course Progress

In the assessment of a student's progress in a course, consideration may be given to work in laboratory and class exercises and to any term or other tests given throughout the year as well as to the results of written examinations.

Examination Results

Grading of Passes

Passes will be graded as follows:

High Distinction an outstanding performance
Distinction a superior performance
Credit agood performance

Credit a good performance
Pass an acceptable level of performance
Satisfactory satisfactory completion of a subject
for which graded passes are not

available

Pass Conceded

A pass conceded may be granted to a student whose overall performance warrants consideration in a subject where the mark obtained is slightly below the standard required for a pass.

A pass conceded in a subject will normally allow progression to another subject for which the former subject is a prerequisite. In a particular subject, however, a subject authority may specify that a pass conceded is insufficient to meet a particular subject prerequisite. Such information is recorded in the appropriate faculty handbooks.

Availability of Results

Final examination results will be posted to a student's term address, or vacation address if requested. Forms requesting that results be posted to a vacation address are included in the examination timetable and change of address forms are obtainable at the Student Enquiry Counter, the Chancellery. Both forms can be accepted up to Friday 24 June for Session 1 results and Friday 25 November for Session 2 and whole year results. Results are also posted on School noticeboards and in the University Library. Results on noticeboards are listed by Student Registration Number.

No examination results are given by telephone.

Review of Results

A student may make application to the Registrar for the review of a result. The application form, accompanied by an appropriate fee, must be submitted not later than fifteen working days after the date of issue of the Notification of Result of Assessment form.

In reviewing a result, the subject authorities shall ensure that all components of the assessment have been assessed and a mark assigned.

A review of a result is not a detailed reassessment of a student's standard of knowledge and understanding of, and skills in, the subject. It is rather a search for arithmetic error in arriving at the composite mark and for gross and obvious error in assignment of marks in components of the final composite mark.

When a change in grade is recommended, the application fee will be refunded by the Registrar.

Special Consideration

Students who believe that their performance in a subject, either during session or in an examination, has been adversely affected by sickness or any other reason should inform the Registrar and ask for special consideration in the determination of their standing.

Such requests should be made as soon as practicable after the occurrence. Applications made more than seven days after the final examination in a subject will only be considered in exceptional circumstances.

When submitting a request for special consideration students should provide all possible supporting evidence (eg medical certificates) together with their registration number and enrolment details.

Physical Disabilities

Students suffering from a physical disability which puts them at a disadvantage in written examinations should advise Student Records (Ground Floor, the Chancellery) immediately their disability is known. If necessary, special arrangements will be made to meet the student's requirements.

Students who are permanently disabled and need the Examinations Section to make special arrangements for their examinations, should contact Student Records as soon as the final timetable becomes available.

Lise of Electronic Calculators

Where the use of electronic calculators has been approved by a faculty or school, examiners may permit their use in examinations. Authorized electronic calculators are battery operated with the minimum operations of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and are of a type in common use by university students. They are not provided by the University, although some schools may make them available in special circumstances.

Examinations Held Away from the Campus

Except in the case of students enrolled in external courses, examinations will not be permitted away from the campus unless the candidate is engaged on *compulsory industrial training*. Candidates must advise the Officer-in-charge, Examinations Section, immediately the details of the industrial training are known. Special forms for this purpose are available at the Student Enquiry Counter in the north wing of the Chancellery.

Arrival at Examinations

Examination Rooms will be open to students twenty-five minutes before the commencement of the examination. Candidates are requested to be in their places at least fifteen minutes before the commencement to hear announcements. The examination paper will be available for reading ten minutes before commencement.

Use of Linguistic Dictionaries

The answers in all examinations and in all work submitted must be in English unless otherwise directed. Students may apply for permission to use standard linguistic dictionaries in the presentation of written work for assessment. Such applications should be made in writing to the Examinations Section not later than 14 days prior to the need to use the linguistic dictionary.

Academic Misconduct

Students are reminded that the University regards academic misconduct as a very serious matter. Students found guilty of academic misconduct are usually excluded from the University for two years. Because of the circumstances in individual cases the period of exclusion can range from one session to permanent exclusion from the University.

The following are some or the actions which have resulted in students being found guilty of academic misconduct in recent years: use of unauthorized aids in an examination; submitting work for assessment knowing it to be the work of another person; improperly obtaining prior knowledge of an examination paper and using that knowledge in the examination; falling to acknowledge the source of material in an assignment.

Conduct of Examinations

Examinations are conducted in accordance with the following rules and procedure:

- Candidates are required to obey any instruction given by an examination supervisor for the proper conduct of the examination.
- Candidates are required to be in their places in the examination room not less than fifteen minutes before the time for commencement.
- No bag, writing paper, blotting paper, manuscript or book, other than a specified aid, is to be brought into the examination room.
- Candidates shall not be admitted to an examination after thirty minutes from the time of commencement of the examination.
- Candidates shall not be permitted to leave the examination room before the expiry of thirty minutes from the time the examination commences.
- Candidates shall not be re-admitted to the examination room after they have left it unless, during the full period of their absence, they have been under approved supervision.
- 7. Candidates shall not by any improper means obtain, or endeavour to obtain, assistance in their work, give, or endeavour to give, assistance to any other candidate, or commit any breach of good order.

- **8.** All answers must be in English unless otherwise stated. Foreign students who have the written approval of the Registrar may use standard linguistic dictionaries.
- 9. Smoking is not permitted during the course of examinations.
- 10. A candidate who commits any infringement of the rules governing examinations is liable to disqualification at the particular examination, to immediate expulsion from the examination room and to such further penalty as may be determined in accordance with the By-Laws.

Acknowledgement of Sources

Students are expected to acknowledge the source of ideas and expressions used in submitted work. To provide adequate documentation is not only an indication of academic honesty but also a courtesy enabling the marker to consult sources with ease. Failure to do so may constitute plaglarism, which is subject to a charge of academic misconduct.

Further Assessment

In special circumstances further assessment including assessment or further assessment on medical or compassionate grounds may be granted.

Further assessment may be given by the subject authority at his or her discretion at any time prior to the meeting of the relevant faculty assessment committee (normally the fourth week of the Midyear Recess and the second week of December). Further assessment may also be awarded at the faculty assessment committee and students affected may need to be free to undertake that further assessment in the last week in the Midyear Recess and in the period up to the end of the second week in January; students should consult their subject authority for details of further assessment immediately their results are known.

Restrictions upon Students Re-enrolling

The University Council has adopted the following rules governing re-enrolment with the object of requiring students with a record of failure to show cause why they should be allowed to re-enrol and retain valuable class places.

First Year Rule

Students enrolled in the first year of any undergraduate course of study in the University shall be required to show cause why they should be allowed to continue the course if they do not pass the minimum number of subjects, units or credits prescribed for this purpose by the relevant faculty or board of studies.

The prescribed minimum for each undergraduate course may be found in Schedule A* below; the schedule may be varied from time to time by the Professorial Board.

Repeated Failure Rule

Students shall be required to show cause why they should be allowed to repeat a subject which they have falled more than once. Where the subject is prescribed as part of the course they shall also be required to show cause why they should be allowed to continue that course.

General Rule

- 3. (1) Students shall be required to show cause why they should be allowed to repeat a subject they have failed if the assessment committee of the faculty or board of studies so decides on the basis of previous failures in that subject or in a related subject. Where the subject is prescribed as part of the course they shall also be required to show cause why they should be allowed to continue their course.
- (2) Students shall be required to show cause why they should be allowed to continue their course if the assessment committee of the faculty or board of studies so decides on the basis of their academic record.

The Session-Unit System

- 4. (1) Students who infringe the provisions of Rules 1. or 2. at the end of Session 1 of any year will be allowed to repeat the subject(s) (if offered) and/or continue the course in Session 2 of that year, subject to the rules of progression in the course.
- (2) Such students will be required to show cause at the end of the year, except that students who infringe Rule 2. at the end of Session 1, and repeat the subjects in question in Session 2, and pass them, will not be required to show cause on account of any such subjects.

Exemption from Rules by Faculties

- 5. (1) A faculty or board of studies examinations committee may, in special circumstances, exempt students from some or all of the provisions of Rules 1. and 2.
- (2) Such students will not be required to show cause under such provisions and will be notified accordingly by the Registrar.

Showing Cause

- 6. (1) Students wishing to show cause must apply for special permission to re-enrol. Application should be made on the form available from the Registrar and must be lodged with the Registrar by the dates published annually by the Registrar. A late application may be accepted at the discretion of the University.
- (2) Each application shall be considered by the Admissions and Re-enrolment Committee of the relevant faculty or board of studies which shall determine whether the cause shown is adequate to justify the granting of permission to re-enrol.

^{*}See Schedule A immediately below.

Appeal

- 7. (1) Students who are excluded by the Admissions and Re-enrolment Committee from a course and/or subject under the provisions of the Rules will have their applications to re-enrol reconsidered automatically by the Re-enrolment Committee of the Professorial Board.
- (2) Students whose exclusion is upheld by the Re-enrolment Committee may appeal to an Appeal Committee constituted by Council for this purpose with the following membership:

A Pro-Vice-Chancellor, nominated by the Vice-Chancellor who shall be Chairman.

The Chairman of the Professorial Board, or if its chairman is unable to serve, a member of the Professorial Board, nominated by the Chairman of the Professorial Board, or when the Chairman of the Professorial Board is unable to make a nomination, nominated by the Vice-Chairman.

One of the category of members of the Council elected by the graduates of the University, nominated by the Vice-Chancellor.

The decision of the Committee shall be final.

- (3) The notification to students of a decision which has been upheld by the Re-enrolment Committee of the Professorial Board to exclude them from re-enrolling in a course and/or subject shall indicate that they may appeal against that decision to the Appeal Committee. The appeal must be lodged with the Registrar within fourteen days of the date of notification of exclusion; in special circumstances a late appeal may be accepted at the discretion of the Chairman of the Appeal Committee. In lodging such an appeal with the Registrar students should provide a complete statement of all grounds on which the appeal is based.
- (4) The Appeal Committee shall determine appeals after consideration of each appellant's academic record, application for special permission to re-enrol, and stated grounds of appeal. In particular circumstances, the Appeal Committee may require students to appear in person.

Exclusion

- 8. (1) Students who are required to show cause under the provisions of Rules 1. or 3. and either do not attempt to show cause or do not receive special permission to re-enrol from the Admissions and Re-enrolment Committee (or the Re-enrolment Committee on appeal) shall be excluded, for a period not in excess of two years, from re-enrolling in the subjects and courses on account of which they were required to show cause. Where the subjects falled are prescribed as part of any other course (or courses) they shall not be allowed to enrol in any such course.
- (2) Students required to show cause under the provisions of Rule 2, who either do not attempt to show cause or do not receive special permission to re-enrol from the Admissions and Re-enrolment Committee (or the Re-enrolment

Committee on appeal) shall be excluded, for a period not in excess of two years, from re-enrolling in any subject they have failed twice. Where the subjects failed are prescribed as part of a course they shall also be excluded from that course. Where the subjects failed are prescribed as part of any other course (or courses) they shall not be allowed to enrol in any such course.

Re-admission after Exclusion

- 9. (1) Excluded students may apply for re-admission after the period of exclusion has expired.
- (2) (a) Applications for re-admission to a course should be made to the Universities and Colleges Admissions Centre before the closing date for normal applications in the year prior to that in which re-admission is sought. Such applications will be considered by the Admissions and Reenrolment Committee of the relevant faculty or board of studies.
- (b) Applications for re-admission to a subject should be made to the Registrar before 30 November in the year prior to that in which re-admission is sought. Such applications will be considered by the relevant subject authority.
- (3) Applications should include evidence that the circumstances which were deemed to operate against satisfactory performance at the time of exclusion are no longer operative or are reduced in intensity and/or evidence of action taken (including enrolment in course/s) to improve capacity to resume studies.
- (4) Students whose applications for re-admission to a course or subject that are unsuccessful (see §. (2) (a), (b) respectively) will be invited to appeal to the Re-Enrolment Committee of the Professorial Board. The decision of the Re-Enrolment Committee will be final.
- 10. Students who fail a subject at the examinations in any year or session and re-enrol in the same course in the following year or session must include in their programs of studies for that year or session the subject which they failed. This requirement will not be applicable if the subject is not offered the following year or session, is not a compulsory component of a particular course, or if there is some other cause which is acceptable to the Professorial Board for not immediately repeating the failed subject.

Restrictions and Definitions

- 11. (1) These rules do not apply to students enrolled in programs leading to a higher degree or graduate diploma.
- (2) A subject is defined as a unit of instruction identified by a distinctive subject number.

Schedule A

(See First Year Rule 1. above)

Where the minimum requirement is half the program, this is defined as half the sum of the unit values of all the subjects in the program where the unit value for each subject in a course is defined as follows:

Feculty/Board of Studies	Minimum Requirement	Course	Unit Values (UV)
Applied Science	Half the program	3000-3220 4190-4220	One-session subjects: UV 1 Two-session subjects: UV 2
Architecture	Half the program	3270, 3330	Elective subjects: UV 0 All other subjects: appropriate UV corresponding to credit points*
		3320 3360, 3380	Elective subjects: UV 0 All other subjects: UV equal to the allocated hours*
Arts	18 first- level credit points	3400, 3410	
Biological Sciences	2 subjects (or their Science unit or Arts credit-point equivalent)	3430	
Commerce	Three subjects	3490-3595 FT in both sessions	
	Two subjects	3490-3595 PT in either session	
Engineering	Half the program	3600-3750	One-session subjects: UV 1 Two-session subjects: UV 2
Law	Half the program	4710-4790	One-session subjects: UV 1 Two-session subjects: UV 2
Medicine	Half the program	3800	80.010\UV3 81.001:\UV3 81.002:\UV6 70.001:\UV4 General Studies: UV1
Military Studies	Haif the program	8A, BSc	All subjects: UV 1
		8E	All subjects: appropriate weighted mark*

Faculty/Board of Studies	Minimum Requirement	Course	Unit Values (UV)
Professional Studies	Half the program	4030, 4040	All subjects: UV 1
		4070-4080	One-session subjects: UV 1
			Two-session subjects: UV 2
Science	Half the program	3910, 3950	All subjects: appropriate UV*
			General Studies: UV 1
Science and Mathematics	Half the program	3970	All subjects: appropriate UV*
			General Studies: UV 1

Admission to Degree or Diploma

Students whose current program will enable them to complete all requirements for the degree or diploma, including industrial training where necessary, should lodge with the Registrar the form Application for Admission to Degree/Diploma and return it to the Registrar by the second Monday in May for the October ceremonies, and the first Tuesday in October for all other ceremonies. The forms are available from the Student Enquiry Counter in the north wing of the Chancellery.

Students who have indicated on their enrolment form that they are potential graduands are forwarded an application form with their Enrolment Details form in September (or, in the case of students who expect to satisfy requirements at the end of Session 1, with the form issued in April). Students who do not complete an application form will not graduate; students who do not return their application form by the due date will graduate at a later series of ceremonies.

Students enrolled in courses 3400, 3910 and 3970 who have completed an application form to graduate at the pass level and who then decide to proceed to an honours year should advise the Registrar, in writing before 1 September for those completing requirements at the end of Session 1, or before 28 February for those completing requirements at the end of Session 2.

A list of graduands in Medicine who have applied for their degree is published in *The Sydney Morning Herald* in December.

A list of graduands other than Medicine who have applied for their degree/diploma and who expect to graduate in October is published in *The Sydney Morning Herald* on the second Wednesday in September.

A list of grāduands other than Medicine who have applied for their degree/diploma and who expect to graduate in April/May the following year is published in *The Sydney Morning Herald* on the second Wednesday in March.

Students who are potential graduands and who wish to notify the Registrar of a change of address should submit

^{*}For details see the appropriate Faculty Handbook.

an additional form Final Year Students' Graduation: Change of Address.

Attendance at Classes

Students are expected to be regular and punctual in attendance at all classes in the subjects in which they are enrolled. All applications for exemption from attendance at classes of any kind must be made in writing to the Recistrar.

In the case of illness or of absence for some other unavoidable cause students may be excused by the Registrar for non-attendance at classes for a period of not more than one month or, on the recommendation of the Dean of the appropriate faculty, for a longer period.

Absence from Classes

Explanations of absences from classes, or requests for permission to be absent from forthcoming classes, should be addressed to the Registrar and, where applicable, should be accompanied by a medical certificate. If examinations or other forms of assessment have been missed, this should be stated in the application.

If students attend less than eighty per cent of their possible classes they may be refused final assessment.

Student Records

Confirmation of Enrolment Program notices are sent to all students on 2 May and 19 September. It is not necessary to return these forms unless any of the information recorded is incorrect. Amended forms must be returned to the Student Records and Scholarships Office within fourteen days. Amendments notified after the closing date will not be accepted unless exceptional circumstances exist and approval is obtained from the Registrar. Amended forms returned to the Registrar will be acknowledged in writing within fourteen days.

Release of Information to Third Parties

The University treats results of assessment and information it receives from a student as confidential and will not reveal such information to third parties without the permission of the student except at the discretion of senior officers in circumstances considered of benefit to the student and when it is either impossible or impracticable to gain the student's prior permission. This happens rarely. This policy is considered so important that it often involves officers of the University in very difficult situations, for example, when they must refuse to reveal the address of a student to parents or other relatives.

In spite of the policy, all students should be aware that students' addresses are eagerly sought by various commercial agents and that subterfuges of various kinds can be used to obtain them. From time to time, for example, people claiming to be from the University telephone students or their families and ask for information (usually another student's address) which is often given, unsuspectingly. There is evidence that this is a technique used by some commercial agents.

It would be generally helpful if students (and their families and friends) are cautious in revealing information, making it a practice to ask the name, position, and telephone extension of any caller claiming to be from the University and, if suspicious, returning the call to the extension given.

Change of Address

The Student Records and Scholarships Office of the Registrar's Division should be notified as soon as possible of any change of address. Failure to do this could lead to important correspondence (including results of assessment) going astray. The University cannot accept responsibility if official communications fail to reach students who have not given notice of their change of address. Change of Address Advice forms are available at Faculty and School offices and from the Student Enquiry Counter in the north wing of the Chancellery.

All communications from the University will be sent to the Session or Term address except when arrangements are made otherwise in the case of results of assessment (see Examinations: Availability of Resulta, earlier in this section). Change of Address Advice forms will be accepted up to Friday 25 November, except for final-year students wishing to change their Application for Admission for Degree/Diploma form. Changes to this form will be accepted up to a date four weeks before the student's graduation geremony.

Ownership of Students' Work

The University reserves the right to retain at its own discretion the original or one copy of any drawings, models, designs, plans and specifications, essays, theses or other work executed by students as part of their courses, or submitted for any award or competition conducted by the University.

Notices

Official University notices are displayed on the noticeboards and students are expected to be acquainted with the notices which concern them. These boards are in the Biological Sciences Building, the Mathews Building, the Chancellery (lower ground floor), Central Lecture Block, Dalton Building (Chemistry), Main Building (Physics and Mining) and in the Western Grounds Area.

Parking within the University Grounds

A limited amount of parking is available on campus. Copies of the University's parking rules may be obtained on application to Room 240, the Chancellery.

Academic Dress

information about the University's academic dress requirements may be obtained from the Alumni and Ceremonials Saction, Room 148E, the Chancellery (phone extension 2998).

Further Information

Lost Property

All enquiries concerning lost property should be made to the Superintendent on extension 3892 or to the Lost Property Office at the Union.

The Calendar

Please consult the Calendar for a more detailed account of the information contained in this section.

Vice-Chancellor's Official Welcome to New Students

All students initially enrolling in the University are officially welcomed by the Vice-Chancellor and Principal at the following times:

Full-time Students In the Faculties of Architecture, Arts, Biological Sciences, Commerce, Law: Thursday 3 March 1983 11 am in the Clancy Auditorium

In the Faculties of Applied Science, Engineering, Medicine, Professional Studies, Science, and the Board of Studies in Science and Mathematics:

Friday 4 March 1983 10 am in the Clancy Auditorium

Part-time Students All courses: Tuesday 8 March 1983 7.00 pm in the Clancy Auditorium

Meeting for Parents of New Students

Friday 4 March 1983 7.30 pm in the Clancy Auditorium

Dean's Letter to New Students

Most of the information in this Handbook is set out in a formal manner, as is the way with universities. However, I would like, on behalf of the staff, to extend a warm welcome to the students of 1983 and to provide a little background material.

This is still a relatively new Law School. We took our first students in 1971 and held our first graduation ceremony in 1976. Yet even in this short time important changes have taken place. We have grown from a small group of staff and students, all of whom knew each other, to a school with over 1200 students and 50 academic members of staff. During this time the economic climate has changed significantly, with consequences both for the resources available to universities and employment opportunities for law graduates.

These developments, and particularly the transition from a small school to a large one, have required the Law School to adapt in a variety of ways. Nevertheless the values established in the early days remain of paramount importance to us. These include an emphasis on effective teaching to groups which are as small as resources permit, carefully constructed methods of assessment, and an effort to develop links with disciplines other than law. Student representatives are actively involved in the deliberations of the School and Faculty. There is groups, such as Aboriginal students and mature age entrants.

A curriculum with a wide range of optional subjects has been developed in response to the diverse range of interests of staff and students in many areas of the law. The fact that a large proportion of our students choose the Commerce/Law course is reflected in the substantial program of business law electives which are offered. There are many electives which reflect concern about the welfare of various groups in the community.

New approaches to legal education in recent years continue the innovative approach of the Law School's founders. These are reflected in efforts to incorporate clinical legal training into the curriculum, in a scheme to bring distinguished practitioners into the Law School as teachers for six-month periods and in experiments with computer uses in the law. At the same time the output of legal scholarship and research into more theoretical areas has increased.

Our graduates have been well received in the legal profession and in other areas. Employment opportunities in recent years, especially for students with good records, have been quite bright. We have developed a placement program to help students find summer employment prior to graduation and employment on graduation.

The Law School has also built a reputation for concern about the adequacy of the law to meet social and economic needs within the community. Our staff, students and graduates have been actively involved in a range of areas where there is concern about the welfare of underprivileged groups within the community, or doubts about the objectives or effectiveness of regulatory action and the court system. These activities are consistent with the responsibility of a Law School within a University to question the adequacy of existing arrangements and goals within the community, in addition to discharging its obligations with respect to teaching and basic research.

We are conscious that the reputation of our Law School depends upon the performance of both academic staff and students within the University and outside. We are aware of the problems associated with a large and busy Law School but are determined to maintain high standards of teaching and close contacts between staff and students.

If you have any problems you will always find someone in the Law School very willing to assist you. We wish you every success and we look forward to working with you.

Don Harding

Dean

Faculty Information

Who to Contact

If you require advice about enrolment, degree requirements, progression within courses, career advice or any other general faculty matters contact one of the following: Margaret Stone, Executive Assistant to the Dean (Room 1008): Pamela Monk, Senior Administrative Officer (Room 1008): Jane Trethewey, Administrative Assistant (Room 1010).

Important: As changes may be made to information provided in this handbook, students should frequently consult the noticeboards of the school and the official noticeboards of the University.

Faculty of Law Enrolment Procedures

All students re-enrolling in 1983 should obtain a copy of the free booklet Enrolment Procedures 1983 available from School Offices and the office of the Admissions Section. This booklet provides detailed information on enrolment procedures and fees, enrolment timetables by Faculty and course, enrolment as a miscellaneous student, locations and hours of Cashiers and late enrolments.

Law Library

The Law Library is situated on the eighth and ninth levels of the Library Tower and contains approximately 100,000 volumes. Rob Brian is the Law Librarian, assisted by Deputly Law Librarian Jack Moulos and Librarians Margaret Bettison, Donald Goodsell and Cheryl White.

During Orientation Week and the first weeks of session,

guided tours of the Law Library are conducted. Since the various courses provided in the Law School require extensive use of the Library and its materials, all students are urged to attend one of these tours. Legal Research and Writing classes assume that students have attended the orientation tours.

The Librarians and the other ten staff members are always ready to assist readers to make the best use of the Library's collection. Further useful information may be found in the Library Guide, which is available from the Library.

Professional Associates

In addition to full-time teaching staff in the Faculty of Law, each year there is a small number of distinguished members of the legal profession in New South Wales who work in close association with full-time teachers. They participate in all aspects of the presentation of courses covered by their professional specialization. The following practitioners are currently associated with the Faculty in the areas indicated:

Contracts

Stephen William Cavanagh, LLB Syd., LLM Lond. Barrister-at-Law

Conveyancing and Land Transactions Izaz M. Khan, BA *Qld.*, LLB *N.S.W.*, LLM *Syd* Barrister-at-Law

Industrial and Intellectual Property David Michael Gonski, BCom LLB N.S.W.

Enrolment Photographs

In order to assist the staff to get to know individual students, new students are required to present a passport sized photograph when enrolling. As the number of students enrolled at the Faculty of Law has grown considerably over the last few years: a special effort is being made to develop and maintain contact between students and staff.

Assessment of Student Progress

Formal examinations are not the only method the Law School will use to assess students, and other methods will be announced from time to time. The staff are always interested to near what students think are fair methods of assessment.

Full-time Status

Students are reminded that a full-time course program is intended for students who devote the principal part of their available time to their course. Any additional commitment, in the form of paid work, training for sport at a significant level of achievement or voluntary work in community organizations, is bound to have an effect on a student's work. Past experience shows that commitment beyond 10-15 hours per week almost invariably has an adverse effect on student performance and in some cases has led directly to failure.

Students are strongly advised that, if outside commitment of this order is likely to be maintained consistently over a session, the commitment should be discussed in advance with the Executive Assistant to the Dean or the Serior Administrative Officer and teachers should also be made aware of the circumstances in advance. Failure to do this may prejudice the possibility that the outside commitment is taken into account in relation to such matters as extensions of time for written work. It should be noted, however, that it is the individual teachers who determine whether outside commitments should constitute grounds for special consideration in meeting the requirements of particular subjects.

Guidelines for Maximum Workload

Any student who wishes to take extra subjects because of earlier failure or for any other reason is usually permitted to undertake a maximum of five subjects, including law subjects totalling no more than 16 law credit points, in any one session. Permission to take more than this amount is given only in exceptional circumstances and on the basis of a written application submitted in advance of the relevant session or sessions outlining all the circumstances.

Student Clubs and Societies

Students have the opportunity of joining a wide range of clubs and societies. Many of these are affiliated with the Students Union. There are numerous religious, social and cultural clubs and also many sporting clubs which are affiliated with the Sports Association.

Gubs and societies seeking to use the name of the University in their title, or seeking University recognition, must submit their constitutions either to the Students. Union or the Sports Association if they wish to be affiliated with either of these bodies, or to the Registrar for approval by the University Council.

The University of New South Wales Law Society

The UNSW Law Society was formed early in 1971 and all law students are automatically members. The committee of the UNSW Law Society organizes academic, social and sporting activities and represents the law students in student affairs. The committee takes office on 1 November each year after an election.

Law students are welcome to contact the Law Society direct or through the pigeon-holes and noticeboard which are located near the Faculty office.

The Law Society Executive in 1983 is.

President. Raoul Lake

Treasurer Christopher Fox

Student Members of Faculty

Each year in October up to six students are elected to membership of Faculty for the following year. All students enrolled in the Faculty are eligible to stand for election and to vote.

Student Members attend Faculty meetings and sit on various Faculty and School Committees. One such committee is the School's Assessment Committee held after the end of each session at which the Student Members are able to make representations on behalf of any student in difficulties who seeks their assistance.

Student Members of Faculty in 1583 are.

Andrew Bouris

Dorothea Georgiades

Julia Hali

Angela Nanson

Richard Phillips

Dena Yehia

Faculty of Law

The Faculty of Law enrolled its first students in 1971. The Faculty offers two degrees: Bachelor of Laws (LLB) and Bachelor of Jurisprudence (BJuris). The LLB degree is designed as a professional degree which will satisfy the academic requirements for admission to practice. It is offered as part of four undergraduate combined courses involving five years of full-time study, and leading to the award of two degrees. The LLB degree is offered to students who already possess a first degree as a three-year full-time course. It is also offered as a part-time course which requires six years' study.

The BJuris degree is not designed to provide a professional qualification and is now offered as a separate degree, though previously it was only available as part of the combined Jurisprudence/Law course.

The Law School is situated on the main university campus and seeks to take full advantage of the opportunities this provides for interdisciplinary study. Law is a system of authority and regulation in society, and must respond to social needs and changes. The rapidly changing and highly sophisticated society of the next half century will cail for lawyers who are not merely competent but who are roundly educated men and women, ready to adapt to continuing change, sensitive to social issues, and equipped to deal with an increasingly educated public. The Law School seeks to produce graduates who are ready to take up the challenges, not only of an expanding role for the practitioner, but of the many other occupations where the value of a lawyer's skills is increasingly recognized.

Bachelor of Laws

The Bachelor of Laws degree (whether taken as part of a combined course or separately) is designed to give a student a sound knowledge of a number of areas of law that are fundamental to legal work, a broad conspectus of the legal system as a whole, the experience of working in depth or specializing in a significant number of areas of choice, and an opportunity to develop certain specific legal skills.

These objectives are reflected in the various elements of the course; but the real development of the student's potential as a lawyer depends as much on the learning situation, as on what is learnt. The aim is to keep formal lecturing to a minimum, with students learning from the beginning to find the law for themselves. The main purpose of class contact is to develop the student's capacity to deal with the law after finding it—to interpret it, analyse it, criticize it, see the possibilities of distinction and development, relate it to real problems and use it efficiently and creatively. This requires the active participation of students in sufficiently small groups to allow interaction between the minds of student and teacher, and student and student. A class is normally scheduled over a continuous period of two hours.

Subjects taught in the Law Faculty extend over one or two sessions each of 14 weeks; in either case there is usually some form of examination at the end of a session. However, examinations are only one method of assessing students,

as other work undertaken during the year is also taken into account.

On the completion of each law subject a student is allotted a specified number of credit points. To obtain the degree each student must build up at least the required total number, and also satisfy other requirements.

If the combined Commerce/Law, Science/Law or Arts/Law courses are taken the required total of credit points for Law subjects is 81, in the combined Jurisprudence/Law course (where there are fewer non-Law subjects), it is 93, in the LLB course for graduates or the part-time LLB course, it is 75. In each case compulsory subjects total 45 points, leaving the balance to be made up from elective subjects.

Students who have attended and satisfactorily completed subjects in a Law School at another recognized university may, on application, receive standing for those subjects provided that their application falls within the University and Faculty rules on advanced standing. Students already enrolled in the Faculty of Law who wish to intercalate a period of study overseas, and who wish to seek advanced standing for law subjects studied, are strongly advised to seek advice from the Executive Assistant to the Dean well before arrangements for entry to the overseas Law School are linalized.

The relevant Rules are set out separately, and compulsory and elective subjects are listed in Rule 5. appearing later under Rules for Award of Degrees.

Bachelor of Jurisprudence

The Bachelor of Jurisprudence (BJuris), unlike the LLB degree, is not designed to provide a qualification for the professional practice of law. It provides a basic knowledge of law, an opportunity to study selected legal subjects of special interest, and significant study in other faculties of subjects relevant to an understanding of the working of the law. Various combinations of Law subjects and non-Law subjects are possible and a course may be moulded to meet various vocational ends, eg for industrial officers or advocates, public servants, business executives, law librarians.

Teaching methods in law subjects are the same as in the LLB degree course.

The BJuris degree is available as a pass degree in the Jurisprudence/Law course, which combines the most extensive legal education with the study of important related subjects in other faculties. It is also available as a separate course.

Qualification as Barrister or Solicitor

Admission to practice as a barrister or solicitor in New South Wales is controlled by the Supreme Court of New South Wales and is regulated by Rules of Court. Certain information is set out hereunder as background information, but each student desiring to qualify as a barrister or solicitor should make personal inquiries to the Secretary of the Barristers and Solicitors Admission Boards, Supreme Court, Queens Square, Sydney—telephone 230 8111, extension 8703. This officer will be in a position to advise authoritatively as to the requirements relative to a particular case, and supply the relevant forms and information.

The following requirements are particularly drawn to the notice of students. A student destring to become a barrister must meet certain examination requirements and be admitted as a student-at-law not less than two years before seeking admission to the bar. The examination requirements will be satisfied by possession of the LLB degree of the University and the completion of the course in Trust Accounts and Legal Ethics run by the Barristers and Solicitors Admission Boards.

A student wishing to become a solicitor must meet certain examination requirements, be admitted as a student-at-law not more than six months after the date of commencement of the law course, and attend a six-month full-time practical skills course at the College of Law. The examination requirements will be satisfied by the possession of the LLB degree of the University. After successful completion of the College of Law course students are admitted as solicitors but must practise as employee solicitors for twelve months before embarking on independent practice as fully qualified solicitors.

The College of Law

The College of Law was established by the Law Society of New South Wales in 1974 at St Leonards. The College is not an alternative to University education in law, ie it does not offer courses satisfying the academic requirements for admission to practice as a solicitor. The College does, however, mark a significant change in the system of professional training of prospective solicitors. Previously the practical component of legal education for student clerks was service under Articles of Clerkship in a legal office: alternatively a graduate in law from the Australian National University, University of Sydney, or the University of New South Wales could serve a twelve-month period of full-time graduate articles. The College of Law course, which was introduced in January 1974, is a six-month full-time course which is designed to provide the practical training which would otherwise be obtained in practice

The whole course is related to actual practice as far as possible and covers basic areas of work encountered in legal practice. Students are grouped into 'firms' and work within up-to-date well-equipped 'offices'. They are provided with a variety of practice experiences in a series of legal situations. Each student will proceed to study the material and act on instructions as a member of the firm under supervision of a tutor who will combine the roles of senior partner and what was formerly called 'master solicitor'. During the course students also attend solicitors' offices, barristers' chambers, government departments, courts of all jurisdictions, registries, and professional offices of all types in order to obtain maximum contact with a lawver's work outside the office.

Enquiries regarding the College of Law should be addressed to The Director, The College of Law, PO Box 2. St Leonards, NSW 2065.

ANU Legal Workshop

Each year, a course of professional training for the practice of law is conducted at the Australian National University. The course, which was introduced for the first time in 1972, is a six-month full-time course, conducted by the Legal Workshop of the Faculty of Law. Under reciprocal arrangements, graduates of the Legal Workshop will be entitled to be admitted to practice in New South Wales, but they will at first be given only restricted practising certificates in a manner analogous to students completing the course at the College of Law.

Graduates of the University of New South Wales are eligible to apply for admission to courses run by the Workshop.

Undergraduate Study

Course Outlines

Courses Available

The following courses are available:

- **1.** A five-year combined course leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Jurisprudence and Bachelor of Laws.
- 2. A five-year combined course leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Laws.
- 3. A five-year combined course leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Commerce and Bachelor of Laws.
- 4. A five-year combined course leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Laws.
- A three-year full-time course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Laws, this course is available only to graduates or graduands.
- **6.** A six-year part-time course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Laws.
- A three-year full-time course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Jurisprudence.

Students in courses in the Law Faculty who discover they have made a wrong choice of course within the Faculty should consult the Senior Administrative Officer as soon as possible. It is sometimes possible to effect changes without seriously affecting progress in the new course; the earlier the change can be made the easier the transition.

Combined Jurisprudence/Law Course

4780

Bachelor of Jurisprudence/Bachelor of Laws

This course offers the most extensive legal education. Nonlaw subjects make up approximately one sixth of the combined course, and are selected with regard to their relevance to legal studies.

The main features of the combined Jurisprudence/Law course are as follows.

- The course is a five-year full-time combined course leading to the two degrees of Bachelor of Jurisprudence and Bachelor of Laws (BJuris LLB).
- 2. The first three years of the course include non-Law subjects together with Law subjects totalling 45 credit points.
- Students are required to obtain the approval of the Faculty of Law for their proposed program of non-Law subjects, with an indication of Law electives they intend to study.

Non Law requirements

- (1) The non-Law subjects contribute to the development of the student's capacity as a lawyer and to a more complete understanding of the law. Subjects which have been approved for this purpose are Economics, Economic History, Political Science, Sociology, Philosophy, History, Accountancy, Psychology and Industrial Relations. A student may apply for special approval for another subject.
- (2) One sequence of subjects is studied through to third-year level and another for one year.
- 4. Students must satisfy any subject prerequisites (bill not general Faculity prerequisites) for subjects studied in other faculities. There are no general Faculity prerequisites to courses offered by the Faculity of Law but students must study Law subjects in a sequence approved by the Faculity of Law.
- **5.** The whole of the final two years of the course, as well as part of the first three years, consists of Law subjects.
- 6. The degree of Bachelor of Jurisprudence may be awarded after successful completion of all subjects and units prescribed for the first three years of the course.

A typical structure of a Jurisprudence/Law course is set out below. The subjects listed are compulsory for students who began their course in 1981 and thereafter. Students who began their course before 1981 should consult the Handbook of the year in which they commenced their law studies for the compulsory subjects which apply to them.

Subject A represents a major sequence of three years study in one of the subjects listed in para, **3.** (1) above, subject B represents a subject studied at first year level only from these subjects. Students are strongly advised to consult the Arts and Commerce Faculty Handbooks before completing enrolment or re-enrolment details.

Hours par wook

		S1	rs per	S2
Year 1				
	subject A-I			
Non-law	subject B-I			
90.112	Legai System— Torts	4		4
90.161	Criminal Law	4		4
90.711	Legal Research and Writing	!		1
Year 2				
Non-law	subject A-II			
90.141	Contracts	4		4
90.216	Constitutional and			
	Administrative Law	4	ot	4
90.621	Law, Lawyers and Society	4	Of	4
90.301	Property and Equity	4		4

		Hpw				
		S1	•	S2		
Year 3						
Non-law	subject A-III					
90.882	Law and Social Theory or					
90.832	Legal Theory	4	Of	4		
90.215	Federal Constitutional Law	4	or	4		
90.101	Litigation*	4		4		

*Ill students wish to speciarize by taking advanced electives in the help of business law, they are strongly advased to take Business Associations 1 and 2 at this stage of their course instead of Litigation.

Years 4 and 5

Elective law subjects to complete LLB requirements.

Combined Arts/Law Course

4760

Bachelor of Arts/Bachelor of Laws

This course gives students the maximum freedom to follow their interests in the Faculty of Arts. The Law subjects, while lewer in number than in the Jurisprudence/Law course, satisfy the requirements for the professional LLB degree.

The main features of the combined Arts/Law course are as follows

- The course is a five-year full-time combined course leading to the two degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Laws (BAILB).
- 2. The first three years of the course include (1) Law subjects totalling at least 33 Law credit points and (2) studies in at least three schools offering Arts subjects, to the value of 72 Arts credit points or more, of which at least 36 must be obtained by the completion of an approved major sequence (some Arts schools require more than 36 credit points) in one school, and at least 12 must be Upper Level credit points obtained in another school. For details of approved major sequences in Arts subjects, see each School's entry in the Table of Subjects in the Faculty of Arts Handbook. Where an Arts/Law student completes a Law subject offered to both Arts and Law students the subject is counted as a Law subject.
- 3. Students must satisfy the normal prerequisites for entry to the Arts Facuity, and to individual subjects in that Facuity Arts Facuity subject prerequisites may be checked from the BA Table of Subjects in the current Faculty of Arts Handbook). There are no general Faculty prerequisites to courses offered by the Faculty of Law but students must study Law subjects in a sequence approved by the Faculty of Law.

- 4. A student wishing to take the BA with Honours is required to assume a heavier workload than that required for the study of the BA at pass level, and approval for his or her program must be obtained from the relevant Arts school and the Head of the School of Law. At least one and possibly two additional years of study are required. Alternatively a student may consider first completing the BA degree course with Honours (4 years) and then seeking admission to the three-year LLB course for graduates.
- 5. The degree of Bachelor of Arts may be awarded where a student has successfully completed all requirements in Law and in Arts for the first three years of the course, or where a student has obtained 108 Law and Arts credit points, provided that the student has obtained at least 72 Arts credit points and satisfies the requirements for the award of the Bachelor of Arts degree.
- 6. A student who fails to complete the full program may apply for advanced standing in the Faculty of Arts under Rule 7, of the Faculty of Arts.
- 7. The whole of the final two years of the course, as well as part of the first three years, consists of Law subjects.

A typical Arts/Law course is set out below. The subjects listed are compulsory for students who began their course in 1981 and thereafter. Students who began their course before 1981 should consult the Handbook of the year in which they commenced their law studies for the compulsory subjects which apply to them. For complete details of Arts subjects students must consult the Faculty of Arts Handbook

Hours	per	week
S1		S2

Year 1

Arts School A 12 Level I credit points	;	
Arts School B-12 Level I credit points	S	
Arts School C-12 Level I credit points	3	
90.112 Legal System Torts	4	4
90.711 Legal Research and Writing	1	1

Year 2

Arts Sch	nool A—12 Upper L	evel credit points	
Arts Sch	nool B-12 Upper L	evel credit points	
90.141	Contracts	4	4
90.161	Criminal Law	4	4

Year 3

Auto Cabaal A

Arts Scr	iooi A— 12 Upper Levei creai	t points	5	
90.216	Constitutional and			
	Administrative Law	4	OF	4
90.621	Law, Lawyers and Society	4	or	4
90.301	Property and Equity	4		4

		S1	Hpw	S2
Year 4		31		52
90.882	Law and Social Theory or			
90.832	Legal Theory	4	or	4
90.215	Federal Constitutional Law	4	or	4
90.101	Litigation	4		4
Law elec	ctives to the value of at least	12 cred	dit point	S.

Year 5

Law electives to the value of at least 24 credit points.

Combined Commerce/Law Courses

These courses provide an opportunity to obtain two degrees of professional importance to business, administration and commercial law practice. The Law ingredient is the same as for the combined Arts/Law course, although the overall course is probably somewhat heavier, particularly in the third year.

In Commerce the student may choose one of four specializations—Accounting, Finance and Systems; Economics; Industrial Relations; or Marketing—and may (and in the Accounting, Finance and Systems specialization must) relate the choice of Law electives to the Commerce specialization. For students who later desire to qualify as accountants, completion of the combined Commerce (Accounting, Finance and Systems)/Law course carries substantial exemptions from professional examinations.

The main features of the combined Commerce/Law courses are as follows.

- 1. The courses are of five years' full-time study leading to the two degrees (BCom LLB) of Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting, Finance and Systems; Economics; Industrial Relations, or Marketing) and Bachelor of Laws.
- 2. The student must elect to take one of the four courses at the beginning of the first year. Changes from one commerce course to another before the beginning of the second year may be arranged; enquiries should be made in the first instance to the Senior Administrative Officer, Faculty of Law.
- 3. Students must satisfy the normal prerequisites for entry to the Commerce Faculty and to individual subjects in that Faculty. There are no general Faculty prerequisites to courses offered by the Faculty of Law but students must study Law subjects in a sequence approved by the Faculty of Law.

- **4.** The requirements relating to Honours in the BCom degree are noted at the end of the program for each specialization.
- 5. Under certain circumstances the degree of Bachelor of Commerce may be awarded before the completion of the full inveryear program, but in any event not before the successful completion of the first three years of the combined course. Full details of these conditions may be obtained from the Commerce Faculty Office or the Commerce Faculty Handbook. Any student who fails to complete the full program may apply for advanced standing in the Faculty of Commerce.

Notwithstanding the above regulations, students undertaking the combined Bachelor of Commerce(Honours)/Bachelor of Laws course may be awarded the degree of Bachelor of Commerce(Honours) once they have completed the honours year and the Commerce and Law requirements of the first three years of the BCom(Honours)/LLB course.

6. The whole of the final two years of the course, as well as part of the first three years, consists of Law subjects. The Law subjects listed below are compulsory for students who began their course in 1981 and thereafter. Students who began their course before 1981 should consult the Handbook of the year in which they commenced their law studies for the compulsory subjects which apply to them.

4730

Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting, Finance and Systems)/Bachelor of Laws

		Hours per week		
		S1	S2	
Year 1				
14.501	Accounting and Financial			
	Management IA	41/2		
14.511	Accounting and Financial			
	Management IB		4 1/2	
15.001	Microeconomics I	31/2		
15.011	Macroeconomics I		31/2	
15.411	Quantitative Methods IA*	$3V_2$		
15.421	Quantitative Methods IB*		$3V_{2}$	
90.112	Legal System—Torts	4	4	
90.711	Legal Research and Writing	1	1	

^{*}The Head of the School of Accountancy may permit students to substitute Quantitative Methods IA (Advanced) for Quantitative Methods IA, or suitably qualified students to substitute 10.001 or 10.011 for Quantitative Methods IA and IB. For details see the relevant entry in the Commerce Handbook

		Нрм	1
		S1	\$2
Year 2			
14.522	Accounting and Financial Management IIA	41/2	
14.542	Accounting and Financial Management IIB		4 1/2
15.002	Microeconomics II or		
15.072	Economics IIE or		
15.212	Managerial Economics		4
15.042	Macroeconomics II or		
15.062	Economics IID		4
90.141	Contracts	4	4
90.161	Criminal Law	4	4

Year 3

14.563	Accounting and Financial Management IIIA	41/2		
14.583	Accounting and Financial Management IIIB			41/2
14.602	Computer Information Systems I	3		
14.613	Business Finance II			3
90.216	Constitutional and			
	Administrative Law	4	or	4
90.621	Law, Lawyers and Society	4	or	4
90.301	Property and Equity	4		4

Note Students who wish to take the BCom Honours Degree must take 14 532 IIB (Honours), 14 552 IIB (Honours), 14.573 IIIA (Honours) and 14.593 IIIB (Honours) in lieu of the corresponding pass subjects, and unless they have the permission of the Head of School they must interpolate an honours year in Accounting between Years 3 and 4 of the above program.

Year 4

90.882	Law and Social Theory or			
90.832	Legal Theory	4	10	4
90.215	Federal Constitutional Law	4	or	4
90.101	Litigation	4		4
Law electives to the value of at least 12 credit points.‡				

Year 5

Law electives to the value of at least 24 credit points.‡

†The electives must include 90.401 and 90.402 and two other electives are to be selected in the field of business law, unless approval is received to the contrary, which will be given in exceptional circumstances only.

[&]quot;Laboratory sessions as required are additional to the prescribed hours

4740							S1	Hpw S2
	elor of Commerce (Eco elor of Laws	nomi	cs)/		Year 4			
Duom	Sion of Laws	Hour S1	sper v	veek* S2	90.882 90.832 90.215 90.101 Law ele	Law and Social Theory <i>or</i> Theories of Law Federal Constitutional Law Litigation ctives to the value of at least	4 4 4 12 credi	or 4 or 4 4 t points.
Year 1					Year 5			
15.411 15.421 14.501	Quantitative Methods IA‡ Quantitative Methods IB‡ Accounting and Financial Management IA	3 1/2		31/2		ctives to the value of at least :	24 credi	t points.
14.511	Accounting and Financial Management IB			41/2				
15.001 15.011 90.112	Microeconomics I Macroeconomics I Legal System — Torts	3½ 4		3½ 4	4750 Bache	elor of Commerce (Ind	ustrial	
90.711	Legal Research and Writing	1		1	Relati	ions)/Bachelor of Laws	•	
Year 2							Hours S1	s per week* S2
15.002 15.042 15.412	Microeconomics II Macroeconomics II Quantitative Economic	4		4	Year 1		<u>ي</u>	52
15.103 90.141	Techniques A International Economics Contracts	3		4 4	15.411 15.421 14.501	Quantitative Methods IA‡ Quantitative Methods IB‡ Accounting and Financial	31/2	31/2
90.161	Criminal Law	4		4	14.511	Management IA Accounting and Financial Management IB	4 1/2	41/2
‡‡Tne He Quantitativ	ry sessions as required are additional to ad of the School of Economics may p re Methods IA (Advanced) for Quantita tudents to substitute 10,001 or 10,011 for	ermit stu tive Meth	dents to	substitute or suitably	15.001 15.011 90.112	Microeconomics I Macroeconomics I Legal System—Torts	3½ 4	3½ 4
IB. For det Note: Stud	ans see the relevant entry in the Comme dents who wish to take the BCom Hono. 15.113 Economics (Honours), 15.052 M	rce Hand urs degre	ibook. e must ta	ike 15.012	90.711	Legal Research and Writing	i	1
15.013 (Ho and must i	mours) and 15.153 (Honours) in lieu of the nterpolate an nonours year in Economics	correspo between	nding pas Years 3 a	ss subjects nd 4 of the	Year 2			
	gram, except that with the permission of an honours year at a later stage.	the Head	of Schoo	l a student	15.511 15.525 15.526	Industrial Relations IA Industrial Relations IIA Industrial Relations IIB Option—a subject other	3 3	3
15.003 15.422	Macroeconomics III Quantitative Economic	4				than a law subject to be chosen from the list in Rule 22.		3
15.143	Techniques B‡ Microeconomics III†			3 4	90.141 90.161	Contracts Criminal Law	4	4
10.140	Economics option to be chosen from the list in			4	Year 3		4	4
90.216	Rule 17. Constitutional and	3						
	Administrative Law	4	Of	4	15.534 15.062	Industrial Relations IIIA Economics IID† or	4	
90.621	Law, Lawyers and Society Property and Equity	4	or	4 4	15.042	Macroeconomics II	4	
†Students	who have passed Economics IIB or IIB (lonours) b		not passed	15.535 15.555 90.216	Industrial Relations IIIB Labour Market Economics Constitutional and		3
instead of	s IIIB or IIIB (Honours) before 1980 must t Microeconomics III.					Administrative Law	4	or 4
‡Students substitute a	may, with the permission of the Head of the option from the list in Rule 17, for Quantit	ne Depart ative Ecor	ment of E nomic Tec	conomics, hniques B.	90.621 90.301	Law, Lawyers and Society Property and Equity	4 4	or 4 4

How

4

		S1		S2			S1	S2
Year 4					Year 2	!		
90.882	Law and Social Theory or				28.012	Marketing Systems	4	
90.832	Legal Theory	4	or	4	28.032	Behavioural Science	4	
90.215	Federal Constitutional Law	4	or	4	15.072	Economics IIE or		
90.101	Litigation	4		4	15.212	Managerial Economics		4
Law ele	ctives to the value of at least 1	2 cred	iit poini	ts.	28.052	Marketing Research		4
					28.042	Consumer Behaviour		4
					90.141	Contracts	4	4

Hours per week

Year 5

Law electives to the value of at least 24 credit points.

*Laboratory sessions as required are additional to the prescribed hours.

‡The Head of the School of Economics may permit students to substitute Quantitative Methods IA (Advanced) for Quantitative Methods IA, or suitably qualified students to substitute 10 001 or 10.011 for Quantitative Methods IA and IB. For details see the relevant entry in the Commerce Handbook.

(Students may take the second year Economics unit listed in Session 1, Year 3 (15.062 or 15.042) in Session 2, Year 2 in place of the Session 2, Year 2 Rule 23, option, and may take that option in Session 1, Year 3 instead.

Note: Students who wish to take the BCom Honours Degree must take 15.528 (Honours), 15.529 (Honours), 15.538 (Honours) and 15.539 (Honours) in lieu of the corresponding pass subjects and must interpolate an honours year between Years 3 and 4 of the above program, except that with the permission of the Head of School a Student may take an honour year at a fater stage.

Year 3

90.161 Criminal Law

15.062	Economics IID	4		
28.073	Strategic Marketing	4		
28.093	Marketing Information			
	Management			4
28.082	Managerial Marketing			4
90.216	Constitutional and			
	Administrative Law	4	or	4
90.621	Law, Lawyers and Society	4	or	4
90.301	Property and Equity	4		4

Year 4

90.882	Law and Social Theory or			
90.832	Legal Theory	4	or	4
90.215	Federal Constitutional Law	4	or	4
90.101	Litigation	4		4

Law electives to the value of at least 12 credit points.

4710

Bachelor of Commerce (Marketing)/

		Hours p	er week* S2
Year 1			
14.501	Accounting and Financial Management IA	4 1/2	
14.511	Accounting and Financial Management IB		4 1/2
15.001 15.011	Microeconomics I Macroeconomics I	31/2	31/2
15.411 15.421	Quantitative Methods IA** Quantitative Methods IB**	31/2	31/2
90.112	Legal System—Torts	4	4
90.711	Legal Research and Writing	1	1

Year 5

Law electives to the value of at least 24 credit points.

Note: Students who wish to take the BCorri Hondurs degree course must take 28.143 (Hondurs) as an additional Year 3 subject, and must interpolate an hondurs year botween Years 3 and 4 of the above program, except that with the permission of the Head of School, a student may enrol in an hondurs year at a later stage.

^{*}Laboratory sessions as required are additional to the prescribed hours.

^{**}The Head of The School of Marketing may permit students to substitute Quantitative Methods IA (Advanced) for Quantitative Methods IA, or suitably qualified students to substitute 10.001 or 10.011 for Quantitative Methods IA and to

Combined Science/Law Course

4770

as follows:

Bachelor of Science/Bachelor of Laws

This course gives the students the maximum freedom to follow their interests in the subjects controlled by the Board of Studies in Science and Mathematics. The Law ingredient is the same as for the combined Arts/Law course although the

overall course is probably somewhat heavier, particularly in second and third years.

4. The country is a first country in the country in the country is a first country in the countr

The main features of the combined Science/Law course are

The course is a five-year full-time combined course leading to the two degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Laws (BSc LLB).

2. The first three years of the course include at least 18 units in the Science course together with Law subjects totalling at least 33 credit points. The remaining two years of the course comprise Law subjects totalling at least 48 credit points.

3. The eighteen Science course units must contain no more than eight Level I units of which two must be Mathematics I and at least four Level III units which must be chosen from related disciplines.

Students must satisfy the normal prerequisites for entry to the Board of Studies in Science and Mathematics and to individual subjects there.

There are no general Faculty prerequisites to courses offered by the Faculty of Law but students must study Law subjects in a sequence approved by the Faculty of Law.

5. Students desiring to take the BSc degree course with Honours are not able to complete the course in five years and must obtain approval from the Faculty of Law and the Board of Studies in Science and Mathematics for their programs. With the approval of the relevant school and of the Head of the School of Law, a student may follow a special program which can be completed by two additional years of study. Alternatively the student may consider first completing a BSc degree with Honours (4 years) and then seeking admission to the three-year LLB course for graduates.

6. The degree of Bachelor of Science is not awarded until the completion of the full five-year program, but any student who fails to complete the full program may apply for advanced standing in the Board of Studies in Science and Mathematics.

Students contemplating enrolling in this course should consult fully with the Board of Studies in Science and Mathematics and with the Head of the School of Law before enrollment.

A typical structure of a Science/Law course is set out below. Approved programs for Years 1, 2 and 3 are set out in the Sciences Handbook and other sequences of subjects may be approved by the Board of Studies in Science and Mathematics and the Facuity of Law. The law subjects listed below are compulsory for students who began their course in 1981 and thereafter. Students who began their course before 1981 should consult the Handbook of the year in which they commenced their law studies for the compulsory subjects which apply to them.

Hours per week S1 S2

Year 1

Six Leve	el I Science units,		
two of w	hich must be		
Mathem	atics I		
90.112	Legal System—Torts	4	4
90.711	Legal Research and Writing	1	1

Year 2

Two Le	vel I Science units		
Four Le	vel II Science units		
90.141	Contracts	4	4
90.161	Criminal Law	4	4

Year 3

Two Leve	el II Science units			
Four Lev	el III Science units			
90.216	Constitutional and			
	Administrative Law	4	or	4
90.621	Law, Lawyers and Society	4	or	4
90.301	Property and Equity	4		4

Year 4

90.882	Law and Social Theory or			
90.832	Legal Theory	4	01	4
90.215	Federal Constitutional Law	4	or	4
90.101	Litigation	4		4

Law electives to the value of at least 12 credit points.

Year 5

Law electives to the value of at least 24 credit points.

Bachelor of Laws Degree Course (Full-time) for Graduates or Graduands

4790

Bachelor of Laws

This course enables students who have already completed another degree to obtain the Bachelor of Laws degree (the nature of which has been described earlier in the handbook) by three years' full-time study. The main features of the course are as follows:

- 1. The course is of three years' full-time study leading to the Bachelor of Laws degree.
- 2. The course is available to graduates or graduands of another faculty of this or another approved university.
- There are no subject or faculty prerequisites for entry to the course but students must study law subjects in an approved sequence.

The following is an approved sequence of subjects for the three-year Bachelor of Laws course for graduates; other sequences may be approved in particular cases. The subjects listed are compulsory for students who began their course in 1981 and thereafter. Students who began their course before 1981 should consult the Handbook of the year in which they commenced their law studies for the compulsory subjects which apply to them.

Hours per week

		1100	3 pc.	****
		S1		S2
Year 1				
90.112	Legal System—Torts	4		4
90.141	Contracts	4		4
90.161	Criminal Law	4		4
90.216	Constitutional and			
	Administrative Law	4	Of	4
90.621	Law, Lawyers and Society	4	or	4
90.711	Legal Research and Writing	1		1
Year 2				
90.101	Litigation	4		4
90.301	Property and Equity	4		4
90.215 90.882	Federal Constitutional Law Law and Social Theory or	4	Of	4
90.832	Legal Theory	4	or	4

Law electives to the value of at least 6 credit points.*

Year 3

Law electives to complete degree requirements.

Bachelor of Laws Degree Course (Part-time)

4790

Bachelor of Laws

While it considers that full-time study of law is to be encouraged wherever possible, the University provides a part-time course for students unable to undertake full-time attendance. The course is only available to graduates and people over 25 who have achieved professional maturity of orughly equivalent nature. The course is not available to people who proceed direct from the Higher School Certificate. The course is of six years' duration and is for the LLB degree only. It involves attendance at the Kensington campus on two afternoons a week during the academic year.

The subjects of the LLB degree are set out in Rule 5, appearing later under Rules for Award of Degrees. However, it will not be possible to provide the full range of electives at times convenient to part-time students

Students must complete law subjects (including compulsory subjects) carrying 75 credit points. A typical structure for the part-time course is set out below.

The subjects listed are compulsory for students who began their course in 1981 and thereafter. Students who began their course before 1981 should consult the Handbook of the year in which they commenced their law studies for the compulsory subjects which apply to them.

		Hou S1	rs per	week S2
Year 1				
90.112	Legal System—Torts	4		4
90.161	Criminal Law	4		4
90.711	Legal Research and Writing	1		1
Year 2				
90.141	Contracts	4		4
90.216	Constitutional and			
	Administrative Law	4	or	4
90.621	Law. Lawyers and Society	4	or	4
Year 3				
90.101	Litigation*	4		4
90.301	Property and Equity	4		4
Year 4				
90.882	Law and Social Theory or			
90.832	Legal Theory	4	or	4
90.215	Federal Constitutional Law	4	or	4
Law elec	tives to the value of at least 6	credit	points	

Years 5 and 6

Elective law subjects to complete LLB requirements.

•If students wish to specialize by taking advanced electives in the field of business law they are strongly advised to take Business Associations 1 and 2 at this stage of their course instead of Litigation.

^{*} It students wish to specialize by taking advanced electives in the field of business law they are strongly advised to take Business Associations 1 and 2 at this stage of their course.

Examinations are usually held at the end of each session, but most of a student's assessment is based on work during the session.

The course satisfies academic requirements for admission to practice to the same extent as a full-time course. The course is not intended as an alternative for students in a position to undertake full-time study. Students may be admitted to the part-time course only if they have been able to satisfy the Faculty that their special circumstances preclude full-time study and that their previous experience and/or study make it appropriate to admit them to part-time study.

The number of students who can be accepted in the course will be limited. In selecting students for admission, the Faculty will have regard to all relevant circumstances, including academic performance, reasons for selecting this form of study, age, employment, circumstances of hardship, reason for seeking degree, and facilities for library work and study.

- 3. Students are required to obtain the approval of the Faculty of Law for their proposed program of non-Law subjects; the program should provide an integrated pattern of legal and non-legal studies.
- **4.** The non-law subjects shall include, unless otherwise approved, a major sequence of three subjects.
- 5. Students must satisfy any subject prerequisites (but not general faculty prerequisites) for subjects studied in other faculties. There are no general Faculty prerequisites to courses offered by the Faculty of Law but students must study Law subjects in a sequence approved by the Faculty of Law.

Bachelor of Jurisprudence Degree Course

4720

Bachelor of Jurisprudence

The Bachelor of Jurisprudence (BJuris), unlike the LLB degree, is not designed to provide a qualification for the professional practice of law. It provides a basic knowledge of law, an opportunity to study selected legal subjects of special interest, and significant study in other faculties of subjects relevant to an understanding of the working of the law. Various combinations of Law subjects and non-Law subjects are possible and a course may be moulded to meet various vocational ends, eg, for industrial officers or advocates, public servants, business executives, law librarians

Non-Law subjects make up approximately one-third of the course and are selected with regard to their relevance to legal studies.

The main features of the course are as follows:

- 1. The course is a three-year full-time course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Jurisprudence (BJuris).
- 2. The law subjects must include Legal System— Torts, Legal Research and Writing and Criminal Law (normally taken in first year), Constitutional and Administrative Law. Contracts and Legal Theory or Law and Social Theory.

^{*}The subjects listed are compulsory for students who began their course in 1981 and thereafter. Students who began their course before 1981 should consult the Handbook of the year in which they commenced their law studies for the compulsory subjects which apoly to them.

Rules for Award of Degrees

Rules Applicable to Candidates for the Degrees of Bachelor of Laws and Bachelor of Jurisprudence

1. (1) The Bachelor of Laws degree may be conferred on the completion of any of the following courses:

(a) a combined course leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Jurisprudence and Bachelor of Laws:

(b) a combined course leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Commerce and Bachelor of Laws;

(c) a combined course leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Laws:

(d) a combined course leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Laws;

(e) a course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Laws.

- (2) The courses set out in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of subrule (1) hereof are referred to in these rules as "combined courses", and shall be courses of full-time study of not less than five years' duration."
- (3) The course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Laws (otherwise than as part of a combined course) shall be either.

(a) a course of part-time and/or external study which (unless otherwise approved by the Faculty for special reasons) shall be of not less than six years' duration; or

- (b) a course of full-time study of not less than three years' duration, but no student shall be eligible to enrol in such course unless he or she is a graduate or graduand of any Faculty of the University or another university approved by the Faculty, or has other qualifications or experience deemed acceptable by the Faculty.
- 2. No person shall be permitted to enrol in any subject in the Faculty of Law at the same time as he or she is enrolled for any other degree or diploma in the University or elsewhere, except as may be necessary to complete the requirements of a combined course, or with the approval of the Faculty.
- Where, in these Rules, reference is made to the requirement that a candidate shall complete a subject, the requirement shall be construed as meaning that the candidate shall.
- (1) aftend such lectures, seminars, tutorials or other classes, and such court sessions, offices or institutions as may be prescribed in that subject, and maintain a satisfactory standard of preparation for and participation in such classes and activities.
- A candidate in a combined course who desires to take an Arts, Commerce or Science degree with Honouris must satisfy the requirements of the appropriate Fuculty and will not be able to complete the combined course in five years.

(2) perform satisfactorily in such exercises, essays, theses and other work (whether written, oral or practical) as may be prescribed in that subject and undertake any prescribed reading related to that subject; and

- (3) attain a satisfactory standard in the examination or examinations, and such other means of assessment of a candidate's results in that subject as the Faculty may prescribe.
- 4. The Faculty of Law shall specify a number of credit points in respect of each Law subject for which credit is given in the award of the degree of Bachelor of Jurisprudence or the degree of Bachelor of Laws (whether taken separately or as part of a combined course). On completion of the subject, a candidate shall be credited with the specified number of points.
- 5. (1) In the case of the Bachelor of Laws degree credit shall be given for the subjects set out in the following table, each of which shall, unless otherwise determined by the Faculty, carry the number of credit points (if any) specified opposite it.

Compuls	sory Subjects†	Credit Points
90.112	Legal System—Torts	6
90.711	Legal Research and Writing	3
90.161	Criminal Law	6
90.141	Contracts	6
90.216	Constitutional and Administrative Lav	v 3
90.215	Federal Constitutional Law	3
90.301	Property and Equity	6
90.101	Litigation	6
90.621	Law, Lawyers and Society	3
One of the	he following.	
90.832	Legal Theory	3
90.882	Law and Social Theory	3

Elective Subjects‡

	· ·	
90.102	Trial Process	3
90.103	Remedies	3
90.145	Advanced Studies in Torts	3
∽9 0.151	Family Law	3
90.1522	Families and Finances	2
90.1532	Children and the Law	2
90.172	Criminology	3
90.173	Criminal Justice System	3
90.174	Penology	3
90.1812	Law and Medicine	2
90.210	The High Court of Australia	3
90.221	Advanced Administrative Law	3
90.223	Communications Law	3
90.224	Mining Law	3
90.2322	Advanced Constitutional Law	2
90.2332	Comparative Constitutional Law	2

†The subjects listed are compulsory for students who began their course in 1981 and thereatier. Students who began their course before 1981 should consult the Handbook of the year in which they commenced their law studies for the compulsory subjects which apply to them.

‡The list is the complete list of all approved electives. The number of students that may take a particular elective may be limited.

Credit Points

90.2422	Local Government Law	2
90.262	Human Rights Law	3
90.271	Legislative Process	3
90.303	Trusts	3
90.305	Succession and Advanced Equity	3
90.321	Conveyancing and Land Transactions	3
90.341	Environmental Law	3
90.401	Business Associations 1	3
90.402	Business Associations 2	3
90.4032	The Modern Corporation	2
90.424	Industrial and Intellectual Property	3
90.426	Regulation of Economic Activity	3
90.434	Trade Practices	3
90.435	Insurance Law	3
90.437	Commercial Law A	3
90.438	Commercial Law B	3
90.439	Consumer Protection Law	3
90.444	Elements of Income Tax Law	3
90.445	Advanced Revenue Law	3
90.4462	Tax Policy	2
90.4512	International Trade	2
90.452	Foreign Investment	3
90.4612	Computers and the Law	2
90.4802	The Law of Banking	2
90.500	The Law of Employment	3
90.501	Trade Unions and the Law	3
90.502	Industrial Safety and Health Law	3
90.551	Settlement of Industrial Disputes -	3
90.5562	Advanced Labour Law	2
90.601	Law Journal	3
90.641	Legal History	3
90.651	Research Thesis: two sessions	6
90.652	Research Thesis: session 1	3
90.653	Research Thesis: session 2	3
90.6552	Research Dissertation; session 1	2
90.6562	Research Dissertation: session 2	2
90.682	Welfare Law	3
90.683	Housing Law	3
90.691	Discrimination and the Law	3
90.692	Aborigines and the Law	3
90.721	Clinical Legal Experience	3
90.801	Appellate Judicial Process	3
90.811	Social Control Through Law	3
90.8202	Economic Analysis of Law	2
90.831	Theories of Justice	3
90.832	Legal Theory	3
90.841	Comparative Law	3
90.842	Law in Developing Societies	3
90.853	Public International Law	3
90.8572	International Humanitarian Law	2
90.861	Conflict of Laws	2 3
90.881	Society and the Law	3
90.882	Law and Social Theory	3
90.900	Special Elective A	
90.901	Special Elective B	
and		

and

Any other subject specified by the Faculty

- (2) Such subjects shall be taken in a sequence approved by the Faculty.
- **6.** A candidate for the degree of Bachelor of Laws (whether taken as part of a combined course or as a separate degree) shall complete:
- (1) all of the subjects prescribed in Rule **5.** under the heading 'Compulsory Subjects'.
- (2) selected subjects from the subjects prescribed in Rule **5.** under the heading 'Elective Subjects' so as to comply with Rule **7.**
- (3) such Legal Research and Writing Programs, Prescribed Readings in Law, Moot Court Work and other work as the Faculty may require.
- 7. (1) A candidate for the degreee of Bachelor of Laws shall complete Elective Subjects prescribed in Rule 6. to the extent necessary to bring his or her total credit points for Compulsory and Elective Subjects to.
- (a) in the case of a candidate for the degrees of Bachelor of Arts/Bachelor of Laws, Bachelor of Science/Bachelor of Laws or Bachelor of Commerce/Bachelor of Laws 81
- (b) in the case of a candidate for the degrees of Bachelor of Jurisprudence/Bachelor of Laws 33
- (d) in the case of a part-time candidate for the Bachelor of Laws degree and a full-time candidate for the Bachelor of Laws degree who may have received standing for law subjects taken as part of a degree other than BJuris or LLB degree taken at this or another approved university ... 81
- (2) A candidate's choice of Elective Subjects shall require the approval of the Faculty
- (3) in the case of a candidate for the degrees of Bachelor of Commerce and Bachelor of Laws (Accounting, Finance and Systems), electives shall (unless specially approved in an exceptional case by the Head of the School of Accountancy) include Business Associations 1 and 2 and at least two other electives in the field of business law from a list approved each year formulated by the Head of the School of Accountancy in consultation with the Dean of the Faculty of Law.
- 8. A candidate for the Degree of Bachelor of Laws as part of a combined course shall not be eligible to receive that degree until he or she has completed the additional requirements applicable to the other degree in such combined course.

9. In the case of the combined course for the Degrees of Bachelor of Jurisprudence and Bachelor of Laws, the requirement for the award of the Bachelor of Jurisprudence degree shall be that, in addition to completing all requirements of the Bachelor of Laws degree (including Law subjects totalling not less than 93 credit points), the candidate has completed subjects in another Faculty or Faculties comprising unless specially approved by the Faculty a major sequence of three years' study plus one first year subject. Unless he or she obtains special permission from the relevant Head of School, a student shall be bound by any requirements as to subject prerequisites normally applicable to a subject in another Faculty.

A candidate shall obtain the approval of the Faculty of Law to his or her selection of subjects in other Faculties, and to the order in which he or she studies them. In approving such subjects, the Faculty shall have regard to the contribution the study of such subjects may reasonably be expected to make to the development of his or her capacity as a lawyer and understanding of the law.

- 10. The requirement for the award of the Bachelor of Jurisprudence degree shall be that the candidate has completed a course of full time study of not less than three years' duration consisting of.
- (1) Law subjects totalling not less than 45 credit points and including Legal System—Torts, Legal Research and Writing. Criminal Law, Constitutional and Administrative Law, Contracts and one of either Legal Theory or Law and Social Theory:
- (2) Subjects in another Faculty or Faculties comprising, unless otherwise approved by the Faculty, a major sequence of three subjects plus one first year subject.

A candidate shall obtain the approval of the Faculty of Law to his or her selection of subjects, and to the order in which he or studies them. In approving such subjects, the Faculty shall have regard to the object of providing an integrated program of legal and non-legal studies.

- 11. A student shall not be enrolled as a part-time student unless he or she satisfies the Faculty that his or her special circumstances preclude full-time study, and that his or her previous experience and/or study make it appropriate to admit him or her to part-time study for the degree of Bachelor of Laws as a separate degree.
- **12.** In these Rules, unless the contrary is indicated, 'the Faculty' means the Faculty of Law.

| The subjects listed are compulsory for students who began their course in 1581 and thereafter. Students who began their course before 1581 should consult the Handbook of the year in which they commenced their law studies for the compulsory subjects which apply to them.

Graduate Study

The University provides facilities for approved students to engage in advanced studies and research in Law leading to the award of higher degrees.

The degree of Doctor of Philosophy is available in the Faculty of Law (course 1730); this requires the completion of a program of research over a period of at least three years' full-time study and the preparation of a thesis.

Research may also be undertaken by approved students for the degree of Master of Laws (course 2440). An LLM degree by course work is currently under consideration by the Faculty of Law.

The conditions for the award of both the PhD and the LLM by research and full details of graduate scholarships available are set out below in the section Conditions for the Award of Higher Degrees.

Faculty of Law Graduate Enrolment Procedures

All students enrolling in graduate courses should obtain a copy of the free booklet *Enrolment Procedures 1983* available from School Offices and the Admissions Office. This booklet provides detailed information on enrolment procedures and fees, enrolment timetables by Faculty and course, enrolment in miscellaneous subjects, locations and hours of Cashiers and late enrolments.

Graduate Study

Conditions for the Award of Higher Degrees

First Degrees

Rules, regulations and conditions for the award of first degrees are set out in the appropriate Faculty Handbooks.

For the list of undergraduate courses and degrees offered see Disciplines of the University: Faculty Table (Undergraduate Study) in the Calendar.

Higher Degrees

Hi

The following is the list of higher degrees and graduate diplomas of the University, together with the publication in which the conditions for the award appear.

For the list of graduate degrees by research and course work, arranged in faculty order, see Disciplines of the University: Table of Courses (by faculty): Graduate Study in the Calendar.

For the statements Preparation and Submission of Project Reports and Theses for Higher Degrees and Policy with respect to the Use of Higher Degree Theses see the Calendar.

	The second secon		
	Title	Abbreviation	Calendar/Handbook
ligher Degrees	Doctor of Science	DSc	Calendar
	Doctor of Letters	DLitt	Calendar
	Doctor of Laws	LLD	Calendar
	Doctor of Medicine	MD	Calendar Medicine
	Doctor of Philosophy	PhD	Calendar and all handbooks
	Master of Applied Science	MAppSc	Applied Science
	Master of Architecture	MArch	Architecture
	Master of Archives Administration	MArchivAdmin	Professional Studies

Tatle	Abbreviation	Calendar/Handbook	
Master of Arts	MA(Hons)	Arts Military Studies	H
	MA	Arts	
Master of Biomedical Engineering	MBiomedE	Engineering	
Master of Building	MBuild	Architecture	
Master of the Built Environment	MBLnv	Architecture	
Master of the Built Environment			
(Building Conservation)			
Master of Business Administration	MBA	AGSM	
Master of Chemistry	MChem	Sciences*	
Master of Commerce (Honours)	MCom(Hons)	Commerce	
Master of Commerce	MCom	Commerce	
Master of Education	MEd	Professional Studies	
Master of Educational Administration	MEdAdmin	Professional Studies	
Master of Engineering	ME	Applied Science	
Master of Engineering		Engineering	
without supervision		Military Studies	
Master of Engineering Science	MEngSc	Engineering Military Studies	
Master of Environmental Studies	MEnvStudies	Applied Science	
Master of General Studies	MGenStud	General Studies	
Master of Health Administration	MHA	Professional Studies	
Master of Health Personnel Education	MHPEd	Calendar†	
Master of Health Planning	MHP	Professional Studies	
Master of Industrial Design	MID	Architecture	
Master of Landscape Architecture	MLArch	Architecture Law	
Master of Laws by Research	LLM MLib	Professional Studies	
Master of Librarianship Master of Mathematics	MMath	Sciences*	
Master of Nursing Administration	MNA	Professional Studies	
Master of Optometry	MOptom	Sciences*	
Master of Paediatrics	MPaed	Medicine	
Master of Physics	MPhysics	Sciences*	
Master of Psychology	MPsychol	Sciences‡	
Master of Public Administration	MPA	AGSM	
Master of Safety Science	MSafetySc	Engineering	
Master of Science	MSc	Applied Science	
Master of Science		Architecture Engineering	
without supervision		Medicine	
		Military Studies	
		Sciences*‡	
Master of Science (Acoustics)	MSc(Acoustics)	Architecture	
Master of Science and Society	MScSoc	Sciences*	
Master of Science (Biotechnology)	MSc(Biotech)	Sciences‡	
Master of Science (Building)	MSc(Building)	Architecture	
Master of Science (Industrial Design)	MSc(InaDes)	Architecture	
Master of Science (Psychology)	MSc(Psychol)	Biological Sciences	
Master of Social Work	MSW	Professional Studies	
Master of Statistics	MStats	Sciences*	
Master of Surgery	MS	Medicine	
Master of Surveying	MSurv	Engineering	
Master of Surveying			
without supervision			

Graduate Study: Conditions for the Award of Higher Degrees

	Tille	Appreviation	Calendar/Handbook
	· · ·		
	Master of Surveying Science	MSurvSc	Engineering
	Master of Town Planning	MTP	Architecture
Graduate Diplomas	Graduate Diploma	GradDip DipFDA	Applied Science Architecture Engineering Sciences‡ Sciences*
		DipEd DipIM-ArchivAdmin DipIM-Lib	Professional Studies
	*Faculty of Science		
	†Professoriai Board		
	‡Faculty of Biological Sciences		

Doctor of Philosophy (PhD)

1. The degree of Doctor of Philosophy may be granted by the Council on the recommendation of the Professorial Board to a candidate who has made an original and significant contribution to knowledge and who has satisfied the following requirements:

Qualifications

- 2. A candidate for registration for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy shall:
- (1) hold an honours degree from the University of New South Wales: or
- (2) hold an honours degree of equivalent standing from another approved university; or
- (3) if the candidate holds a degree without honours from the University of New South Wales or other approved university, have achieved by subsequent work and study a standard recognized by the Higher Degree Committee of the appropriate faculty or board of studies (hereinafter referred to as the Committee) as equivalent to honours; or
- (4) in exceptional cases, submit such other evidence of general and professional qualifications as may be approved by the Professorial Board on the recommendation of the Committee.
- 3. When the Committee is not satisfied with the qualifications submitted by a candidate, the Committee may require the candidate, before being permitted to register, to undergo such examination or carry out such work as the Committee may prescribe.

Registration

- **4.** A candidate for registration for a course of study leading to the degree of Doctor of Philosophy shall apply to the Registrar on the prescribed form at least one calendar month before the commencement of the session in which registration is to begin.
- 5. Subsequent to registration the candidate shall pursue a program of advanced study and research for at least six academic sessions, save that:
- (1) a candidate fully engaged in advanced study and research for the degree, who before registration was engaged upon research to the satisfaction of the Committee, may be exempted from not more than two academic sessions:

Law

- (2) in special circumstances the Committee may grant permission for the candidate to spend not more than one calendar year of the program in advanced study and research at another institution provided that the work can be supervised in a manner satisfactory to the Committee;
- (3) in exceptional cases, the Professorial Board on the recommendation of the Committee may grant permission for a candidate to be exempted from not more than two academic sessions.
- **6.** A candidate who is fully engaged in research for the degree shall present for examination not later than ten academic sessions from the date of registration. A candidate not fully engaged in research shall present for examination not later than twelve academic sessions from the date of registration. In special cases an extension of these times may be granted by the Committee.
- 7. The candidate shall be fully engaged in advanced study and research, save that:
- (1) the Committee may permit a candidate to undertake a limited amount of University teaching or outside work which in its judgment will not interfere with the continuous pursuit of the proposed course of advanced study and research;
- (2) a member of the full-time staff of the University may be accepted as a part-time candidate for the degree, in which case the Committee shall prescribe a minimum period for the duration of the program;
- (3) in special circumstances, the Committee may, with the concurrence of the Professorial Board, accept as a part-time candidate for the degree a person who is not a member of the full-time staff of the University and is engaged in an occupation which, in its opinion, leaves the candidate substantially free to pursue a program in a school* of the University. In such a case the Committee shall prescribe for the duration of the program a minimum period which, in its opinion, having regard to the proportion of the time which the candidate is able to devote to the program in the appropriate University school* is equivalent to the six sessions ordinarily required.
- 8. Every candidate shall pursue a program under the direction of a supervisor appointed by the Committee from the full-time members of the University staff. The work, other than field work, shall be carried out in a school* of the University save that in special cases the Committee may permit a candidate to conduct the work at other places where special facilities not possessed by the University may be available. Such permission will be granted only if the direction of the work remains wholly under the control of the supervisor.
- 9. Not later than two academic sessions after registration the candidate shall submit the topic of research for approval by the Committee. After the topic has been approved it may not be changed except with the permission of the Committee.**
- A candidate may be required by the Committee to attend a formal course of appropriate study.

^{*}Or department where a department is not within a School.

[•] As a general rule subject to special circumstances, the supervisors of full-time and part-time PhD candidates shall, within 2 or 4 sessions respectively of the candidate's registration as a PhD candidate, submit to the Higher Degree Committee of Faculty a special report on the candidate's progress in general, and also upon a substantial piece of written work of the candidate forming part of or relating to the approved thesis topic.

Thesis

- 11. On completing the course of study every candidate must submit a thesis which complies with the following requirements:
- (1) the greater proportion of the work described must have been completed subsequent to registration for the PhD degree;
- (2) it must be an original and significant contribution to the knowledge of the subject:
- (3) it must be written in English except that a candidate in the Faculty of Arts may be required by the Faculty on the recommendation of the supervisor to write the thesis in an appropriate foreign language:
- (4) it must reach a satisfactory standard of expression and presentation.
- 12. The thesis must present the candidate's own account of the research. In special cases work done conjointly with other persons may be accepted, provided the Committee is satisfied on the candidate's part in the joint research.
- 13. Every candidate shall be required to submit with the thesis a short abstract of the thesis comprising not more than 350 words.

The abstract shall indicate

- (1) the problem investigated;
- (2) the procedures followed:
- (3) the general results obtained;
- (4) the major conclusions reached.

but snall not contain any illustrative matter, such as tables, graphs or charts.

14. A canoidate may not submit as the main content of the thesis any work or material which has previously been submitted for a university degree or other similar award.

Entry for Examination

- 15. The candidate shall give in writing two months' notice of intention to submit the thesis.
- **16.** Four copies of the Inesis shall be presented in a form which complies with the requirements of the University for the preparation and submission of higher degree theses. The candidate may also submit any work previously published whether or not such work is related to the thesis.
- 17. It shall be understood that the University retains the four copies of the thesis submitted for examination, and is free to allow the thesis to be consulted or borrowed. Subject to the provisions of the Copyright Act, 1968, the University may issue the thesis in whole or in part, in photostat or microfilm or other copyring medium.
- 18. There shall normally be three examiners of the thesis appointed by the Professorial Board on the recommendation of the Controllee, at least two of whom shall be external to the University.
- 19. At the conclusion of the examination such examiner shall submit to the Committee a concise report on the ments of the thesis and shall recommend to the Committee that.
- (1) The candidate be awarded the degree without further examination; or
- (2) the candidate be awarded the degree without further examination subject to minor corrections as listed being made to the satisfaction of the head of the school*; or
- (3) the candidate be awarded the degree subject to a further examination on questions posed in the report, performance in this further examination being to the satisfaction of the Committee, or

^{*}Or department where a department is not within a School

- (4) the candidate be not awarded the degree but be permitted to resubmit the thesis in a revised form after a further period of study and/or research; or
- (5) the candidate be not awarded the degree and be not permitted to resubmit the thesis.
- 20. If the performance at the further examination recommended under Rule 19. (3) is not to the satisfaction of the Committee the Committee may permit the candidate to re-present the same thesis and submit to a further oral, practical or written examination within a period specified by them but not exceeding eighteen months.
- 21. The Committee shall, after consideration of the examiners' reports and the reports of any oral or written or practical examination, recommend whether or not the candidate may be admitted to the degree
- 22. A candidate shall be required to pay such fees as may be determined from time to time by the Council

1. The degree of Master of Laws may be awarded by the Council on the recommendation of the Higher Degree Committee of the Faculty of Law (hereinafter referred to as the Committee) to a candidate who has demonstrated ability to undertake research by the submission of a thesis embodying the results of an original investigation.

Master of Laws (LLM)

2. (1) An applicant for registration for this degree shall have been admitted to an appropriate degree in the University of New South Wales or other approved tertiary institution at a level approved by the Committee.

Qualifications

- (2) In exceptional cases an applicant may be permitted to register as a candidate for the degree by submitting evidence of such academic and professional attainments as may be approved by the Committee.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of these conditions the Committee may require an applicant to demonstrate fitness for registration by carrying out such work and sitting for such examinations as the Committee may determine.
- **3.** (1) Unless otherwise approved, an application to register as a candidate shall be made on the prescribed form with the Registrar at least one month before the commencement of the session in which the candidate desires to commence registration.

Registration

- (2) In every case before permitting an applicant to register as a candidate the Committee shall be satisfied that adequate supervision and facilities are available.
- (3) A candidate shall enrol in one of the following categories:
- (a) student in full-time attendance at the University;
- (b) student in part-time attendance at the University;
- (c) student working externally to the University.
- (4) Every candidate shall be required to undertake an original investigation on the topic approved by the Committee. The candidate may also be required to perform other work as may be prescribed by the Committee. The Committee shall determine the maximum period of registration.*

As a general rule subject to special circumstances, full time and part-time candidates for the LLM degree must submit, within 1 or 2 sessions of registration respectively, a substantial piece of written work forming part of or relating to the approved thesis topic. If this work is unsatisfactory or not forthcoming, then the Committee will review the candidate's registration.

Gracuate Study: Conditions for the Award of Higher Degrees

- (5) The progress of the candidate shall be reviewed annually by the Committee on the recommendation of the Dean of the Faculty and as a result of such review the Committee may terminate the candidature.
- (6) No candidate shall be considered for the award of the degree until the lapse of three complete sessions in the case of full-time candidates or four complete sessions in the case of part-time or external candidates from the date from which registration becomes effective.
- (7) Notwithstanding clause **3.** (5) above, the Committee may approve remission of up to one session for full-time candidates and two sessions for part-time or external candidates.

Thesis

- **4.** (1) A candidate shall give in writing two months' notice of his intention to submit his thesis and such notice shall be accompanied by the appropriate fee.
- (2) Every candidate for the degree shall be required to submit three copies of a thesis embodying the results of the original investigation referred to in 3. (4). The thesis shall be presented in a form which complies with the requirements of the University for the preparation and submission of higher degree theses.
- (3) The thesis must present the candidate's own account of his research. In special cases work done conjointly with other persons may be accepted, provided the Committee is satisfied as to the candidate's part in the joint research.
- (4) For each candidate there shall be at least two examiners appointed by the Professorial Board on the recommendation of the Committee, one of whom shall normally be an external examiner.
- (5) A candidate may be required to attend for an oral and/or written examination.
- (6) It shall be understood that the University retains the three copies of the thesis submitted for examination and is free to allow the thesis to be consulted or borrowed. Subject to the provisions of the Copyright Act, 1968, the University may issue the thesis in whole or in part, in photostat or microfilm or other copying medium.

Recommendation for Admission to Degree

5. Having considered the examiners' reports the Committee shall recommend whether the candidate may be admitted to the degree.

Fees

6. A candidate shall pay such fees as may be determined from time to time by the Council.

Subject Descriptions

Identification of Subjects by Numbers

A subject is defined by the Professorial Board as a unit of instruction approved by the University as being a discrete part of the requirements for a course offered by the University.

Each approved subject of the University is identifiable both by number and by name as this is a check against nomination of subject other than the one intended.

Subject numbers are allocated by the Registrar and the system of allocation is based on the following guidelines:

- The authority offering the subject, normally a School of the University, is indicated by the number before the decimal point.
- 2. Each subject number is unique and is not used for more than one subject title.
- **3.** Subject numbers which have not been used for some time are not used for new subject titles.
- **4.** Graduate subjects are indicated by a suffix 'G' to a number with three digits after the decimal point. In other subjects three or four digits are used after the decimal point.

Subjects taught are listed in full in the handbook of the facuity or board of studies responsible for the particular course within which the subjects are taken. Subject descriptions are contained in the appropriate section in the handbooks.

The identifying numerical prefixes for each subject authority are set out on the following page.

Information Key

The following is the key to the information supplied about each subject listed \$1 (Session 1), \$2 (Session 2); \$F (Session 1) plus \$ession 2, ie full year). \$1 or \$2 (Session 1 or \$ession 2, ie choice of either session), \$S (single session, ie which session taught not known at time of publication). \$L (Lecture, followed by hours per week); \$T (Tutorial, followed by h

School, Department etc	Faculty		School, Department etc	Faculty
School of Physics	Science	41	School of Biochemistry	Biological Sciences
School of Chemistry	Science	42	School of Biotechnology	Biological Sciences
School of Metallurgy	Applied Science	43	School of Botany	Biological Sciences
School of Mechanical and	Engineering	44	School of Microbiology	Biological Sciences
Industrial Engineering		45	School of Zoology	Biological Sciences
School of Electrical Engineering and	Engineering	46	Faculty of Applied Science	Applied Science
Computer Science		47	Faculty of Engineering	Engineering
School of Mining Engineering	Applied Science	48	School of Chemical Engineering and Industrial Chemistry	Applied Science
School of Civil	Engineering	E0.	· ·	Arto
Engineering	-	50 51	School of English School of History	Arts Arts
School of Wool and Pastoral Sciences	Applied Science	52	School of Philosophy	Arts
Pastoral Sciences School of Mathematics	Salanaa	52	School of Sociology	Arts
School of Architecture	Science	54	School of Political Science	Arts
	Architecture	55	School of Librarianship	Professional Studies
School of Psychology School of Textile	Biological Sciences	56	School of French	Arts
School of Textile Fechnology	Applied Science	57	School of Drama	Arts
School of Accountancy	Commerce	58	School of Education	Professional Studies
School of Economics	Commerce	59	School of Russian	Arts
School of Health	Professional Studies	60	Faculty of Arts	Arts
Administration		62	School of History and	Arts
Biological Sciences	Biological Sciences	02	Philosophy of Science	Alto
School of Mechanical	Engineering	63	School of Social Work	Professional Studies
and Industrial Engineering Industrial Engineering)		64	School of German Studies	Arts
Department of Industrial Arts	Architecture	65	School of Spanish and Latin American Studies	Arts
School of Nuclear Engineering	Engineering	66	Subjects Available from Other Universities	
School of Applied Geology	Applied Science	68	Board of Studies in Science and Mathematics	Board of Studies in Science and Mathematics
Department of General	Board of Studies in	70	School of Anatomy	Medicine
Studies	General Education	71	School of Medicine	Medicine
School of Geography	Applied Science	72	School of Pathology	Medicine
School of Marketing	Commerce	73	School of Physiology	Medicine
School of Surveying	Engineering	, 3	and Pharmacology	didiid
Department of Organizational Behaviour	Commerce	74	School of Surgery	Medicine
School of Optometry	Science	75	School of Obstetrics	Medicine
Dentre for Biomedical	Engineering	70	and Gynaecology	Madiana
ingineering	Engineering	76 77	School of Paediatrics School of Psychiatry	Medicine Medicine
School of Building	Architecture	79	School of Community	Medicine
School of Town Planning	Architecture	, 0	Medicine	
School of Landscape with tecture	Architecture	80 81	Faculty of Medicine Medicine/Science/	Medicine Medicine
School of Food lechnology	Applied Science	85	Biological Sciences Australian Graduate School of Management	AGSM
Graduate School of the	Architecture	90	Faculty of Law	Law
Built Environment		97	Division of Postgraduate	Law
rofessonal Board		97	Extension Studies	

School of Law

90.101 Litigation

F Hpw4 C6

The rules of civil and criminal procedure and evidence and their respective functions. *Topics*: selected problems in pre-trial civil procedure, including choice of forum, commencement of proceedings, pleadings, exchange of information, attempts at settlement and amendments, pre-trial criminal procedure, including arrest, search and seizure, police interrogation and confessions, bail, and informations and indictments: the trial process with some procedurally oriented problems of evidence, such as the rules relating to the examination of witnesses, obtaining and disclosure of information, the burdens of proof, and presumptions; the major exclusionary and other principles of evidence, including some analysis of the philosophy of proof and probability theory, and problems associated with finality, enforcement of judgments, and appeals.

90.112 Legal System-Torts

F Hpw4 C6

The rules and concepts of the law of torts; their origins, growth and operation in the context of the legal system as a whole, relation to modern social conditions and their likely development in a changing society: principal institutions of the legal system involved in fashioning and applying the law of torts, in particular, the courts and the legislature, their role, operation and techniques; doctrine of precedent and statutory interpretation; alternatives to the civil action for damages against a tortfeasor as a means of protecting interests presently vindicated by the law of torts, and the nature and operation of institutions providing such alternatives. Topics: intentional injuries to the person, duty of care, breach of duty, causation and remoteness of damage. nervous shock, examples of the duty of care (occupiers' liability for premises, non-occupiers' liability for premises, employers' liability). statutory torts, defences, liability for damage caused by things. interference with land, interests in another's life and services, false statements affecting economic interest, loss distribution. Some of these topics are dealt with in outline only.

Where appropriate in the context of this study, materials on and discussion of the following matters occur institutions of the legal system, practice of precedent, law-making through the cases, theory of precedent, interpretation of legislation, reasoning of lawyers, sources of the law in Australia, legal history, the legal profession.

The subject is taught in conjunction with 90.711.

90.141 Contracts

F Hpw4 C6

The legal protection given to those who enter into promissory arrangements, eg those cases which explain mutual intention and consideration, both of which are necessary for the formation of an enforceable contract, the interpretation of contract terms and conditions, the effect of changed circumstances, misrepresentation, illegailty, privity and discharge. Remedies which the law provides for breach of contract. Readings provided which encourage students to examine the role of contract law in society from an historical and contemporary standpoint.

90.161 Criminal Law

F Hpw4 C6

The rationale for the existence of the criminal law; the system of criminal law as a means of solving social problems; the operation of the criminal justice system; the general principles of criminal liability with particular reference to the law of homicide; the major substantive offence categories other than homicide; the category of offences known as 'regulatory offences'. *Topics*. nature and limits of the criminal law; processes of the criminal law; murder and the general elements of crime; homicide apart from murder; mistake and criminal responsibility, general defences; non-fatal offences against the person; property offences; complicity, preliminary crimes; drug offences; public order offences; motor traffic offences.

90.212 Public Law 2*

S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

Prerequisite: 90.211.

See 90.215 Federal Constitutional Law

90.213 General Constitutional Law** S1 Hpw4 C3

The constitutional system that is the basis of governmental power in Australia. *Topics include*: legal relationships among British. Commonwealth and State governmental powers; relationships among legislative, executive and judicial agencies of government; procedural and other limitations on legislative power, the nature and force of Constitutions and of conventions; methods of constitutional change: parliamentary control of delegated legislation; separation of judicial power, access to governmental information, the protection of human rights in Australia.

90.214 Administrative Law**

S2 Hpw4 C3

Prerequisite: 90.213.

A comprehensive study of the principles and procedures which have been developed to permit review of administrative action by the courts and administrative trainmais. *Topics include*, natural justice; going beyond power; errors of law and the remedial law. A critical appraisal of the new administrative law introduced by the Australian government, and of other proposals for reform.

90.215 Federal Constitutional Law S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

Prerequisites: Either 90.213 and 90.214, or 90.216.

Federal constitutional law, stressing the legislative and executive powers of the Commonwealth and the judicial interpretation by the High Court of the extent of those powers, in particular, trade and commerce, foreign affairs, corporations, appropriation, grants and taxation powers, inconsistency of Commonwealth and State laws, freedom of interstate trade and commerce, excise and implied limitations on Commonwealth and State legislative and executive powers. Techniques and approaches adopted by the High Court in interpreting the Australian Constitution, and occasionally, federal executive power.

Further study of constitutional law may be undertaken in electives such as 90.2322 and 90.2332.

^{*}Taken only by students who began their courses prior to 1575

^{**}Taken only by students who began their courses in 15.75 or 1580. Offered only if there are sufficient enrolments.

90.216 Constitutional and Administrative Law S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

Principles of federal and State constitutional law and principles and procedures for review of administrative action.

Topics in constitutional law: relations between different governments (British and Australian. Commonwealth and State), between different areas of government (legislative, executive, administrative and judicial), and between the powers of governments and the rights of citizens.

Topics in administrative law delegated legislation; administrative decision-making; methods of review of administrative decision-making (the Ombudsman, judicial review on grounds of breach of natural justice, going beyond power, and errors of law), the new administrative law introduced by the Australian government, propositis for reform

90.301 Property and Equity

F Hpw4 C6

The basic principles of the law of property, transcending the traditional boundaries of real and personal property. For reasons of time and convenience, most topics are those usually considered under the rubric of 'real property'.

Enquiry into the meaning of the concepts of property and the purposes that are or ought to be fulfilled by the law of property. Some of the traditional concepts and classifications adopted by the common law in the content of the study of fixtures. The impact of the Commonwealth Constitution upon the law of property. Topics: possession as a proprietary interest in land and goods; some basic concepts such as seisin and title; the fragmentation of proprietary interests, including the doctrines of tenure and estates, an introduction to future interests: the development of legal and equitable interests, including a comparative treatment of their nature, extent and sphere of enforceability and an introduction to trusts; legal and equitable remedies; the statutory regulation of proprietary interests in land, including an examination of the Torrens and deeds registration systems and an introduction to conveyancing transactions, co-ownership, an introduction to security interests; the acquisition of proprietary interests; the alienability of interests including trusts for sale and the settled land legislation: commercial transactions involving leasehold estates in land and bailment of goods, private planning in relation to land by means of easements and restrictive covenants.

90.621 Law, Lawyers and Society S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

Part 1: The lawyer-client relationship, including who exercises control and the lawyers' duties to accept work, to keep client confidences, to act competently and to avoid conflicts of interest, the social implications of lawyers' professional behaviour.

Part 2: The adversary system of litigation and the lawyers' role therein, both generally and specifically as deferice counsel and as prosecutor in criminal cases.

Part 3: The structure of the profession and methods of regulation including discussion of the concept of professionalism, control of admission, discipline generally, conduct in court specifically, selection and control of the judiciary.

Part 4: Issues relating to the delivery of legal services, including advertising and solicitation by lawyers, specialization in lawyers practice, the structure and availability of legal aid, the regulation of lawyers' lees, the extent of the lawyers' monopoly and the role of non-lawyers

in delivering legal services

90.711 Legal Research and Writing F Hpw1 C3

The literature, both legal and non-legal, relevant to the law in Australia. The contents of a law library, how it works and is ordered and how lawyers go about using it to find the law. Practice in handling the printed legal materials in the law library. The problem faced by the legal adviser who wishes to obtain a total perspective on a problem, exploring all available avenues of redress before arriving at the remedial strategy appropriate to the case. It may be in the form of traditional civil or criminal proceedings, application to a tribunal for relief, involvement of a governmental department or agency empowered to act in the situation, or the delivery of health care or a social security or welfare service. The methods by which this discovery might be made. The methods and objectives of legal and empirical research and a guide to and practice in legal writing.

90.832 Legal Theory

S1 Hpw4 C3

Introduction to theoretical questions about the nature of law and legal systems, the relationship of law to morality and politics, the social functions and legitimate purposes of legal systems and processes. *Topics*: the nature and definition of law and the legal system; the relationship of law and morals, particularly the significance of the issuight distinction; the criteria for the evaluation of legal activity and law-affected behaviour, both at a general level and in relation to specific areas of legal intervention into social life; the nature of legal reasoning. Questions about the nature and adequacy of the enterprise of legal theory itself.

This subject (as an alternative to 90.882) forms part of the compulsory core of the LLB and BJuris degree courses with respect to students retering the Faculty in 1981 and thereafter. Students are required to take one of these two subjects to fulfil compulsory requirements and are permitted to take the other as an elective. For intakes earlier than 1981, it is an elective only.

90.882 Law and Social Theory

S2 Hpw4 C3

Introduction to theoretical questions, on the one hand about the role of legal systems in societies, and on the other hand about the role and importance of extra-legal, social, economic and political activities, institutions and developments in law. What is characteristic and distinctive about modernity in society and law. The ideas of leading social theorists and developments in major areas of law against the background of economic, historical, political and cultural characteristics of, and changes within, societies.

This subject (as an alternative to 90.832) forms part of the compulsory core of the LLB and BJuris degree courses with respect to students who entered the Faculty in 1981 and thereafter. Students are required to take one of these two subjects to fulfil compulsory requirements and are permitted to take the other as an elective. For intakes earlier than 1981, it is an elective only.

Electives*

Prerequisites for Elective Subjects

The Faculty has decided not to impose an elaborate set of subject prerequisites and co-requisites. The Faculty in effect prefers to maintain a flexible attitude toward admission to particular subjects and to the variety of pre-law study backgrounds of its many students. As the elective program is of its nature an advanced stage of the various courses, teachers pian their subjects and their teaching and assessment strategies on the general assumotion that students entering any particular elective have completed Legal System—Torts, Legal Research and Writing, Criminal Law, Contracts, Constitutional and Administrative Law and Property and Equity.**

Elective subjects for which specific prerequisites or co-requisites have been set are:

Subject

Trial Process Families & Finances Children and the Law Advanced Constitutional Law

Comparative Constitutional Law Business Associations 2 The Law of Banking Advanced Revenue Law Tax Policy International Trade Foreign Investment Advanced Labour Law

Prerequisite Litigation

Family Law
Federal Constitutional Law or
Public Law 2
Federal Constitutional Law or
Public Law 2
Business Associations 1
Commercial Law B
Elements of Income Tax Law
Elements of Income Tax Law

Commercial Law A

Law of Employment

Business Associations 1

Students in any doubt about their preparedness for any particular elective subject should be certain to speak to the Executive Assistant to the Dean well in advance of seeking enrolment in that subject.

90.102 Trial Process

S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

Prerequisite: 90.101.

The procedural, psychological and functional aspects of the process of litigation at the trial level, with particular reference to the operations of the lawyer therein. The ways in which facts are ascertained, assimilated, managed, and communicated to and through the oarticipants in litigation: client, witness, solicitor, counsel, adversary, judge and jury. The ways in which order and comprehensibility are brought to the chaotic and raw assembly of assertion, complaint and random narrative with which the lawyer is initially confronted, so that decisions, choices and actions are taken to serve the clients' best interests in the most persuasive manner.

Student participation in activities which simulate those in which the lawyer is involved in practice: interviewing (simulated interziews are video-taped and subjected to analytical discussion); pleadings (students draft pleadings with a view to understanding the technical aspects of pleading and their role in the litigation process). trials (students participate in trials as solicitor, counsel and witherss). The problems which advocates confront and the arts and skills which they bring to bear on their resolution are understood by direct involvement of students in the kinds of situations in which those problems arise

90.103 Remedies

S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

A study of the principal civil law remedies evolved by the common law and by equity. *Topics*: the relationship between common law and equitable remedies, damages, general considerations relating to equitable remedies; injunctions; specific performance; rescission; tracing remedies.

90.145 Advanced Studies in Torts

S2 Hpw4 C3

The law of forts at an advanced level. The concepts which determine which interests are legally protected, what conduct is regarded as socially unreasonable and when a court will afford a remedy in the form of an action for damages. Emohasis on a basic grounding in areas of fort law which, although rarely included in the curricula of basic torts courses, provide an important part of the protection which the legal system affords certain vital and highly valued interests; and in addition, it allows students to pursue in greater detail and at a more advanced level some areas of study included in the basic torts program (for students who entered the faculty in or after 1979 the basic torts program is provided by 90 112).

Loss distribution: joint vicarious and corporate liability; the impact of insurance on tort law. Accidents: compensation and rehabilitation; the future of accident law. Economic analysis of tort problems: empirical research on the operation of tort law in Australia. Protection through the law of torts of relational interests: recoulation; privacy. Protection through the law of torts of trading, business and other economic interests: The survival and extinction of causes of action. Protection through the law of torts of interests in personal property and landstrespass, conversion delinue.

90.151 Family Law

S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

The legislative and constitutional background to family law in Australia: the structure of the Family Court of Australia, including the place of counselling within the court, the establishment of formal family relationships including the regulation of marriage and the approach of the law to informal family relationships: adoption; the role of the law in family planning and population policy. State intervention into the family relationship, as with the withdrawal of children from parental custody.

The problems created by the breakdown of marriage and other family relationships require close reference to the principles established by the Family Law Act concerning divorce, custody and settlements of property. The Act governs the adjustment of inter-family disputes short of dissolution as well as the formal dissolution and reorganization of the family. A study of the Act includes an examination of the role of lawyers and others in the process of dissolution and reorganization. The subject encourages students to assess the actual impact of the law, and to work with interdisciplinary materials.

90.1522 Families and Finances

Hpw2 C2

Prerequisite: 90.151.

A foundation for legal practice and a critical examination of the operation of the legal system in a particular area.

Topics: 1. Matrimonial property and maintenance disputes concentrating on issues not explored in depth in Family Law, eg problems of enforcement, drafting maintenance agreements, involvement of third parties in family disputes.

Social security arrangements in so far as they relate to the family, eg widows' pensions, supporting parents' benefits, relationship of

^{*}At the time of publication detailed planning for 1983 has not been completed. Students should note that it may not be possible to ofter all electives as indicated Up-to-date information is contained in re-erroriment details issued to each student at the end of 1982 and in timetables published several weeks before the academic year begins in 1983. It may be necessary to limit the numbers of students which can be taken into a particular elective.

[•] These are the appropriate subjects for shiderits who began their courses in 1981 and thereafter. Students who began their courses before 1981 should consult the Handbook of the year in which they commerced their law studies for the compulsory subjects which apply to them.

these to Family Law Act proceedings.

- 3. Taxation issues, specifically related to breakdown of the family, but including some analysis of taxation policy in relation to the family.
- 4. Testator's family maintenance.
- **5.** Bankruptcy in so far as it relates to a competition between the creditors and the bankrupt's lamily.
- 6. The legal framework for the public and private support of children.
- 7. Superannuation arrangements affecting families.

Relationship between the systems of family law, taxation, social security and testator's family maintenance. Broader policy questions, such as those identified in the Finer Report (UK), the Henderson Report (Australia) and other studies including an analysis of community properly regimes and an assessment of their suitability for Australia.

90.1532 Children and the law

S2 Hpw2 C2

Prerequisite: 90.151.

Aspects of children's law not dealt with in Family Law. Not only the present law in Australia but also the historical development of laws relating to children, proposed reforms, and comparative material from other countries. The materials drawn on disciplines other than law (such as sociology, child development theory) so that legal developments can be related to the position of children in society and different perspectives on their rights and interests. Areas of practice relating to children's courts and in other courts and tribunals. The subject is intended both for students who are interested in legal practice relating to children, and those who wish to broaden their understanding of the legal system by a critical examination of how it operates in what is a controversibly a critical examination of how it operates in what is a controversibly and proposed proposed to the controversibly and proposed propose

There may be some variation in the topics to be covered, according to the interests of the particular teacher and students, but in general the subject deals with guardianship and the rights and responsibilities of parents; the concept of children's rights, child welfare laws, the application of the criminal law to children and the jurisdiction and procedures in children's courts; education, foster care, and other forms of alternative care.

90.172 Criminology

S1 Hpw4 C3

Some issues arising from the phenomenon of crime in the community. The conflict of values and power inherent in the notion of crime. Traditional and current explanations of crime and deviance. The subject is interdisciplinary and socio-legal materials are used. Topics include, social mechanisms for the maintenance of order, methods of dispute resolution, the problems of defining crime, deviance and delinquency, learning values, pyschological and sociological explanations of crime, theories of alienation and anomie, phenomenology and symbolic interactionism.

90.173 The Criminal Justice System S1 Hpw4 C3

The operation and main institutions of the criminal justice system. The materials are socio-legal in orientation; stress on process rather than legal rules. The historical, theoretical and political underpinnings of

the system. Its class nature and operation in the context of on-the-spot decision-making by criminal justice system personnel located within the broader structure and functions of the State apparatus.

Topics: preliminary theoretical issues, historical development of the criminal law, reporting crime, criminal statistics, the historical emergence and development of the police, police discretion, contemporary developments in policing, private and political police, plea bargaining, police interrogation methods and reform proposals, a political portrait of the judiciary, the phenomenology of the trial, reform in the criminal justice system.

Students who have completed 90.171 are not permitted to take this subject for credit.

90.174 Penology

S1 Hpw4 C3

An interdisciplinary course involving historical, sociological, political and legal materials. *Topics include:* theories of punishment and the sentencing powers and practices of the NSW criminal courts, the origins and development of prisons; the legal regulation of prisons: attempts to litigate prisoners' rights; the NSW Prisons Act, rules and regulations: the NSW Parole of Prisoners Act and the NSW Royal Commission into Prisons.

90.1812 Law and Medicine

S2 Hpw2 C2

Selected problems of a medico-legal nature presented in a way which enables the lawyer to handle legal problems of another discipline. *Topics*: typical medical case management both by the practitioner and hospital, problems of disability evaluation and rehabilitation, the application of forensic sciences to the settlement of disputes, the doctor as an expert witness, regulation and liability of those engaged in the nealth professions, oublic health regulation, medico-moral problems such as abortion and sterilization, legal problems of addiction and issues which arise as a result of innovations in medicone such as human experimentation, transplantation and anatomical diffs.

It is desirable that students have completed 90.112 or 90.142.

90.210 The High Court of Australia

Hpw4 C3

The role of the High Court of Australia as a legal, political and social institution in the framework of Australian government. *Topics include*: the relationship of the High Court to the other institutions of government, the relationship of the Court to other courts within the judicial system; the historical development of the Court and its distinctive leatures through different periods of that development; the Court's composition and internal workings, its style of legal reasoning, its contribution to the development of distinctively Australian law in selected areas and the place of its individual members in the Australian judicial tradition. The subject is divided broadly into four parts: 1, the structure and operation of the Court. 2, the Court's role and record in public law; 3, the Court's role and record in private law; and 4, an analysis, building on the earlier parts, of issues relating to the judicial process in the Court.

90.221 Advanced Administrative Law S2 Hpw4 C3

Builds upon the administrative law topics covered in the compulsory part of the curriculum. Content varies from year to year because of the need to deal with contemporary problems, and a corpus of law which is ever more subject to reform both by legislation and by judicial decision-making. In some areas a comparative approach is taken to expose the many solutions possible in the search for administrative.

justice. The core of the subject is in the fields of judicial and tribunal review of administrative action. Topics may also include: contracts and torts of the Grown and other public authorities; ombudsmen, delegated legislation, freedom of information, and public corporations.

90.223 Communications Law

S1 Hpw4 C3

The statutory and common law controls over mass media and telecommunications in Australia. Matters likely to engage the skills of lawyers rather than pure theoretical analysis or law for journalists. Among the general legal issues considered in the particular communications context are: economic regulation and protectionism; licensing law and policy, legal provision for technological change; regulation of corporate control, and self-regulation. Topics may be roughly divided into two main groups:

- Defamation: contempt of court and parliament, rights of court reporting; restrictions on the content of printed and electronic media, including voluntary industry codes as well as law strictly so called.
- 2. Electronic media: the operation of the commercial and public station licensing system; planning powers; ownership and control of stations; the extent of relevant Commonwealth powers; spectrum and frequency allocation; the regulation of programs; the structure and function of the statutory authorities concerned with broadcasting and telecommunications, domestic law affecting satellite communication, videotex, cable and pay-TV media.

Students who have completed 90.222 are not permitted to take this subject for credit

90.224 Mining Law

S1 Hpw4 C3

The framework of regulation for mining in Australia and also the possible legal structures that might be used in establishing a natural resources project. The legal questions that arise in the financing of such a project. The subject focuses on New South Waies which, like other States, has extensive legislation relating to the mining industry. This entails, however, substantial treatment of Federal regulation in the areas of foreign investment, export control, exchange control, Aborigines, uranium and off-shore exploration and mining Constitutional problems arising from the Federal/State relationship. The revenue, environmental and international trade aspects of minerals projects in Australia, Policy questions raised by these matters.

90,2322 Advanced Constitutional Law How2 C2

Prerequisite: 90.215 or 90.212.

Topics are determined from time to time by students in consultation with their lecturer. Students are permitted to choose topics which interest them and pursue those topics in depth either individually or in small groups. The basic framework is federal constitutional law, though special interests outside this area may be catered for. Taught on a seminar basis; ie, each student presents a research paper on his or her topic to the rest of the class for discussion.

Students who have completed 90.231 are not permitted to take this subject for credit.

90.2332 Comparative Constitutional Law Hpw2 C2

Prerequisite: 90.215 or 90.212.

Compares the operation of some major institutions and doctrines of constitutional law in Australia, the United States, Britain, Canada and India, *inter alia*, with a view to understanding how those doctrines and

institutions have developed and presently operate, and what Australia might learn from the experience of other countries. Reference to other countries, such as France, the USSR, West Germany and Japan, whenever possible. Three unequal parts: 1. comparative study of the constitutional set-up in the countries mentioned, and the operation in them of some major institutions and principles of constitutional law; 2. student-led seminars (adopting a comparative framework) of topics important in those countries, including judicial (and other) review of legislative and executive activity, national regional financial relations, teletralism and devolution: relations between legislature and executive, and between Houses of the legislature; the role of the judiciary, emergency powers: civil libreties; and constitutional reform; 3. erview of important similarities and dissimilarities among the various constitutions, the reasons therefor, and what can be learned therefore.

Students who have completed 90.255 are not permitted to take this subject for credit.

90.2422 Local Government Law

S2 Hpw2 C2

Local government as a particular example of the role of government in general in providing public goods; policy questions such as the optimal size of local jurisdictions in terms of efficiency and political responsibility, and legal and administrative comparisons with specialist statutory authorities such as county councils and central government departments and corporations; the law governing formal structure of local authorities, elections, servants, meetings, control of corruption; the range of council powers and duties in providing local public goods and the rules which govern their provision by compulsory acquisition, revenue raising by rating (including land valuation), and the management of public property; introduction to councils role in land use and environmental control through subdivision, zoning, building and public health regulation and the licensing system in this area; aspects of remedial law special to local government, actions by and against councils.

Students who have completed 90.241 are not permitted to take this subject for credit.

90.262 Human Rights Law

Hpw4 C3

Study of measures developed for the protection of human rights within Australia and comparable jurisdictions and in international law, and the growing links between Australian and international human rights law. Topics include: the promotion of human rights in historical perspective; the constitutional status of human rights in Australian law; the moral and legal effect of international instruments such as the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the human rights provisions in the UN Charter; the 1966 Covenants (on Economic Social and Cultural Rights, and on Civil and Political Rights) and their implementation in Australia, the development of the principle of self-determination in international law, and its possible relevance to Australian Aborigines; the International Convention on The Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination and its application in Australia; the evolution of new international human rights conventions; Australian Human Rights legislation and the work of particular Australian agencies such as the Human Rights Commission and anti-discrimination bodies, Alternative strategies for encouraging compliance with human rights law including coercive measures not involving the use of armed force (such as economic sanctions), and the methods adopted in the European Convention on Human Rights, and the 1966 Covenants on Human Rights.

90.271 Legislative Process

Hpw4 C3

Study of the Australian legislative and policy-making processes. Case studies of the initiation, passage, administration and reform of

regislation, stressing the role of Cabinet and the administration; parliamentary procedures and the scope for parliamentary review, including the operation of committees; the impact of the judicary; lobbying and mechanisms for public participation. Students encouraged to pursue research projects of current relevance in order to gain practical experience of the policy-making process.

90.303 Trusts

S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

The nature, history and classification of trusts, the use of trusts in modern law, express private trusts; purpose trusts, discretionary and protective trusts; the creation and variation of private trusts; resulting and constructive trusts; charitable trusts; the significance of charitable status, powers and duties of trustees; liability of trustees for breaches of trust.

This subject provides a useful introduction to 90.305 which develops a number of themes which are raised by a consideration of the law of trusts.



90.305 Succession and Advanced Equity

S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

The law governing succession to property on death including the rules relating to wills, administration of assets, Testator's Family Maintenance and intestate succession. Equitable doctrines relating to the administration of estates, including equitable fraud, undue influence, marshalling, satisfaction, ademption, performance, the rule in *Strong Bird*, and *donationes mortis causa*. Although the rules of equity constitute a theme common to both this subject and 90.303, there is no significant overlap between them. Students interested in both the law of trusts and the law of estates should do both subjects: in that event it is preferable to do Trusts first.



Conveyancing and Land Transactions

S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

The law of vendor and purchaser stressing the standard form contract of sale of land in use in New South Wales. Aims to benefit those intending to practise at the bar in the property and equity area as well as those who will be involved with conveyancing work as solicitors. Topics: whether a binding contract of sale exists, the requirements of the Statute of Frauds, exchange of contracts, proper preparation of the contract of sale, detailed examination of the standard Law Society approved contract of sale, old system conveyancing, Strata Title conveyancing, the law concerning notices to complete and other remedies available to vendor and purchaser.

90.341 Environmental Law S2 Hpw4 C3

Statutory and common law regulation of access to use of natural resources, and the theories and policies underlying such responses. The focus is upon land, water and air, involving a detailed treatment of pollution and land use control, attempting to draw out the techniques (for example, licensing and standards setting) which are common attempts at legal control of resources. Emphasis is on the law as it operates in practice. Students are encouraged to take an interest in ongoing environmental debates. Specific attention to the part played by the exercise of political and administrative discretion in this field, the tension which exists between the various levels of government and the potential role of public participation in the decision-making process.

90.401 Business Associations 1 S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

The principal forms of association available for the carrying on of business in association. The law of partnership and basic company law.

Some of the law affecting unincorporated non-profit associations. While much of the law studied applies to large as well as small enterprises, the policy, arrangements and law of relevance to smaller scale business and areas more commonly encountered by lawyers are stressed Areas of law principally of significance for public companies and the securities industry are dealt with in 90.402

Partnership law: the nature of partnerships; other forms of association contrasted; internal and external relations of partners, partnership property; changes in the constitution of partnerships and their dissolution.

Company law: introduction to the history and development of the field. Topics: 1, the constitution and formation of registered companies, 1c review of the principal leatures of companies with special attention to the managing organs and share capital: 3, the separate legal personality of companies and limited liability. 4, classes of shares, the law on the issue, maintenance and reduction of capital: 5, the relation of companies to outsiders, including the law on pre-incorporation contracts, ultra vires, informal corporate acts, contracts made on behalf of companies and liability of companies in tort and crime: 6, the law affecting internal relations within companies, including the contract in the memorandum and articles, the division of power within the company, appointment and removal of directors, directors' and controllers' duties and remedies with respect to fraud, oppression and unfair treatment of shareholders. Class rights.

90.402 Business Associations 2

S2 Hpw4 C3

Prerequisite: 90.401

Areas of company law and securities regulation not covered in 90.401, and particularly those of relevance to larger enterprises including public companies. Students who wish to complete a comprehensive study of company law and securities regulation are advised to take this subject in addition to 90.401.

General introduction to corporate financing decisions and the structure of, and institutions operating within the capital market. The securties market and stock exchanges and the goals and development of securities regulation. The national companies and securities scheme.

Topics: 1, aspects of corporate finance not dealt within 90.401; review of the range of corporate financing instruments, their features and methods of issue. 2, public offers; promoters' duties; the law on prospectuses; offers of interest; share-hawking; 3, debentures, charges and priorities; 4, takeovers and reconstructions; 5, continuing disclosure accounts, reports to the markets, disclosure of share interests. 6, corporate distributions; 7, regulation of the securities industry; the stock exchanges, persons conducting business in the industry competition in the industry; 8, regulation of securities trading; insider trading, short-selling and manipulation; 9, corporate crime: enforcement, investigations; 10, public policy issues raised by large modern corporations

90.4032 The Modern Corporation

S2 Hpw2 C2

The evolution of the distinctively 'modern' business corporation as a response to shifts in the political, social and economic conditions of modern capitalism. Selected problems in the internal structure of corporate government and in the external regulation of corporate behaviour (including the divorce of ownership from control, managerialism, the in corporate decision-making, and the consequences of multinational enterprise). Aims to construct a coherent legal theory of the large publicity-held corporation and to identify any reforms necessary to bring company law into conformity with its modern environment.

90.424 Industrial and Intellectual Property

S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

Areas of the law relating to concepts of intangible property including the law of patents, trademarks, copyright, confidentiality and passing off. The issues involve an area of the law which is of increasing importance to those engaged in commerce and industry.

90.426 Regulation of Economic Activity S2 Hpw4 C3

Theories, economics and politics of regulation. The role of competition policy, the case of exemption, Regulation viself-regulation, Regulatory reform. Selected case studies in economic regulation.

Students who have completed 90,433 are not permitted to take this subject for credit.

90.434 Trade Practices

S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

Utilizing a transactional approach, the subject analyses the competitive process and the extend to which departures from composition should be regulated. Focus is put on the Trade Practices Act and the decisions of the Trade Practices Commission, the Trade Practices Tribunal and the Federal Court thereunder. Comparative American. English and EEG decisions in the trade practices area are considered.

90.435 Insurance Law

Hpw4 C3

Basic principles of insurance law. Topics: 1. Historical development, definition and classification of insurance: 2. Basic insurance theory probability, uncertainty, difficulties of assessing risk, loss distribution; 3. Principles of insurance law insurable interest, indemnity, good latth, subrogation, contribution: 4. Insurance contracts: formation average warranties and conditions cover, claims, brokers and agents.



90.437 Commercial Law A

S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

Ams, with 90.438, to provide an introduction to principal areas of commercial law of refevance to legal practice. *Topics*: 1, the law on sale of goods. 2, an introduction to consumer protection: 3, an introduction to the law on consumer credit, including policy problems raised by current law on debt recovery.

Students wishing to complete an introductory study of commercial law are advised to take 90.438. More advanced study of consumer protection is available in 90.439. Other areas of commercial law are dealt with in 90.451 and 90.480.

Students who have completed 90 431 are not permitted to take this subject for credit.

90.438 Commercial Law B

S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

Aims, with 90.437, to provide an introduction to principal areas of commercial law of refevance to legal practice. Topics: 1. bankrupicy, including the doctrine of relation back and voidable preferences. Bankrupicy is studied separately, though there is also some reference to the law of bankrupicy in the context of the study of secured transactions. 2. negolable instruments, including a study of commercial bills against the background of a description of the operation of the commercial bills and money markets. 3. secured transactions. Students are introduced to the law on securities over personal property including priorities. Reference is made to credit arrange-

ments in use in the distribution and sale of goods and services.

Students wishing to complete an introductory study of commercial law are advised to take \$0.437. Further study of negotiable instruments is included in 90.480. Other areas of commercial law are dealt with in 90.439 and 90.451.

Students who have completed 90.432 are not permitted to take this subject for credit.

90.439 Consumer Protection Law

S2 Hpw4 C3

Legislative strategies for the protection of consumers and the effect of this legislation upon marketers. The following protective strategies are considered: regulation of consumer contracts the imposition of informational requirements on persons dealing with consumers; the promulgation of standards with which goods and services have to comply; the licensing of persons dealing with consumers; the establishment of statutory funds against which consumers can claim; the creation of consumer tribunals and the establishment of consumer protection bureaux.

Students who have completed 90.436 are not cermitted to take this subject for credit.

90.444 Elements of Income Tax Law S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

Introduction, the policies served by taxation; the uniform tax system; the structure of the current Income Tax Assessment Act and its administration.
 The principal general concepts of the law of income taxation; the law on income and deductions as applicable to individuals, the trading stock provisions and tax accounting; concepts of

residence and source. **3.** An introduction to the taxation of partnerships, trusts and companies. **4.** The judicial interpretation of taxing statutes; policy questions concerning tax avoidance.

Students who have completed 90 442 are not permitted to take this subject for credit.

90.445 Advanced Revenue Law

S2 Hpw4 C3

Prerequisite: 90.444.

Areas of income tax law introduced in 90.444 in greater depth. Several areas of income tax law and other revenue law not touched on in the cartier subject. *Toucs* 1, taxation of partnerships, trusts and companies: 2, alienation of income; 3, isolated sales and arrangements within \$26(a): 4, tax avoicance—analysis of general, and specific, anti-avoidance legislation. 5, an introduction to aspects of international tax including some international tax agreements. 6, an introduction to the law of stamp duties.

Students should have completed 90.401 or be taking that course concurrently with 90.445. Students who have completed 90.443 are not permitted to take this subject for credit.

90.4462 Tax Policy

Hpw2 C2

Prerequisite, 90 444

Taxation policy in application to the Australian tax system. The goals of tax systems, relevant economic theory and the problems of defining a tax base. The character and incidence of the Australian tax system.

Features and functions of various kinds of tax, including wealth, inheritance, capital gains and consumption taxes of various types inheregovernmental aspects. Proposals and possibilities for reform Overseas comparison. Problems in the administration of the tax system, the role of the courts, discretions vested in the Commissioner of Taxation. The jurisprudence of docision-making in tax cases. Possibilities for reform of the decision making process.

90.4512 International Trade

S1 Hpw2 C2

Prerequisite: 90:437

The law of international trade including law of international sales with particular reference to floib, and clift, contracts, uniform laws on international sales, the effect of government regulations on international contracts for the sale of goods, the law affecting the carriage of goods by sea and the financing of international trading transactions.

90.452 Foreign Investment

S2 Hpw4 C3

Prerequisite: 90.401.

the legislative and administrative machinery established to regulate oriect foreign investment in Australia, in particular the Foreign Investment Review Board, the Foreign Takeovers Act and the Foreign Exchange Regulations as administered by the Reserve Bank of Australia. The system of regulation in the context of its economic constitutional and political origins. The taxation structure as it relates to direct foreign investment and some treatment of direct foreign investment in overseas countries by Australian investors. Proposats for the regulation of transnational corporations at a national level by individual governments, at a regional level by groups such as the Andean Pact, and at an international level by such organizations as the United Nations and the OECD.

90.4612 Computers and the Law S2 Hpw2 C2

The role of computers in the practice of law and in litigation. Applications in the fields of drafting legal documents, retrieving legal information, predicting legal decisions, and law office management. Repercussions in the law of evidence, tort, contract, crime, industrial and intellectual property, as well as privacy. An introduction to computer programming with emphasis upon legal tax manipulation.

90.4802 The Law of Banking

S1 Hpw2 C2

Prerequisite, 90 438

The law and practice of banking in today's society. Topics the function of banking, the regulation of banking, the relationship between banker and customer, payment and collection of cheques, modern payment systems, including electronic funds transfer systems.

90.500 The Law of Employment S1 S2 Hpw4 C3

A branch of the law which treats persons in their capacity as workers. The employer employee relationship with particular attention to the individual contract of employment on which that relationship rests, the legal concept of a 'worker', incidents of the employment relationship, the mutual rights and dulies of the employer and the employee; the rights and obligations of public employees incidents of the employer in relationship as regards third parties, the employer's liability to third parties, the employee's liability to

third parties towards the employment relationship, the termination of the relationship with particular reference to the discharge of the contract of employment by performance, by notice and for cause and the remedies for wrongful termination; the relationship between an individual contract of employment and the relevant Award or Industrial Agreement, the usual matters dealt with in Awards and Agreements with particular emphasis on job security and personal grievances; the special remedial procedures relating to public employment, social security aspects of employment, the legislation which is designed to protect wages, hours and various leave entitlements.

It is desirable that students have completed Contracts and Torts.

90.501 Trade Unions and the Law S2 Hpw4 C3

The functions of Trade Unions (including employer as well as employee organizations) in Australia, the legal regulation and control of their formation and activities, and the way in which their operations are affected by the common law as well as statute law. *Topics:* the problems of industrial association at common law, systems of registration and incorporation, problems involved in the formation of trade unions, their regulation through required rules and administrative and judicial supervision, functioning of trade unions as democratic institutions and the protection of rights of members, compulsory unionism, the right to join a trade union, and the legal capacity of trade unions within State and federal arbitration systems and in other dealings.

Comparison of State and federal systems of registration and of problems arising from the failure to co-ordinate the two systems. The way in which traditional forms of trade union activity collide with the common law in the fields of conspiracy and economic forts together with the union movement's claims for privileges or immunities and the extent to which these have been recognized in Australia and overseas. The substitution of control and pressure through arbitral administrative and judicial authorities including the consequences of the quasi-monopolistic position given trade unions under Australian arbitration legislation and its consequences. Major themes include the interrelationship between the development of Australian trade union law and the historically entrenched systems of compulsory arbitration, and the role of faw in regulating industrial power in the interests of community welfare and individual fiberty.

90.502 Industrial Safety and Health Law S2 Hpw4 C3

The law relating to compensation for work-related injuries and disabilities and to the regulation of safety standards in industry and of the processes and substances employed therein. Topics include: the employer's common law duty of care, the development and application of workers' compensation schemes: comprehensive no-fault compensation schemes and inquiries relating thereto in their application to industrial injuries and disabilities, existing protective legislation in Australia: a comparative survey of protective legislation in other countries and its effectiveness; proposals for amendment of protective legislation; individual rights under protective legislation; regulation of industrial safety and health under compulsory arbitration schemes; management and union initiatives in the fields of industrial safety and health. new problems in industrial safety and health.

90.551 Settlement of Industrial Disputes S1 Hpw4 C3

The techniques of settling industrial disputes in Australia and the legal oroblems associated with them. The position under both federal and State law, stressing the peculiarities and impediments imposed on the process by the division of constitutional power.

The handling of an industrial dispute from its genesis in industrial

dislocation or the deliberate formulation of claims, through the processes of negotiation, conciliation and agreement, or voluntary or compulsory arbitration. The problems associated with the development of solutions and their expression in awards and agreements, together with the problems associated with the interpretation and enforcement of awards and agreements. The major institutions of conciliation, arbitration and judicial endorsement. Comparisons with alternative systems of dispute settlement that exist in other countries or which have been suggested and to compulsory grievance procedures and other techniques designed to inhibit the development of disputes.

90 5562 Advanced Labour Law

Hpw2 C2

Prerequisite: 90 500

Advanced Labour Law is offered from time to time depending on availability of leaching resources. The theme varies, again in response to resources in 1990 an Advanced Labour Law elective was offered which included the following topics: the problems of having both State and federal regulation of industrial law, the constitutional basis to Australian industrial disputation, the impact of changing technology on patterns of trade union coverage, industrial disputation and employment. A comparative study of the following: industrial democracy, anti-discrimination machinery and legislation as it affects employment. The duties of Federal nations pursuant to ILO Conventions and the ratification of ILO Conventions, wages and incomes policies; employment security legislation and judicial responses thereto, redundancy.

Topics planned for future courses include: 1, specialized areas from the contract of employment eq. the distinction between termination and variation of the employment contract; tension created by a collision between the orders of the employer and the policy adopted by a trade union; statutory control and regulation of the employment contract, 2, specialized areas from the Australian system of industrial regulation, eg the meaning of 'the public interest' in industrial legislation; the problems in characterizing a dispute as 'justiciable'; management prerogatives, personal grievance procedures; productivity bargaining; bargaining in good faith; 3. comparative studies, eg the fundamental principles of Soviet labour law, the role of trade unions in a one-party state (eo Yugoslavia); labour and industrial law in developing countries; trade unions in Hong Kong and Japan. treedom of association in labour law; a comparison of the industrial conciliation and arbitration systems of Australia, New Zealand, Singapore and Malaysia.

90.601 Law Journal

C3

A student may be deemed, on the recommendation of the Dean and the Faculty Adviser to the Law Journal, to have satisfactorily completed this course on the basis of work done as editor of the University of New South Wales Law Journal.

90.641 Legal History

S2 Hpw4 C3

A core of introductory lectures together with a selection of seminars on a range of topics.

Topics: the history of legal institutions in England and Australia, the history of the legal profession and of law reform in the two jurisdictions and a study of the constitutional history of England and Australia. Seminars develop some of the themes and topics discussed during the introductory lectures and allow a selection to be made from the following topics: the history of persecution, eg witches, blacks, jews and women; comparative law topics, eg Roman Law, Soviet Law, USA constitutional Law, the history of the substantive law, eg crime and

tort, real property, contract, equity, commercial law; Australian legal history topics and a selection of miscellaneous topics including literature and legal history and the constitutional implications of the English Civil War.

90.651 Research Thesis: two-session elective*

90.652 Research Thesis: one-session elective* S1 C3

C6

90.653 Research Thesis: one-session elective* S2 C3

A Research Thesis project shall be approved by the School of Law if:

- a clearly defined project is presented; a thesis topic may be approved initially or at some subsequent stage. In the case of a group project a statement on the proposed division of work between members of the group must also be approved.
- 2. the student has an academic background in Law study sufficient to handle the subject matter of the thesis in an adequate manner.
- adequate supervision is available; supervision may be conjoint but at least one supervisor must be a full-time member of academic staff.

The School of Law may approve a Research Thesis but in doing so may limit its approval to a 3 credit point project. A student who has received approval for a 3 credit point project may be given subsequent approval to have his project transferred to a 6 credit point project (90.651). Similarly a student who has received approval for a 6 credit point project (90.651) may be given retrospective approval for transfer to a 3 credit point project.

Thesis

The Thesis must be typed on A4 bond paper and two copies must be prepared in a cover (spring back folder or bound). References may appear at the foot of each page or at the end of each chapter.

As a general rule the Thesis shall be a maximum of 12,000 words for a one session project or 20,000 words for a two session project.

Examination

Two examiners, one of whom may be the supervisor, shall be appointed for each Thesis by the School of Law.

The final date for submission of the Thesis shall be the last day of session for which the candidate is registered for the Thesis or such other date as the examiners may agree.

The result of the Thesis shall be graded High Distinction, Distinction, Credit, Pass or Fail. Examiners may require a candidate or group of candidates to attend an oral examination on the subject matter of the Thesis; examiners may require a Thesis to be re-submitted under such conditions as the examiners may determine.

90.6552 Research Dissertation

S1 C2

^{*}These electives permit selected students to obtain credit for approved research projects undertaken individually or in groups.

90.6562 Research Dissertation

S2 C2

A Research Dissertation project shall be approved by the School of Law if:

- a clearly defined project is presented, a dissertation topic may be approved initially or at some subsequent stage. In the case of a group project, a statement on the proposed division of work between members of the group must also be approved.
- the student has an academic background in Law study sufficient to handle the subject matter of the dissertation in an adequate manner, and this subject matter is closely related to a course which the student has taken or is taking.
- adequate supervision is available; supervision may be conjoint but at least one supervisor must be a full-time member of academic staff.

Dissertation

The Dissertation must be typed on A4 bond paper and two copies must be prepared in a cover (spring back folder or bound). References may appear at the foot of each page or at the end of each chapter.

As a general rule the Dissertation shall be a maximum of 8,000 words.

Examination

Two examiners, one of whom may be the supervisor, shall be appointed for each Dissertation by the School of Law.

The final date for submission of the Dissertation shall be the last day of session for which the candidate is registered for the Dissertation or such other date as the examiners may agree.

The result of the Dissertation shall be graded High Distinction, Credit, Pass or Fail, Examiners may require a candidate or group of candidates to attend an oral examination or the subject matter of the Dissertation; examiners may require a Dissertation to be resubmitted under such conditions as the examiners may determine.

90.682 Welfare Law

S1 Hpw4 C3

The role of social welfare and legal aid in dealing with inequalities in the distribution of community resources and in access to justice. The workings of the social security system, focusing on welfare rights and the appeals structure for people refused pensions or benefits. The delivery of legal aid services, not only in the Australian context but also in that of the USA and the UK. The subject is designed equally for the student interested in a possible career in legal aid practice as for students interested in a critical examination of the role of the law in effecting social changes.

90.683 Housing Law

S2 Hpw4 C3

Housing policy, tenancy law and practice, the provision of government housing and legal problems concerning the occupation of land with particular emphasis on the financially disadvantaged in the community. Residential tenancy problems, tenancy tactics. Housing Commission lettings, dealing with rent-controlled premises, tenancy retorm and government regulation of sub-standard housing

90.691 Discrimination and the Law

S1 Hpw4 C3

Discrimination in its legal, social, economic and political aspects. The philosophical foundations of anti-discrimination policies, discrimination y atterns in society, and the way the law helps to perpetuate such patterns. Legal mechanisms and agencies, particularly those in Australia, which seek to end or control discrimination and in particular the principles and doctrines which are applicable in this area of law For purposes of illustration, discrimination on the ground of sex stressed, but other grounds also considered (race, age, sexual preferences, marital status, religion, national origin, intellectual and physical handiona, colour).

90.692 Aborigines and the Law

S2 Hpw4 C3

Legal issues that have particular application to Aboriginal people Topics include questions of definition and identity, sovereignty, land rights, legislative power, recognition of customary law, criminal justice issues. Aboriginal legal aid, the use of civil law, aspects of antidiscrimination and human rights legislation, relevant principles and procedures in international law, and proposals for a Makarrata or Treaty. Reference is made to comparative law materials from comparable countries such as Canada, USA, New Zealand, Reference is also made to antiropological and other non-feat material.

90.721 Clinical Legal Experience

S1 S2 Hpw8 C3

Clinical legal education takes students out of the classroom and olaces them in a law practice. Students are required to attend the Faculty's clinic, the Kingsford Legal Centre, one day per week, where they participate in the lawyer/client relationship under the close supervision of experienced practitioners. Students gain experience and teaching in such matters as the interviewing and counselling of clients, the factual investigations necessary in litigation. Interviewing twitnesses, drafting pleadings and other documents, preparation for trial, the negotiation of agreements and settlements, and the conduct of a trial.

As well as attendance at the Kingsford Legal Centre the subject involves classroom leaching in which the work undertaken by students for particular clients is discussed and analysed. Introduction to the pressures and responsibilities of legal practice and an opportunity to assess the adequacy of the law as an instrument of social control.

The subject is offered in both teaching sessions and over the summer vacation.

90.801 Appellate Judicial Process

Differences between logical analysis and legal analysis in appollate judicial decision-making and the relation of these to common law growth. The role of language, of categories of illusory reference, and of the ratio decidendi of a case in permitting such growth. Selected materials, additional to the text book, embrace appellate decisions apparently following 'binding' precedents, as well as decisions purporting to 'depart' from these, mainly in the context of recent case law of the High Court of Australia, the Privy Council and the House of Lords.

96.811 Social Control through Law

How4 C3

S2 Hpw4 C3

Characteristic legal developments in the West in their contemporary social, economic, political and psychological contexts. Retrospective view of these correlations. The pressures bearing down on 20th century law and legal institutions, as manifest in leading modern statutes and cases in various fields. Theories about interaction of power, socio ethical conviction and law, as these influence stability, change, revolution and breakdown in legal ordering.

90.8202 Economic Analysis of Law

Hpw2 C2

The use of concepts of economics as a means of evaluating the appropriateness of legal rules. The concepts drawn from micro-economic theory (dealt with at a comparatively elementary level) and used to analyse existing and hypothetical legal rules within selected areas of law, such as property, tort, contract and crime. Prior training in economics is not essential for students taking the course.

90.831 Theories of Justice

S2 Hpw4 C3

The play in Western legal orders of historically given criteria of justice, involving identification of the principal criteria-types and the socio economic contexts in which each has lended to be influential in the creation or transformation of legal precepts. The subject is concerned with intellectual demonstrability as well as social effectiveness of criteria, but it is not an objective to demonstrate any particular criterion as 'the correct' criterion.

90.832 Legal Theory

S1 Hpw4 C3

For details, see 90.832 earlier in this section.

90.841 Comparative Law

S1 Hpw4 C3

Some of the principal legal systems of the world, and the advantages in looking at legal problems from a perspective broader than that of one's own legal system. Three parts, 1, an introduction to the Modern Civil Law, Roman, Hindu, Islamic and Marxist legal systems, wherever possible comparing them with the Common Law system, and with each other. The history and uses of Comparative Law, and a discussion of the manner in which the Civil Law and Common Law systems have interacted with the others, and with each other. 2, a more detailed study of the Civil Law system, through the medium of crimnal law and administrative law in Europe, especially France, against the background of the common law, 3, student-led seminars examining, comparatively, logics of world-wide concern, eg consumer protection, the role of the corporation in modern society, protection of civil liberties, judicial review of administrative action, and environmental protection.

90.842 Law in Developing Societies

Hpw4 C3

The changes taking place in the traditional legal systems of societies in Asia, the Pacific Basin and Africa. Changes from 'westernization' of the law by its codification, development of new dispute settlement forms, and the emergence of a 'western' trained legal profession. The legal systems of these societies have also been affected by major changes in social structure caused by mass migration to the cities. centralization of political authority and localization and nationalization of commercial activity. Few of the societies have been wholly successful in their adaptation of western law, most have resisted 'westernization' to some degree. The attempted integration of traditional and western legal forms. Topics: the nature and function of customary laws and customary dispute-settling institutions; the role of received western law and its distinctive methods of dispute settlement, and the measures taken by the relevant societies to incorporate this received law, to codify their customary laws and generally to reform their legal institutions; the changes to family and law; the role of the legal profession; and the problems of economic development. Aims to enable the Australian law student to have a more flexible approach to his/her own legal system. By understanding the variety of institutions in other societies, particularly in regard to informal methods of dispute settlement, the student is more able to perceive the reforms needed to the legal institutions of his or her own rapidly

changing society.

90.853 Public International Law

S1 Hpw4 C3

Principles of public international law. The nature and sources of international law, the relationship between international law and domestic law, international agreements, territorial and maritime jurisdiction, recognition of states and governments, immunities, international litigation, and the role of the United Nations in international law.

Students who have completed 90.851 are not permitted to take this subject for credit.

90.8572 International Humanitarian Law S1 Hpw2 C2

The inter-relationship and operation of certain provisions of international human rights and the humanitarian laws of war. Existing international law relating to the protection of refugees and displaced persons. In these rapidly evolving areas of international law and practice, a rare oportunity is provided to study law in the making.

Topics: the tour 1949 Geneva Conventions and their historical antecedents; the role of the Red Cross; the protecting powers system; problems of enforcement of humanitarian law, extension of humanitarian law to guerilla warfare; 1977 Protocols additional to the Geneva Convention, manufacture, stockpiling and employment of chemical, bacteriological and biological weapons; the role of the UN.

Refugee topics: problems of definition and eligibility status, admission and asylum, expulsion and non-retoulement; the role of the UNHCR; rescue of refugees at sea; principles of international solidarity and burden-sharing and the large-scale influx of refugees; comparative approaches of ASEAN countries; the OAU and Europe.

90.861 Conflict of Laws

S1 Hpw4 C3

The Conflict of Laws or Private International Law is a species of private law which deals with problems involving a foreign or an interstate element. The introduction of that foreign or interstate element necessitates an examination by a New South Wales court of three main issues: 1. Whether or not the court has jurisdiction to deal with the problem, and even if it does, whether or not it will assume jurisdiction. 2. If it has assumed jurisdiction the court must then ask itself what is the most appropriate law to apply to the problem before it. 3. Or, the court may have to decide whether or not to recognize and enforce a judgment of a foreign court or the court of another state. Those problems which involve interstate elements may be affected by provisions of the Commonwealth Constitution or by some federal legislation. Failing that, the solution to these interstate problems may call for an approach that is different to the solution of international problems simply on the basis that we are dealing with States of the same Commonwealth.

For the purposes of this subject the solutions that courts and legislatures have offered to such problems are examined in a few selected areas such as family law, contracts, torts and property. Wherever possible, emphasis is placed on the development of more appropriate solutions to treese problems.

90.881 Society and the Law

Hpw4 C3

An interdisciplinary subject run in conjunction with the School of Sociology for combined groups of Law and Sociology students. It is conducted through once-weekly student-led seminars. It aims to bring

to bear the perspectives of two quite different disciplines on particular subject-matter and to show now this can result in quite different perceptions and analyses. The Law students are required to distance themselves from the 'distinctively legal' and to view legal institutions as but one type of social institution, legal rules as but one kind of social norm and legal procedures as but one method of attempting to resolve disputes. Assumptions traditionally made by lawyers are scrutinized.

The different perspectives of the lawyer and the sociologist are considered by focusing on specific topics. These vary from year to year. In recent years they have included the family, property, issues relating to the distribution of wealth, the nature of conflict and dispute resolution techniques, and legal regulation of corporations.

90.882 Law and Social Theory

S2 Hpw4 C3

For details, see 90.882 earlier in this section.

90.900 Special Elective A

90.901 Special Elective B

Designed especially to enable visiting teachers with special interests in leaching or research to teach subjects not normally available in the elective program.

Financial Assistance to Students

The scholarships and prizes listed below are available to students whose courses appear in this handbook. Each faculty handbook contains in its Faculty Information section the scholarships and prizes available within the faculty. The General Information section of the Calendar contains a comprehensive list of scholarships and prizes offered throughout the University.

Scholarships

Undergraduate Scholarships

As well as the assistance mentioned earlier in this handbook there are a number of scholarships available to students. What follows is an outline only. Full information may be obtained from the Student Enquiry Counter, located on the Ground Floor of the Chancellery.

Unless otherwise indicated in the footnotes, applications for the following scholarships should be made to the Registrar by 14 January each year. Please note that not all of these awards are available each year.

Ponor	Value	Year/s of Tenure	Conditions
General			
Bursary Endowment Board*	\$150 pa	Minimum period of approved degree/ combined degree course	Merit in HSC and total family income not exceeding \$4000
Sam Cracknell Memorial	Up to \$3000 pa payable in fortnightly instalments	1 year	Prior completion of at least 2 years of a degree or diploma course and enrolment in a full-time course during the year of application, academic merit, participation in sport both directly and administratively, and financial need.

^{*}Apply to The Secretary, Bursary Endowment Board, PO Box 460, North Sydney 2060 immediately after sitting for HSC

Undergraduate Scholarships (continued)			
Dongr	Value	Year/s of Tenure	Conditions
General (contin	ued)		
Girls Realm Guild	Up to \$1500 pa	I year renewable for the duration of the course subject to satisfactory progress and continued demonstration of need	Available only to female students under 35 years of age enrolling in any year of a full-time undergraduate course on the basis of academic merit and financial need.

Graduate Scholarships

Application forms and further information are available from the Student Enquiry Counter, located on the Ground Floor of the Chancellery. Information is also available on additional scholarships which may become available from time to time, mainly from funds provided by organizations sponsoring research projects.

The following publications may also be of assistance 1. Awards for Postgraduate Study in Australia and Awards for Postgraduate Study Overseas, published by the Graduate Careers Council of Australia. PO Box 28, Parkville, Victoria 3052. 2. Study Abroad, published by UNESCO: 3. Scholarships Guide for Commonwealth Postgraduate Students, published by the Association of Commonwealth Universities:

Dorser	Value	Year/s of Tenure	Conditions
General			
University of New South Wales Postgraduate Scholarships		1-2 years for a Masters and 3-4 years for a PhD	Applicants must be honours graduates (or equivalent). Applications to Registrar by 31 October (30 November in special circumstances.
Commonwealth Postgraduate Research Awards	Living allowance of \$4620 pa.	degree	Applicants must be honours graduates (or equivalent) or scholars who will graduate with honours in current academic year, and who are domiciled in Australia.
Commonwealtn Postgraduate Research Awards	Other allowances may also be paid	1–2 years: minimum duration of course	Preference is given to applicants with employ- ment experience. Applicants must be graduates or scholars who will graduate in current academic year, and who have not previously held a Common- wealth Postgraduate Award. Applications to Registrar by 30 September. In special circum- stances applications will be accepted 30 November.

[&]quot;Available for reference in the University Library.

Graduate Scholarships (continued)

Donor	Va ue	Year/s of Tenure	Conditions
General (continued)			
Australian American Educational Foundation Travel Grant (Fulbright)*			Applicants must be graduates, senior scholars or post-doctoral Fellows. Applications close 30 September.
Australian Federation of University Women	Amount varies depending on award	Up to 1 year	Applicants must be female graduates who are members of the Australian Federation of University Women.
The Caltex Woman Graduate of the Year	\$16,000 over 2 years for further studies in USA, UK, Northern Europe or in special cases Australia. There are no special allowances for travel or accom- modation for mar- ried graduates	2 years	Applicants must be female graduates who will have completed a University degree of diploma this year and who are Australian citizens or have resided in Australia for at least seven years. Selection is based on scholastic and literary achievements, demonstrable qualities of character, and accomplishments in cultural and/or sporting/recreational activities. Applications close 30 September.
Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan	Varies for each country. Generally covers travel, living, fultion fees, books and equipment, approved medical expenses. Marriage allowance may be payable	Usually 2 years, sometimes 3	Applicants must be graduates who are Commonwealth citizens or British Protected Persons, and who are not older than 35 years of age. Applications close with Registrar by 30 September.
Sam Cracknell Memorial	Up to \$3000 ра		See above under Undergraduate Scholarships, General.
The English-Speaking Unior (NSW) Branch	\$5000		Applicants must be residents of NSW or ACT. Awarded to young graduates to further their studies outside Australia.
Gowrie Scholarship Trust Fund	\$3500 pa Under special circumstances this may be increased	2 years	Applicants must be members of the Forces or children of members of the Forces who were on active service during the 1935-45 War. Applications close with Registrar by 31 October.

^{*}Application forms are available from The Secretary, Department of Education, AAFF Travel Grants, PO Box 826, Woden, ACT 2606.

Graduate Scholarships (continued) Value Year/s of Tenure Conditions Donor General (continued) Candidates must be either: 1. Members of the Harkness Fellowships of Living and travel Between 12 to Australian or a State Public Service or semithe Commonwealth Fund of allowances tuition. 21 months government Authority. 2. Staff or graduate New York* and research students at an Australian university. 3. Individexpenses, hearth uals recommended for nomination by the insurance, book and equipment and Local Correspondents. The candidate will other allowances usually have an honours degree or equivalent. or an outstanding record of achievement, and for travel and study be not more than 36 years of age. Applications in the USA close early August. Stipend of \$4000 pa 1, sometimes Applicants must be British subjects and Aus-Frank Knox Memorial Fellowships at Harvard plus tuition fees 2 years tralian citizens, who are graduates or near graduates of an Australian University. University Approximately 2 years, may Unmarried male and female Australian citi-The Rhodes Scholarships | 4000 stg pa be extended for zens between the ages 15 and 25 who a third year have been domiciled in Australia at least 5 years and have completed at least 2 years of an approved university course. Applications close in early September each year.

Arts, Commerce, Law

Shell Scholarship in Arts

Rothmans Fellowships

1brswA

Approximately 4000 stg pa plus travelling expenses

\$140CO

2 years, sometimes 3

1 year, renewable up to 3 years

July.

Applicants must be Australian citizens, under 25 years of age with at least 5 years domicile in Australia and who are completing a full-time course in Law or a full-time honours course for Bachelor of Arts or Commerce. The successful candidate will attend a British University to pursue a higher degree. Applications close with the Registrar by 18 September.

The field of study is unrestricted. Applica-

ants must have at least 3 years graduate

experience in research. Applications close in

^{*}Application forms must be obtained from the Adstration representative of the fund, Mr. L. F. Hinde, Paserve Bank of Australia, Box 3947, GPO. Sydney, NSW 2001. These most be submitted to the Registrar by early August.

⁽Applications to Mr. H. McCredie, Secretary of the NSW Committee, University of Sydney, NSW 2006)

¹Applications to The Secretary, Rothinans University Engagner (Fund, University of Sydney, NSW 2006)

Prizes

Undergraduate University Prizes

Prizes which are not specific to any School are listed under General. All other prizes are listed under the Faculty or Schools in which they are awarded.

Information regarding the establishment of new prizes may be obtained from the Examinations Section, located on the Ground Floor of the Chancellery.

Donor/Name of Prize		Value \$	Awarded 'or
General			
Sydney Technical College Union A	ward	50.00 and medal	Leadership in the development of student affairs, and academic proficiency throughout the course
University of New South Wales Ali Association	umni	Statuette	Achievement for community benefit—students in their final or graduating year

Faculty of Law		
Allen, Allen and Hemsley	200.00	Best performance in \$0.500 Special Elective A/Mining Law
Corporate Affairs Commission	100.00	Best overall result in \$0.401 Business Associations 1
Freehilf, Hollingdale & Page	100.00 100.00	50,444 Elements of Income Tax 50,402 Business Associations 2
NSW Bar Association	200.00 100.00	90.101 Litigation Examination in Chief Cross Examination competition
NSW Law Society	100.00	90.321 Conveyancing and Land Transactions
Sir Alan Taylor	50.00	Academic proficiency in subjects common to Year 1 of courses leading to the award of the LLB or BJuris degree
The Sir Kevin Ellis	700.00	High degree of proficiency throughout combined BCom/LLB degree course
Spruson and Ferguson	100.00	Best overall result in 90.424 Industrial and Intellectual Property
Stephen, Jacques and Stephen Prize in Communications Law	100.00	Best overall result in 90.223 Communications Law
Stephen, Jacques and Stephen Prize in Constitutional and Administrative Law	150.00	Best overall result in 90.216 Constitutional and Administrative Law or 90.213 General Constitutional Law and 90.214 Administrative Law

Staff

Comprises School of Law.

Dean

Professor D. E. Harding

Chairman

Professor R. G. Nettheim

Executive Assistant to the Dean

M. T. Stone

Executive Assistant to the Head of School

N. S. Reaburn

Senior Administrative Officer

Pamela Jean Monk, BSc N.E.

Administrative Assistant

Jane Maree Trethewey, BAppSc Canberra C.A.E., DipEd N.S.W.

School of Law

Professor of Law and Head of School

Donald Edward Harding, BA LLB Syd., LLM Calif.

Visiting Professors

Martin Partington, BA LLB *Camb*.
Julius Stone, BA DCL *Oxf.*, LLM Hon. LLD *Leeds*, SJD *Harv*.

Visiting Fellow

John Edward Horace Brownie, QC, LLB Syd.

Professors of Law

Michael Rainsford Chesterman, BA LLB Syd., LLM Lond. Robert Garth Neitheim, AM Tufts, LLB Syd. Ronald Sackville, LLB Melb., LLM Yale, FASSA Ivan Anthony Shearer, LLM Adel, SJD Northwestern

Associate Professors

Mark Isaac Aronson, BJuris LLB Monash, DPhil Oxf.
Brian Thomas Brooks, BA Well., MA N.Z., LLM Cant., DipJur Syd.
Robert Alexander Hayes, LLB Melb., LLB Qld., PhD Monash
Krishna Mohan Sharma, MA LLM DipLabourLaws Raj.,
LLM SJD Harv.

Senior Lecturers

Mark Charles Armstrong, BA LLB Syd., LLM N.S.W.

John Basten, LLB Adel., BCL Oxf. Michael Leslie Blakeney, BA LLM Svd.

Brian Bromberger, LLB Melb., LLM Penn.

David Bentley Brown, LLB Auck., DipCrim Camb.

Terence Lionel Buddin, BA LLB Syd., BCL Oxf., LLM III.

Philip Newell Burgess, LLM Well.

Richard Colin Chisholm, BA LLB Svd., BCL Oxf.

Michael David Coper, BA LLB Syd., PhD N.S.W.

Malcolm David Farrier, LLB Lond., DipCrim Camb., LLM Col.

Richard Arthur Gelski, BA LLB Syd., LLM Lond.

Patricia Hyndman, LLM Lond., DipEd Br.Col.

Owen David Jessep, BA LLB Syd., PhD A.N.U.

Martin Evald John Krygier, BA LLB Syd., PhD A.N.U.

Jane Rue Levine, AB Duke, JD Chic.

Dirk John Meure, LLB *Tas.*, LLM *Sheff.* Norman Stephen Reaburn, LLB *Melb.*

Paul Murray Redmond, BA LLM Syd.

Stanley David Ross, BA C.U.N.Y., MA S.F. State, JD Calif.

Christopher John Rossiter, BA LLB Syd.

Michael Gerard Sexton, LLB Melb., LLM Va.

Alan Lee Tyree, LLB Well., MSc Ohio State, PhD Massey

David Weisbrot, BA C.U.N.Y., JD Calif.

George Graham Winterton, LLM W. Aust.

George Zdenkowski, BA LLB Syd.

Lecturers

Salahuddin Ahmed, BA LLB Dacca, LLM Lond,

Shenagh Barnes, LLM Svd.

Keven Hartley Booker, LLB W. Aust.

lan Malcolm Cameron, LLM Cant., DipEd Monash,

LRSM LTCL Lond.

Gary Alan Davis, LLB York, LLM Mich.

Regina Graycar, LLB Adel., LLM Harv.

Denis John Harley, BA LLM Syd., LLB Camb.

Catherine Marion Hetherington, BA LLB Auck., LLM Col.

John Warren Kirkwood, BA LLB Syd.

Robin Gay Lansdowne, BA LLB N.S.W.

Adrian Suzanne Merritt, BA Qld., LLB PhD A.N.U.

David John Neal, BA LLM Melb., MA Calif.

Neil Robert Rees, BJuris LLB Monash, LLM S.M.U., Dallas

Gerard Clyde Rowe, BA LLB MTCP Syd., LLM Yale

Steven Seidler, BA LLB Svd.

Margaret Therese Stone, BA Syd., LLB A.N.U., LLM Yale

Michael John Tilbury, LLB Lond., BCL Oxf.

Senior Research Assistants

Arthur Efren Garcia, LLB Madrid and Manila, LLM Syd.

Zena Sachs, LLB Syd.



The diliversity of New South Wales Rensington Campus 1963

Theatres

Biomedical Theatres E27
Central Lecture Block E19
Classroom Block (Western Grounds) H3
Rex Vowels Theatre F17
Keith Burrows Theatre J14
Main Building Theatrette K14
Mathews Theatres D23
Parade Theatre E3
Science Theatre F13
Sir John Clancy Auditorium C24

Affiliated Residential Colleges

New (Anglican) L6

Buildings

Shalom (Jewish) N9 Warrane M7 Applied Science F10 Architecture H14 Arts (Marven Brown) C20 Banks F22 Barker Street Gatehouse N11 Basser College C18 Biological Sciences D26 Central Store B13 Chancellery C22 Chemistry Dalton F12 Robert Heffron E12 Civil Engineering H20 Commerce (John Goodsell) F20 Dalton (Chemistry) F12 Electrical Engineering G17 Geography and Surveying K17 Goldstein College D16 Golf House A27 Gymnasium B5 House at Pooh Corner N8 International House C6 lo Myers Studio D9 John Goodsell (Commerce) F20 Kanga's House 014 Kensington Colleges C17 Basser C18 Goldstein D16 Philip Baxter D14

Main Building K15

Maintenance Workshop B13

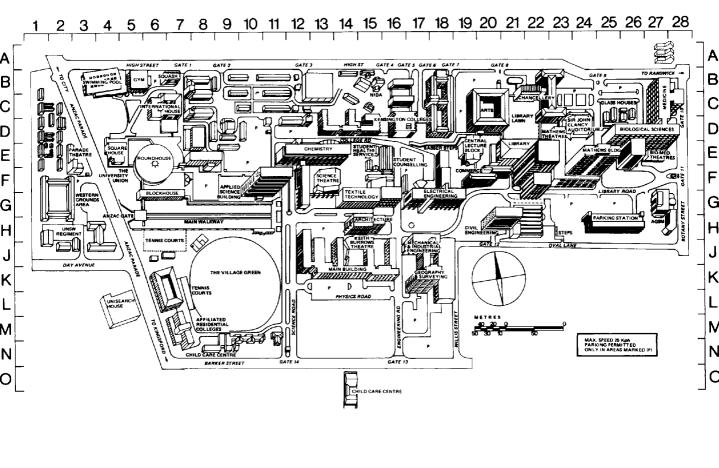
Mathews F23 Mechanical and Industrial Engineering J17 Medicine (Administration) B27 Menzies Library E21 Metallurgy E8 Morven Brown (Arts) C20 New College (Anglican) L6 Newton J12 Parking Station H25 Philip Baxter College D14 Robert Heffron (Chemistry) E12 Sam Cracknell Pavilion H8 Shalom College (Jewish) N9 Sir Robert Webster (Textile Technology) G14 Squash Courts B7 Swimming Pool B4 Unisearch House L5 University Regiment J2 University Union (Roundhouse)-Stage | E6 University Union (Blockhouse)-Stage II G6 University Union (Squarehouse)—Stage III E4 Wallace Wurth School of Medicine C27 Warrane College M7 Wool and Pastoral Sciences B8

General

Academic Staff Office C22 Accountancy F20 Admissions C22 Adviser for Prospective Students C22 Alumni and Ceremonials C22 Anatomy C27 Applied Geology F10 Applied Science (Faculty Office) F10 Architecture (including Faculty Office) H14 Arts (Faculty Office) C20 Australian Graduate School of Management G27 Biochemistry D26 Biological Sciences (Faculty Office) D26 Biomedical Library F23 Biotechnology D26 Bookshop G17 Botany D26

Building H14 Careers and Employment C22 Cashier's Office C22 Centre for Biomedical Engineering A28 Centre for Medical Education Research and Development C27 Centre for Remote Sensing K17 Chaplains E15a Chemical Engineering and Industrial Chemistry F10 Chemistry E12 Child Care Centres N8, Q14 Civil Engineering H20 Closed Circuit Television Centre F20 Commerce (Faculty Office) F20 Committee in Postgraduate Medical Education B27 Community Medicine D26 Computing Services Unit E21 Drama B10 Economics F20 Education G2 Electrical Engineering and Computer Science G17 Energy Research, Development and Information Centre B8b Engineering (Faculty Office) K17 English C20 Examinations C22 Fees Office C22 Food Technology F10 French C20 General Staff Office C22 General Studies C20 Geography K17 German Studies C20 Graduate School of the Built Environment H14 Health Administration C22 History C20 History and Philosophy of Science C20 Industrial Arts C1 Industrial Engineering J17 Institute of Languages G14 Institute of Rural Technology B8b Japanese Economic and Management Studies Centre G14 Kanga's House 014 Kindergarten (House at Pooh Corner) N8 Landscape Architecture H14 Law (Faculty Office) E21 Law Library E21

Librarianship F23 Library E21 Lost Property F20 Marketing F20 Mathematics F23 Mechanical Engineering J17 Medicine (Faculty Office) B27 Metallurgy E8 Microbiology D26 Mining Engineering K15 Music B11b National Institute of Dramatic Art C15 Nuclear Engineering G17 Off-campus Housing C22 Optometry J12 Organizational Behaviour F20 Pathology C27 Patrol and Cleaning Services F20 Philosophy C20 Physics K15 Physical Education and Recreation Centre (PERC) B5 Physiology and Pharmacology C27 Political Science C20 Postgraduate Extension Studies (Closed) Circuit Television) F20 Postgraduate Extension Studies (Radio Station and Administration) F23 Psychology F23 Public Affairs Unit C22 Regional Teacher Training Centre C27 Russian C20 Science and Mathematics Course Office F23 Social Work G2 Sociology C20 Spanish and Latin American Studies C20 Sport and Recreation E4 Student Counselling and Research E15c Student Health - F15b Student Records C22 Students' Union E4 Surveying K17 Teachers' College Liaison Office F15b Tertiary Education Research Centre E15d Textile Technology G14 Town Planning K15 University Archives C22 University Press A28 University Union (Blockhouse) G6 Wool and Pastoral Sciences B8a Zoology D26



This Handbook has been specially designed as a source of reference for you and will prove useful for consultation throughout the year.

For fuller details about the University — its organization, staff membership, description of disciplines, scholarships, prizes, and so on, you should consult the Calendar.

The Calendar and Handbooks also contain a summary list of higher degrees as well as the conditions for their award applicable to each volume.

For detailed information about courses, subjects and requirements of a particular faculty you should consult the relevant Faculty Handbook.

Separate Handbooks are published for the Faculties of Applied Science, Architecture, Arts, Commerce, Engineering, Law, Medicine, Professional Studies, Science (including Biological Sciences and the Board of Studies in Science and Mathematics), the Australian Graduate School of Management (AGSM) and the Board of Studies in General Education

The Calendar and Handbooks are available from the Cashier's Office.

The Calendar costs \$5.00 (plus postage \$1.00, interstate \$1.20).

The Handbooks vary in cost: Applied Science, Architecture, Arts, Commerce, Engineering, Professional Studies, and Sciences are \$3.00. Postage is \$1.00 in each case (\$1.20 interstate). Law, Medicine and AGSM are \$2.00. Postage is 60 cents in each case (70 cents interstate).

A set of books is \$32.00. Postage is \$2.00 (\$4.50 interstate). The General Studies Handbook is free. Postage is 60 cents (70 cents interstate).